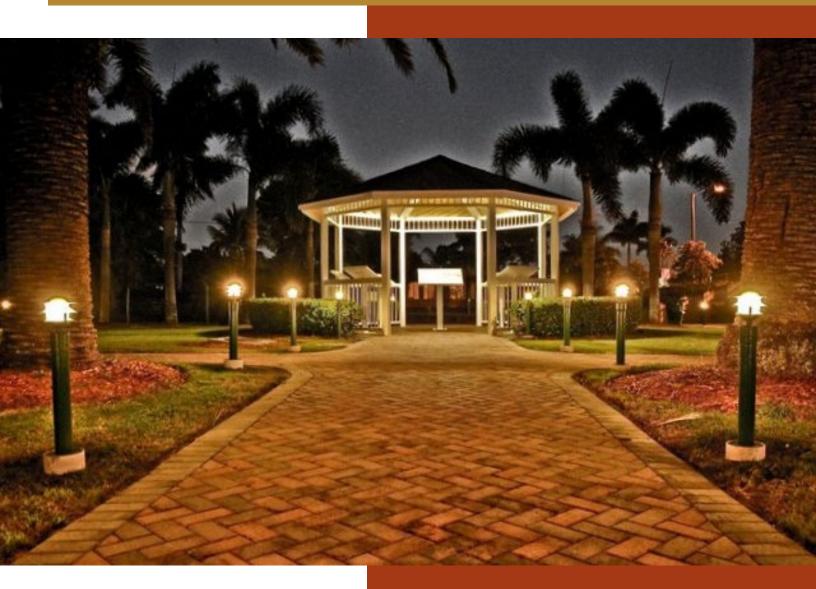
2015

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2015





OF THE CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Prepared by the Finance Department

Mary Beazley, Finance Director Kelly Diaz, Assistant Finance Director Jackie Chin-Kidd, Accounting Supervisor

ABOUT THE COVER

The photo on the cover is titled "Legacy Park" by Margate resident Pat Goonan. The photo showcases the beauty of the park's gazebo at night. Legacy Park is located at the corner of Margate Boulevard and West River Drive and is a small exhibit of the history of Margate. "Legacy Park" was submitted to the City as part of the Digital Photography Monthly Competition and was Mr. Goonan's second win.

Cover design: Alison Saffold, City Manager's Office

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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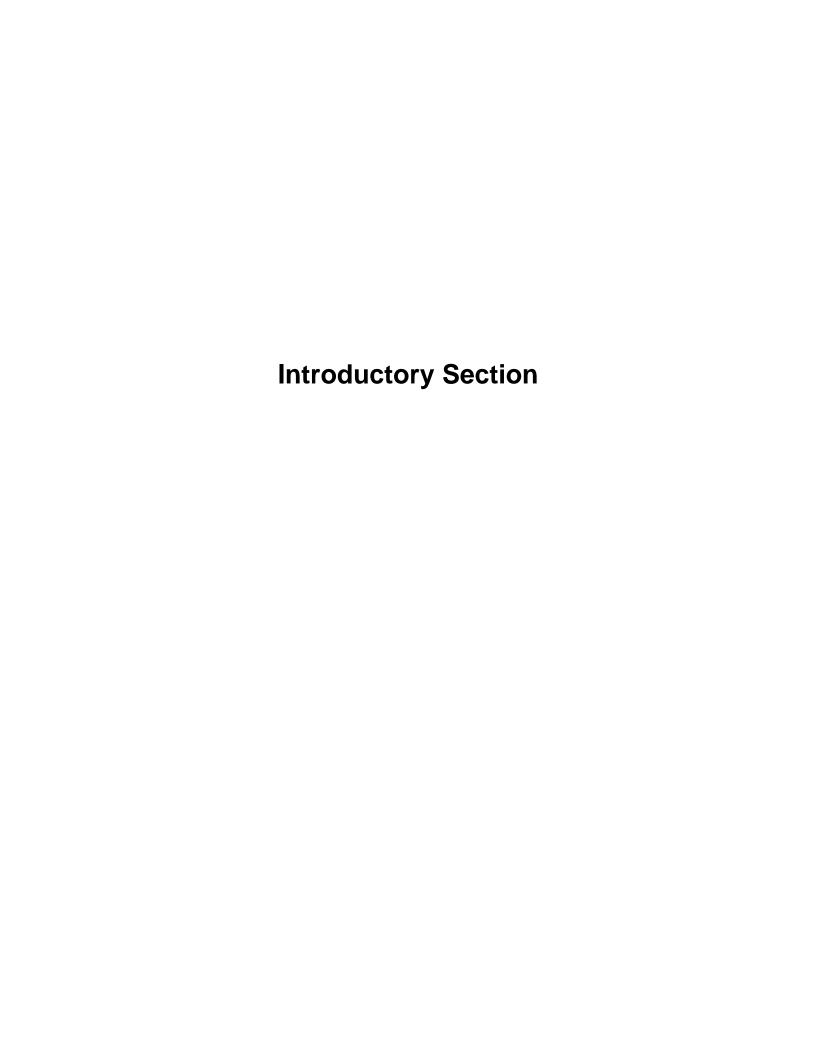
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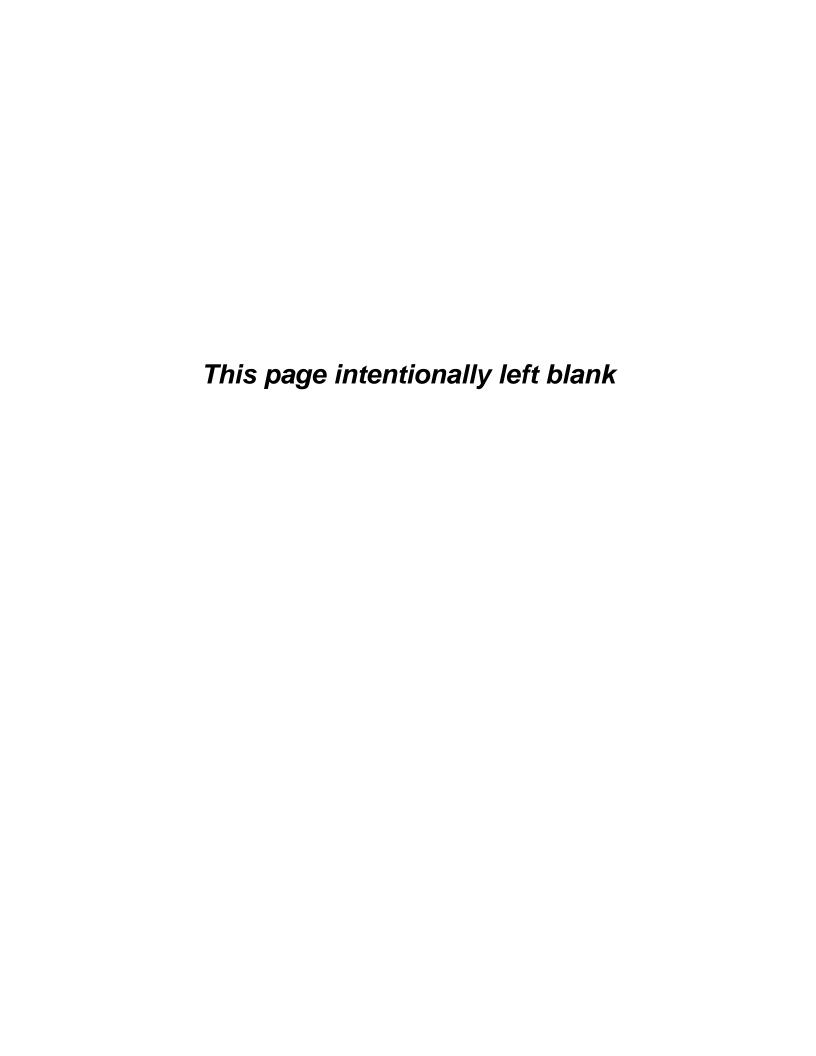
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CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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April 18, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Commission, and Citizens of the City of Margate

We are pleased to present the City of Margate's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of audited financial statements within nine months of the close of each fiscal year. The financial statements included in the report conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the financial operation and condition of the City. Responsibility for both the reliability of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh its benefit, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City of Margate.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. GLSC & Company, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have audited the City's financial statements and issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the City is subject to annual single audits in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984 amended by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. Information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and questioned costs, and auditor's reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the compliance section.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

City Commission

Mayor Tommy Ruzzano Vice Mayor Joyce W. Bryan Lesa Peerman Joanne Simone Frank B. Talerico

> City Manager Douglas E. Smith

City Attorney Eugene M. Steinfeld

City ClerkJoseph J. Kavanagh

Profile of the City of Margate

The City of Margate, (the "City"), was created as a municipal corporation by Chapter 30962, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1955, to be known as the Town of Margate. In 1961, the Town of Margate was incorporated as a City. The City is located in southeastern Florida in Broward County. It encompasses an area of approximately 9 square miles with a population of approximately 55,800. The U.S. Census Bureau lists a median household income of \$42,599.

The City operates under the City Commission/City Manager form of government. The City Commission consists of the Mayor, Vice Mayor, and three commissioners. The five commission members are elected at-large on a non-partisan basis for a four-year term. Effective with terms beginning November 2012, term limitations for City Commissioners are three consecutive four-year terms. The mayor is elected annually by the members of the City Commission for a one-year term, not to exceed two years in succession. The City Commission determines policy, adopts legislation, approves the City's annual budget, and hires the City Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the City Commission, overseeing the daily management of the City, and for appointing the City's department directors.

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, emergency medical service, water and wastewater services, stormwater services, recreation, public improvements, streets, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. This report includes all funds of the City. The City is financially accountable for two blended component units which consist of the City of Margate Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) and the Northwest Focal Point (NWFP) Senior Center. All component units are included as an integral part of the City's financial statements. Additional information on both of these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see pages 35 and 36 of this report).

The annual budget serves as the basis for the City's financial planning and control. All City departments are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. These requests are used as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the City Commission by August 15th of each year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them. The City Commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by September 30th of each year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for governmental funds for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The City Manager may approve transfers of appropriations within a department; however, transfers of appropriations between departments or funds require approval of the City Commission.

Local economy

The information presented in the financial statements may be better understood when it is considered from the broader perspective in which the City operates. The City of Margate is situated in the heart of South Florida, which consists of Broward, Palm Beach and Miami-Dade counties. Being centrally located in Broward County, Margate is easily accessible via Interstate 75, Interstate 95, Interstate 595, and Florida's Turnpike. It is only approximately twenty miles from the Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport and Port Everglades, one of the western hemisphere's most accessible deep-water seaports for cargo, cruise and trade ships. Major economic influences in the area, include housing, tourism/travel, job market, construction, tax reform, weather events, and various other items.

There are approximately 1,887 registered businesses in the City that range from small local stores and service companies, to national and international corporate headquarters. It is home to some major employers including Northwest Medical Center (954 employees), Global Response Corp (687), JM Lexus (450 employees), Broward County Schools (412 employees), and Walmart (300 employees).

Residential properties account for nearly 67% of the developed area of the City, with more than half of the housing units having been built in the 1970's or earlier. Margate has not been immune to the foreclosure crisis and currently has a 4% homeowner vacancy rate and 9% rental vacancy rate. The City has mitigated the effects of the foreclosure crisis through property maintenance ordinances, code compliance, and home purchase and rehabilitation by using federal, state, and county grant funding.

The local economy in Margate continues to show positive signs. The City's total taxable assessed value provided by the Broward County Property Appraiser of \$2.1 billion for FY 2015 is an increase of 6.9% from FY 2014. Property values continue to stabilize and slowly increase. However, property value levels still remain far below the level they were at prior to the economic downturn in 2008. Although the average municipal taxable value increased 10% for condominiums and 6% for single family homes between FY 2014 and FY 2015, overall assessed values of residential units in Margate remain below the Broward County average. In conjunction with an improving economy and accompanying increases in property values, there is a continuing decrease in the number of new foreclosures.

Two multi-family residential projects, known as Toscana Villas and Celebration Pointe, which will total 774 apartments units upon completion have continued through construction and the first wave of residents moved into Toscana at the end of 2015. Commercial development has also continued to improve throughout the City.

Construction continued on a number of non-residential projects including a 6,500 square foot retail outparcel building, 6,525 square foot medical office, 3,200 square foot commercial branch bank, two infill development buildings totaling 15,400 square feet, 92,983 square foot self-storage facility, and 27,000 square foot charter school with additional square footage for expansion.

In addition, new approvals were given for the construction of a new 7,500 square foot Dollar General store and accompanying 4,000 square foot retail buildings, as well as a new automated car wash. A previously vacated gasoline service station was given approval to reopen and is currently going through a major makeover.

The business community in the City of Margate continues to show signs of growth, by investing in itself. The City has seen an increase in construction projects aimed at improving the aesthetics and brand image of commercial properties, including major façade renovations, parking lot and landscaping improvements, and signage overhauls. These improvements promote a positive image for the City and assist both the public and private sector in attracting new residents and businesses to Margate.

The CRA continues to move forward with several projects. The Margate City Center is a 36 acre site assembled by the CRA for redevelopment purposes. It is centrally located in northwest Broward County near major regional roadways including State Road 7, Atlantic Boulevard, Coconut Creek Parkway, and the Florida Turnpike. Redevelopment of the site will include a mix of commercial and recreational features, as well as residential options to make Margate a community of choice for its diverse population and employee base. In July 2015, the CRA board considered two proposals for the redevelopment of the site, and selected a development team to partner with for the implementation of the City Center plan. The CRA also approved two \$25,000 grants to improve the facades of commercial buildings located at 2401-2403 N. State Road 7 (Tropical Development) and at 1917 N. State Road 7 (Giant Tire).

Long-term financial planning and relevant financial policies

The City has implemented a comprehensive investment policy to set forth the investment objective and the parameters for the management of public funds of the City. The policy is designed to safeguard the City's funds, ensure the availability of operating and capital funds when needed, and provide for an investment return competitive with comparable funds and financial market indices. The policy was established in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes which establishes investment plan guidelines for Florida local governments. The policy was approved on December 17, 2014 by resolution of the City Commission.

The investment policy permits investment of City monies in the Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida Prime), United States Government Securities, United States Government Agencies, United States Sponsored Agencies, Interest Bearing Time Deposit of Savings Accounts, Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes, Asset Backed Securities, Bankers' Acceptances, State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, Money Market Mutual Funds, and Intergovernmental Investment Pools.

All securities are purchased on a delivery-versus-payment basis which requires the City to have possession of the security before releasing funds. Investments securities are only purchased from Qualified Financial Institutions and investment institutions that are designated as Primary Securities Dealers by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Statement No. 54* – *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* which enhances the usefulness of fund balance reporting by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Fund balances classified as nonspendable are not in spendable form or are legally/contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are constrained for specific purposes imposed by external parties, law, or specific legislation; while committed fund balances are amounts constrained for specific purposes imposed by formal action of the City Commission. Assigned fund balances represent amounts intended to be used for a specific purpose with no formal constraints. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification of the General Fund and represents the net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

The City formally adopted by resolution a fund balance policy in September 2015. The policy defined the various components of fund balance and the City Commission delegated authority to the City Manager to assign fund balances as appropriate. The City Commission also committed \$1,060,302 of fund balance monies to be used for Citizen Project Initiatives which will remain committed until all these monies are spent. The policy also set forth that where expenditures are to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted, committed, assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The City is pursuing long-term economic growth through attracting new business, supporting and encouraging improvements to existing businesses, providing exceptional recreational and cultural opportunities, and building a positive image for the community where people can live, work, shop, and enjoy entertainment in one central location. The City will continue to work in cooperation with the CRA for development of the Margate City Center, and redevelopment of the surrounding area, with a futuristic vision for growth.

As of August 2015, the City's average unemployment rate was 5.1% which was lower than that of the State of Florida at 5.3%. The positive economic climate in Margate can be attributed to the foresight of the City Commission to have a well-planned City incorporating key components to ensure a positive quality of life for the residents, and an economically stimulating environment for businesses to prosper.

Tax reform legislation or Amendment 1, effective in October 2008, provided for an additional \$25,000 property tax exemption for homesteaded properties, portability of the Save Our Homes benefit, and a \$25,000 exemption on personal tangible property. Effective in November 2012, tax reform legislation or Amendment 2, provided that veterans disabled due to combat injury would receive a homestead property tax discount; Amendment 9, provided for the homestead property tax exemption for the surviving spouse of military veterans or first responders; and Amendment 11, provided for an additional homestead exemption to low-income seniors who maintain long-term residency. This legislation has impacted the City's current and future property tax revenues and is described in detail in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 44 of this report.

For fiscal year 2015, the City experienced an additional increase in property valuations as the slow economic recovery continues. The increase was approximately 6.9%, or approximately \$136 million, in municipal taxable property valuations based on total real property. The City's total millage of 7.3093 in FY 2015 decreased 0.25 mills from 7.5593 in FY 2014. The City continues to adjust to a weakened economy, while managing its resources effectively, to maintain the high quality of services that Margate's residents have come to expect and enjoy.

The City of Margate is an award winning community and has earned recognition for Playful City, USA; Tree City, USA; National Association of Town Watch's "National Night Out" Award Recipient, one of ten ISO Class 1 rated Fire Departments in Florida, and has won the award for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for more than twenty years.

Major Initiatives and transitions

- The City implemented a new performance measurement system, entitled "Measure Up Margate", designed to report on city-wide performance measures on a quarterly basis.
- In an effort to improve communication with residents and businesses in the City, the City launched a mobile application for smart phone devices, and continued enhancements of social media use.
- The City began development of the City of Margate Parks and Recreation Department's Master Plan, which will guide the direction, growth, and delivery of the City's parks and recreation services over the next five years and include a long-range visioning plan.
- Over the past five (5) years, the City has used reserves to help balance the budget.
 Budget savings were realized in areas, such as contracts, consultants, and other fees.
- In general, revenue sources continue to be affected negatively by the economic recession. The City decreased the total millage in fiscal year 2015 by 0.25 mills.

- The City conducted a full cost allocation plan study which identified the cost of indirect services provided by central service departments of the City utilizing actual expenditures for fiscal year 2013/2014. The plan is used to charge non general fund departments for indirect costs. The City also completed a review of return on investment (ROI) utility transfers to the general fund. These transfers are in addition to the cost allocation noted above. The return on investment transfer occurs when investment income is lost as a result of funds being invested in the utility instead of an alternative investment opportunity, as well as from the business or financial risks associated with owning a utility that provides service.
- The City completed various utility billing processing improvements during the year which consisted of utilizing financial services technology to improve efficiency and effectiveness of bill processing to electronically process payments. In addition, a new utility bill format was created providing customers with increased information about accounts and the option to receive bills electronically. Cash customers were also provided the opportunity to pay utility bills in person 24/7 through a third party provider.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Margate, Florida for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Special recognition is given to Kelly Diaz, Assistant Director of Finance, Sherry Walker, Controller, Jacqueline Chin-Kidd, Accounting Supervisor, Jackie Earll, Utility Accounting Manager, Sonja Fuller, Accountant, and Decia Smith-Burke, Budget Manager for their tremendous efforts and support. Sincere appreciation is also extended to the City's independent auditors for their guidance and patience in producing this report. In closing, due credit should be given to the Mayor and City Commissioners for their dedicated support and policy guidance for the operations of the City of Margate.

Respectfully submitted,

Douglas E. Smith City Manager

Mary Beazley Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Margate Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS **SEPTEMBER 30. 2015**

ELECTED OFFICIALS CITY COMMISSION

Joanne Simone Mayor **Vice Mayor Tommy Ruzzano** Commissioner Joyce W. Bryan Lesa Peerman Commissioner Frank B. Talerico Commissioner

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

CITY MANAGER Douglas E. Smith

CITY ATTORNEY **Eugene M. Steinfeld**

CITY CLERK Joseph J. Kavanagh

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Building, Director Mary Langley Economic Development, Director Environmental and Engineering Services, Director

Finance. Director Fire, Interim Chief

Human Resources, Director

Information Technology, Director Parks and Recreation, Director

Police, Chief

Public Works, Director

Northwest Focal Point Senior Center, Director

CRA, Director

Benjamin J. Ziskal, AICP, CEcD

Reddy Chitepu, P.E.

Mary Beazley

Dan Booker, MPA, EFO Jacqueline M. Wehmeyer,

SPHR, IPMA-CP

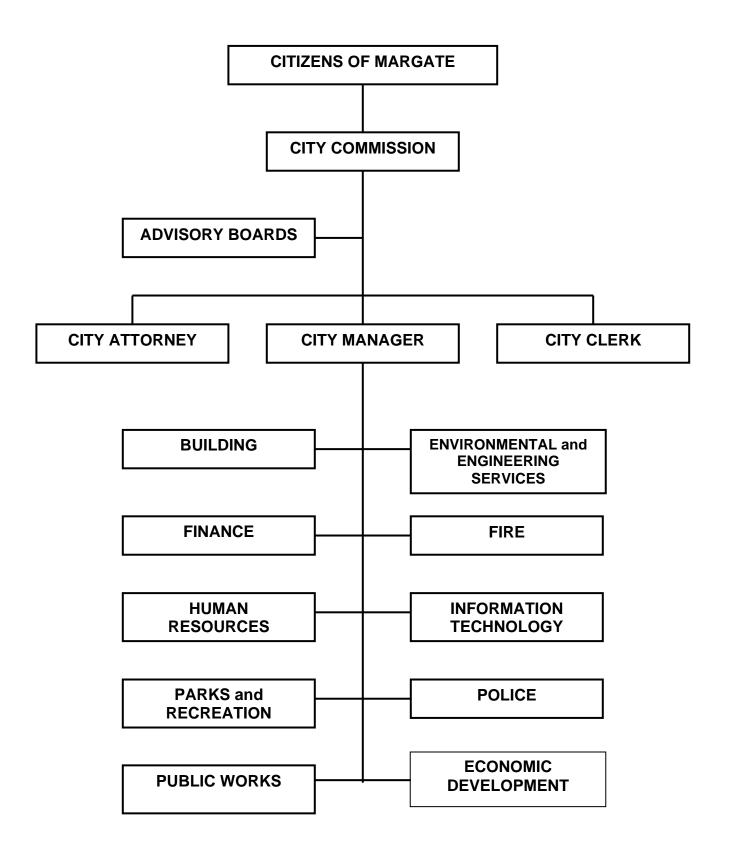
James Wilbur, CGCIO Michael A. Jones, CPRP

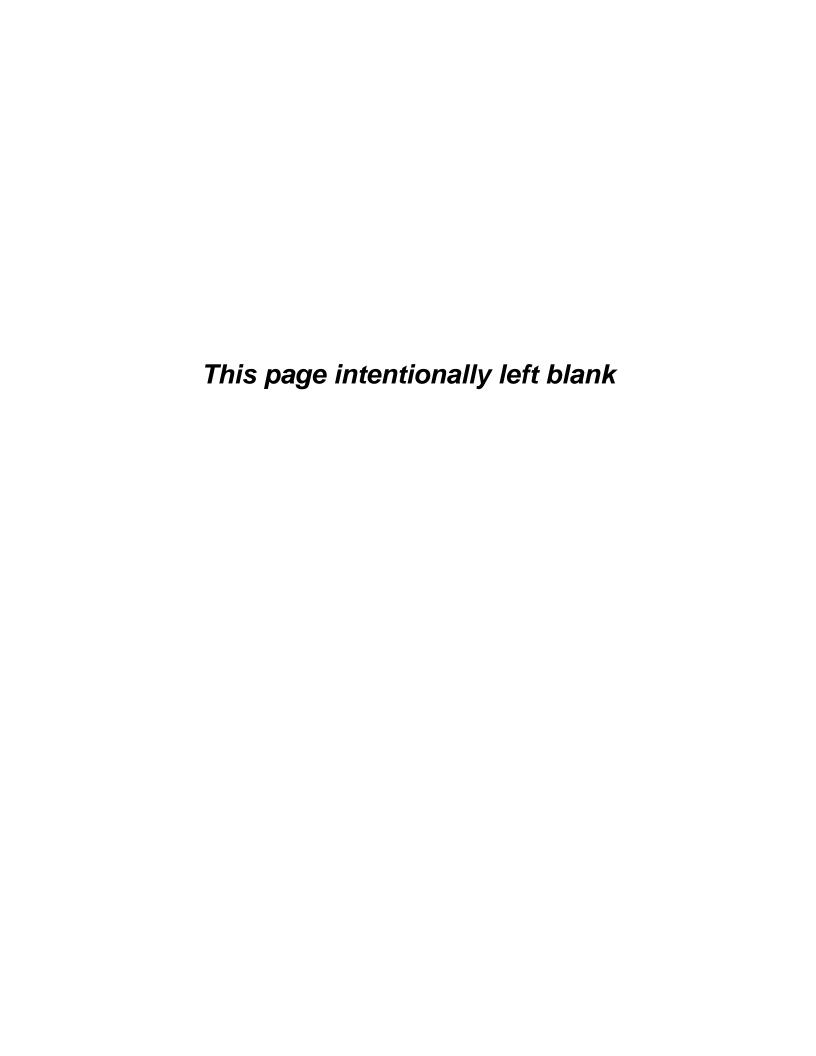
Dana Watson

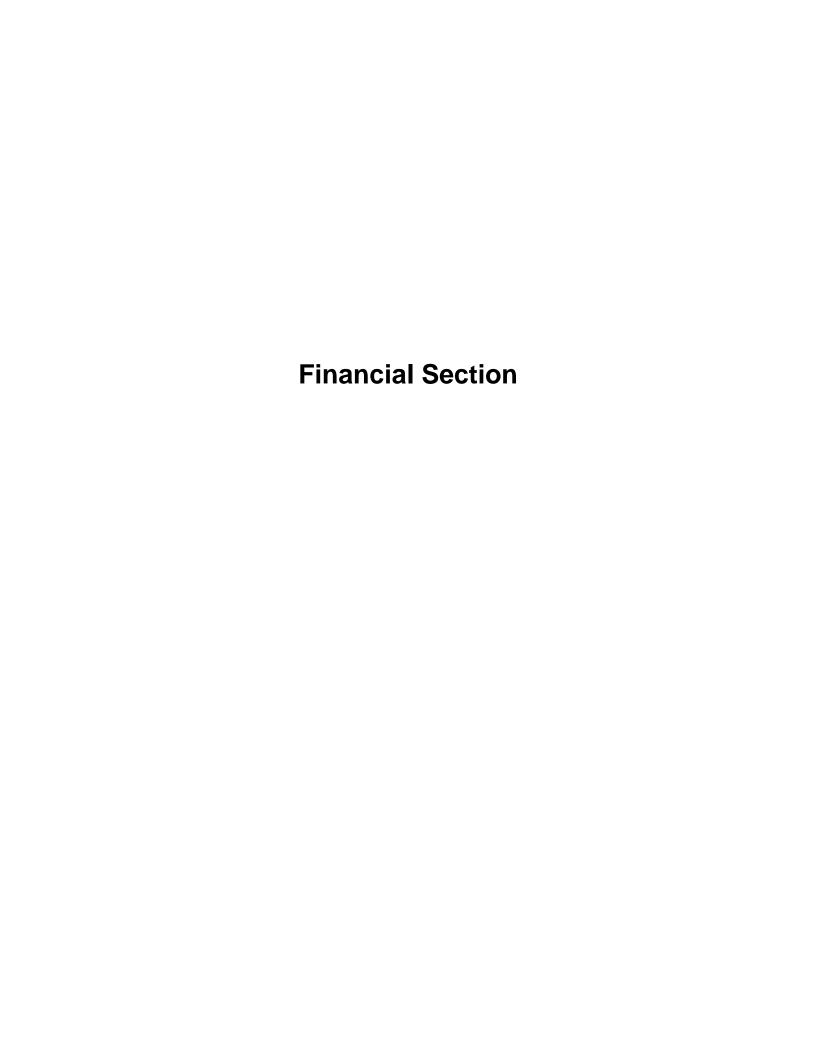
Sam A. May, PWLF

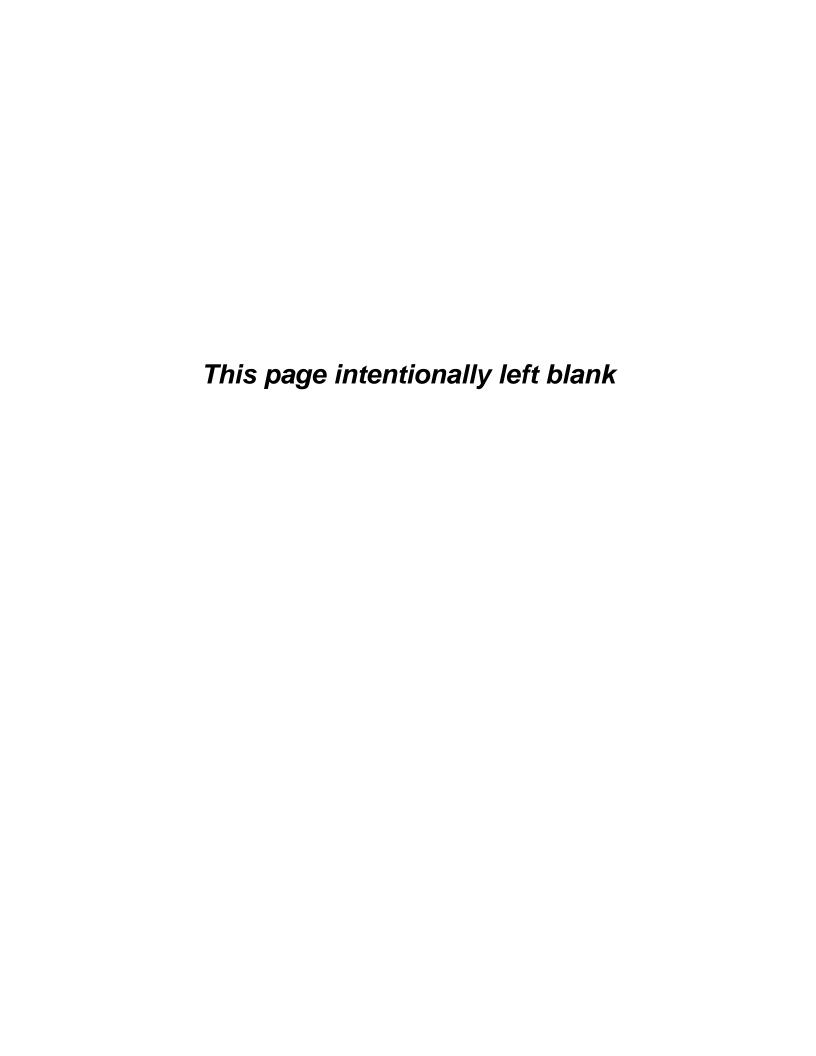
Karin Diaz **Diane Colonna**

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART











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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Margate, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note III. I. to the financial statements, in 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB Statement No. 68*, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. As a result of the implementation, the City reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified in respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress and employer contributions, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions and budgetary comparison information on pages 13 through 24 and 73 through 79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget to actual and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the City is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget and Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget to actual on pages 80 through 99 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 128 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget to actual and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida Page 3

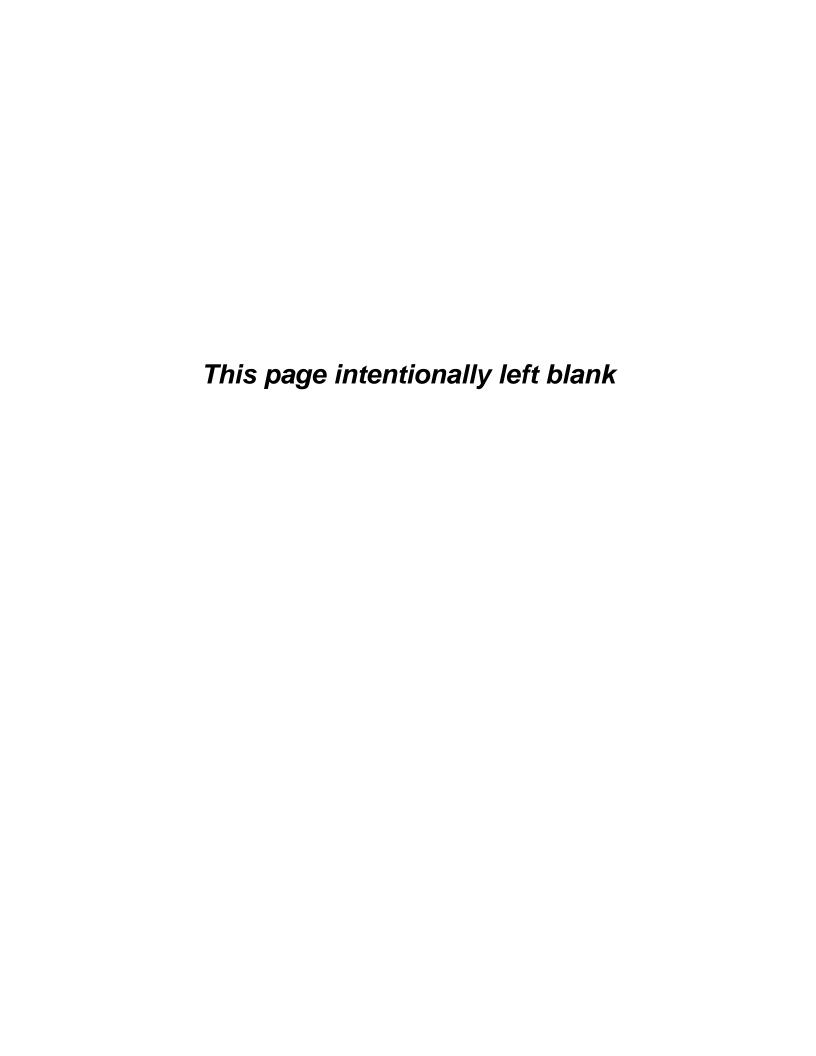
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

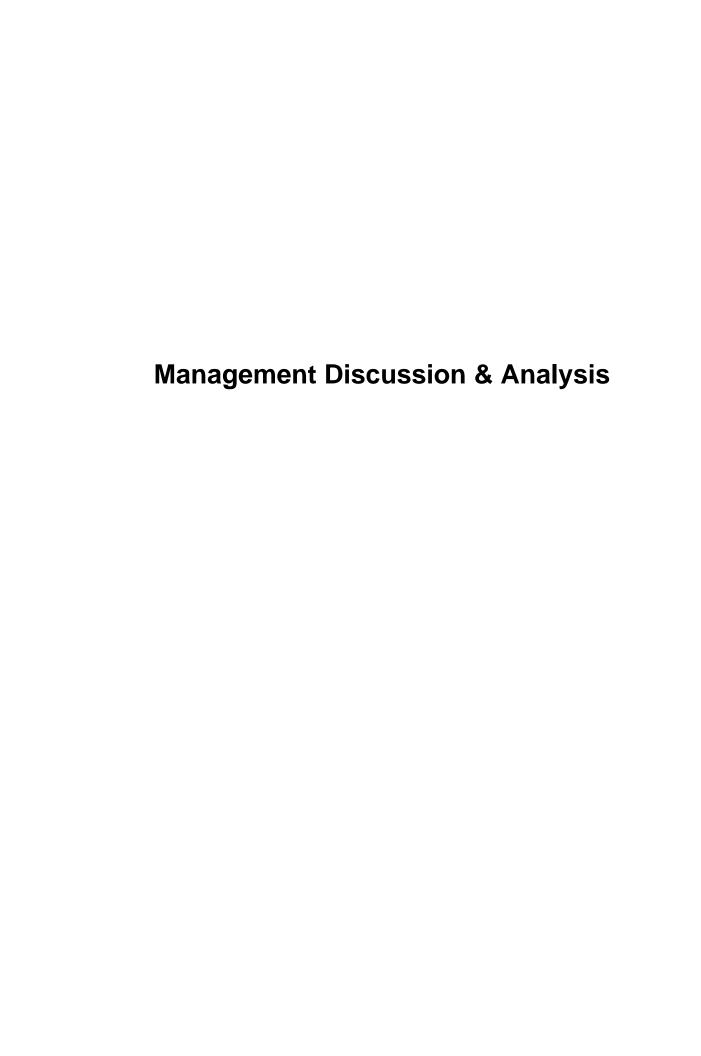
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 18, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

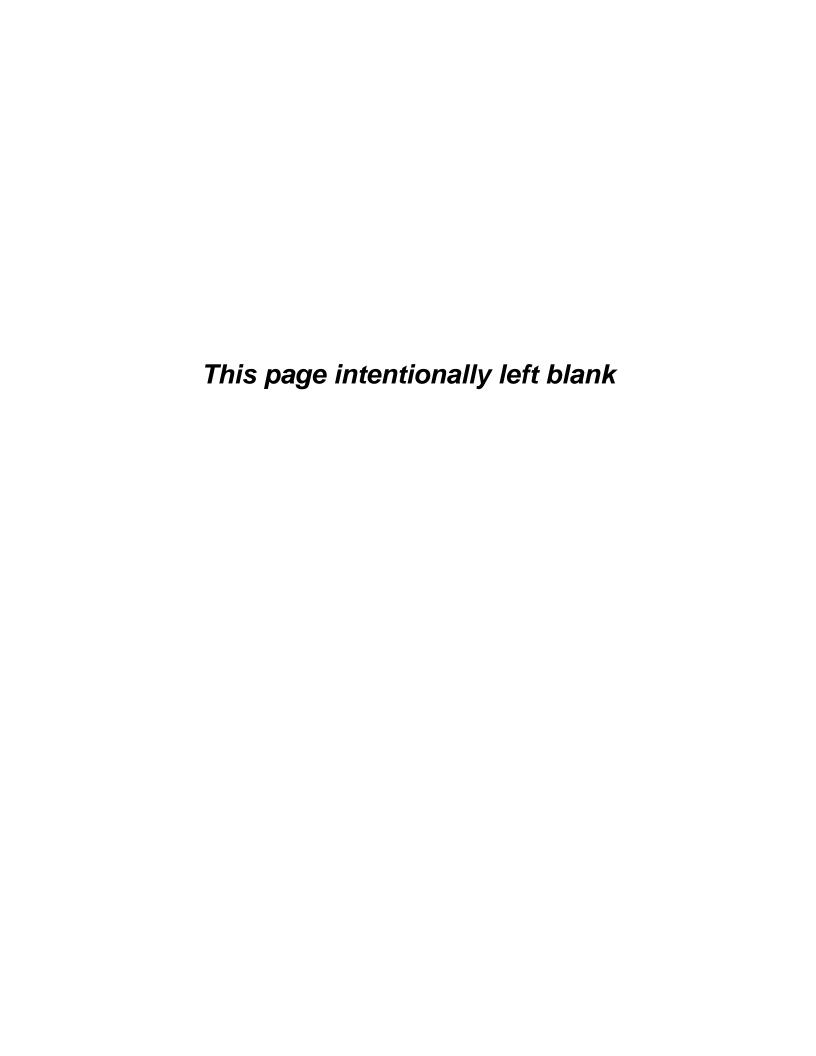
GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida April 18, 2016









MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

As management of the City of Margate, Florida (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. Since the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's financial statements.

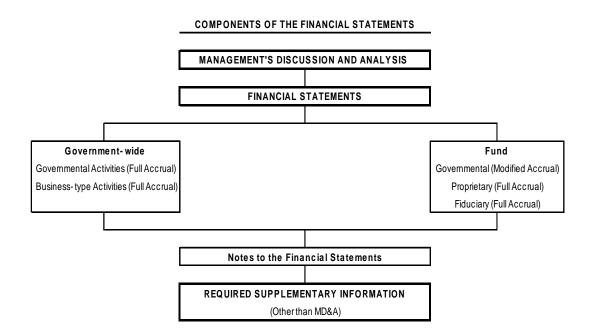
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred
 inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2015 by \$136.2 million (net position). Of this
 amount, \$5.6 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing
 obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal
 policies.
- The City's net position increased by approximately \$13.1 million in comparison to the restated prior year, which includes an adjustment that reduced beginning net position by approximately \$41.5 million. This adjustment affected governmental activities and business-type activities. The adjustment was the result of the City adopting the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 68 and 71. The business-type activities' net position increased by \$7.6 million, while the net position of governmental activities increased by \$5.5 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59.2 million, an increase of \$4.8 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 54% of this total amount, or \$32.2 million, is available for spending at the City's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balances).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7.9 million, or 16% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt (bonds and capital leases) decreased by \$3.6 million, with debt for governmental activities decreasing by \$2.7 million, and debt for business-type activities decreasing by \$920,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015



Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Margate's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position shows the total assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial health. The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, i.e., uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave. The statement of activities provides a breakdown of revenues and expenses by function. Those functions generally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as police, fire-rescue, parks and recreation, and public service, are considered governmental activities. Those functions that are primarily funded through user fees and charges are identified as business-type activities. In Margate, the latter activities include Water/Wastewater and Stormwater.

The government-wide statements include not only the City of Margate itself, (known as the primary government), but also blended component units, such as the City's Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) and the Northwest Focal Point Senior Center (Center). Both entities are legally separate, but the City is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 26 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City categorizes funds into three basic fund types: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Trust Fund, Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Improvement Fund, and Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Loan Proceeds Capital Projects Fund; these are considered to be major funds. All the other governmental funds are combined for presentation purposes as nonmajor funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 30 of this report.

Proprietary Funds are comprised of two different categories. Enterprise funds are the equivalent of business-type activities in the government-wide statements. These include the Water and Wastewater Utilities Fund and the Stormwater Utility Fund. The City maintains one Internal Service Fund, the General Insurance Fund, which provides support to City departments rather than providing services to the general public.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 33 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City has one fiduciary-type fund, the Performance Bond Agency Fund, which is presented on page 34 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements are integral to a complete understanding of both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 35 - 72 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 80 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$136.2 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net Position (in thousand dollars)

	_	Gove Ac		_		ess tivit	s-type ies	_	Total			
	_	2015		2014 (1)	_	2015		2014 (1)	_	2015	_	2014 (1)
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	67,184 88,906	\$	63,673 90,876	\$	47,804 48,738	\$	43,859 46,753	\$	114,988 137,644	\$	107,532 137,629
Total assets	_	156,090		154,549	_	96,542		90,612	_	252,632	_	245,161
Pension related deferred outflow Deferred charges on refunding Total deferred outflow of resources	_	5,586 197 5,783	-	2,595 209 2,804	_	484 188 672		228 226 454	_	6,070 385 6,455	-	2,823 435 3,258
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities		58,564 38,296	_	62,607 23,955	_	8,175 7,135		9,753 6,058	_	66,739 45,431	_	72,360 30,013
Total liabilities		96,860	_	86,562	_	15,310		15,811	_	112,170	_	102,373
Pension related deferred inflow	_	9,832	_	21,133	_	852		1,836	_	10,684	_	22,969
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (restated)		60,388 25,929 (31,135)	_	59,680 25,349 (35,371)	_	43,772 500 36,780		40,904 500 32,016	_	104,160 26,429 5,645	_	100,584 25,849 (3,355)
Total net position	\$_	55,182	\$	49,658	\$_	81,052	\$	73,420	\$_	136,234	\$	123,078

(1)- 2014 numbers have been restated for unrestricted net position, and pension related deferred inflows and outflows due to the implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71, see Note III-A and III-I.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (77%) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, improvements other than buildings, buildings, infrastructure, equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City's net investment in capital assets increased by \$3.6 million during the year which is primarily due to additions to infrastructure in business-type activities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (19%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$5.6 million (4.0%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with its financial policies and strategies.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the business-type activities and positive balances in two of the three categories of net position (net investment in capital assets and restricted) for the governmental activities.

The City's overall net position increased \$13.1 million, from the prior fiscal year as a direct result of operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

Changes in Net Position

The following schedule is a summary of the City's operations for fiscal year 2015 with comparative information for fiscal year 2014.

Changes in Net Position (in thousand dollars)

		Governmental Activities				Busir			Total			
	_	2015		2014	_	2015		2014	_	2015		2014
			_									
Revenues:												
Program revenues:	\$	20.376	\$	20,458	\$	24,369	\$	23.981	\$	44.745	\$	44,439
Charges for services Operating grants	Ф	20,376	Ф	20,456	Ф	24,369	Ф	23,901	Ф	44,745	Ф	44,439
and contributions		2,054		2,158						2,054		2.158
Capital grants		2,054		2,136		-		-		2,054		2,156
and contributions						3,575		319		3,575		319
General revenues:		-		-		3,575		319		3,575		319
Ad valorem taxes		15.588		15.212						15,588		15.212
Tax incremental revenues		4,181		4,326		-		-		4,181		4,326
										17.369		16,905
Other taxes		17,369		16,905		-		-				
Intergovernmental		176		174				050		176		174
Investment earnings		222		153		228		259		450		412
Other	_	3,118	-	1,894	_	33	_	30	_	3,151	_	1,924
Total revenues	_	63,084	_	61,280	_	28,205	_	24,589	_	91,289	_	85,869
Expenses:												
Program Expenses:												
General government		10.238		11.011		-		-		10.238		11.011
Public safety		33,492		37,594		-		-		33,492		37,594
Economic and physical environment		2.332		2,624		_		_		2.332		2,624
Culture and recreation		5,137		4,981		_		_		5,137		4,981
Public works		7,099		10,982		_		_		7,099		10,982
Debt service		1,538		1.651		_		_		1,538		1.651
Water and wastewater		1,000		1,001						1,000		1,001
utilities		_		_		17.202		18.694		17.202		18.694
Stormw ater Utility						1,095		1,036		1,095		1,036
Otornin ator Otimy	_		-		-	1,000	_	1,000	-	1,000	_	1,000
Total expenses		59,836	_	68,843	_	18,297	_	19,730	_	78,133		88,573
Increase (decrease) in net position												
before transfers		3,248		(7,563)		9,908		4,859		13,156		(2,704)
Transfers		2,276		1.746		(2,276)		(1,746)		-		,
	_		-		_	(=,=- =)	_	(- ,)	_		_	
Increase (decrease)												
in net position		5.524		(5,817)		7,632		3.113		13,156		(2,704)
Net position, October 1, as restated		49,658		93,708		73,420		73,619		123,078		167,327
Restatement, Note III-I				(38,233)		. 5,420		(3,312)		.23,070	_	(41,545)
Net position, September 30	\$	55,182	\$	49,658	\$	81,052	\$	73,420	\$	136,234	\$	123,078

Revenues

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$63 million. This was an increase of \$1.8 million, or 3%, from the prior fiscal year. Additional details on the components of this change will be discussed below.

Governmental activities tax incremental revenues decreased by approximately \$145,000, or 3%. This is the tax revenue that the CRA collects from the City, Broward County and the North Broward Hospital District. Those taxes are based on the incremental increase of the real property value and are dedicated to the redevelopment of the area and cannot be used for general governmental purpose.

Other taxes of the governmental activities, which include gas taxes, utility services taxes, franchise taxes and other taxes increased by approximately \$464,000, or 3%. These taxes are tied to usage by the public so the increase is linked to the continuing recovery of the economy.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

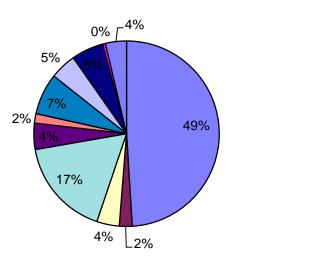
Other changes in governmental activities resulted from the following:

- Charges for services experienced a slight decrease of approximately \$82,000 which was less than .4% over fiscal year 2014.
- The total taxable assessed value increased 6.9% in fiscal year 2015, however the City decreased the operating millage by 0.25 mills. The net increase in ad valorem taxes was only approximately \$376,000, or 3%.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased by 1% which only resulted in approximately an additional \$2,000 for the City.
- Other revenues increased by 65% which resulted in approximately an additional \$1.2 million for the City mainly from a lawsuit settlement from the Resource Recovery Board of \$1.1 million.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by approximately \$104,000, a 5% decrease from the previous year. This was largely due to a decrease in the amount of revenue received in the Confiscated Properties Fund from the Federal Asset Sharing Program, as well as decreases from Community Development Block Grants.

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, revenues from business-type activities totaled \$28.2 million. This was an increase of \$3.6 million, or 15%, from the prior fiscal year. Additional details on the components of this change will be discussed below.

- Business-type charges for services increased slightly by \$388,000 to approximately \$24 million. This increase is less than 2% which shows that water/wastewater utility usage was slightly greater than the prior year.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by approximately \$3.2 million in fiscal year 2015 mainly from capital contributions from developers.

Sources of Revenue: Government-wide for FY 2015





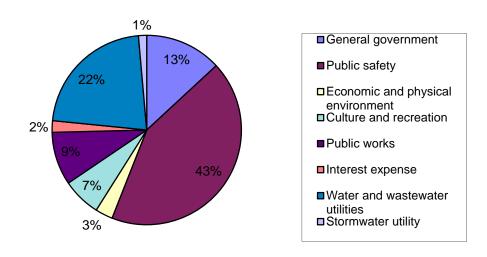
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

Expenses

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$59.8 million, which was a decrease of approximately \$9 million from prior year expenses. This decrease was primarily due to reductions in pension expense related to net pension liability for \$2.08 million, as well as decreases in general government, public safety, economic and physical development, debt service, and public works expenditures from various vacant budgeted positions, the completion of the Road Bond Fund project in fiscal year 2014, and cost control measures such as re-negotiated contracts for third party services, totaling approximately \$7.09 million. This decrease was offset by an increase in culture and recreation for approximately \$156,000, mainly as a result of capital purchases and other operating expenses.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, expenses for business-type activities totaled \$18.3 million or a decrease of \$1.4 million from prior year expenses. This decrease was mainly due to lower expenses in the Water and Wastewater Utilities fund from other cost of sales, maintenance, and services; depreciation and amortization; and administrative expenses. Expenses in the Stormwater Utility fund increased slightly by approximately \$59,000 due to cost of sales, administrative expenses, and capital purchases.

Functional Expenses: Government-wide for FY 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to help ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's Governmental Funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Overall, governmental funds ended the year with \$59.2 million in fund balance, including \$7.9 million in unassigned fund balance.

The *General Fund* is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance totaled \$32.9 million of which \$21,019 is nonspendable, \$1.2 million is restricted, \$1.0 is committed, \$22.6 million is assigned for future obligations, and \$7.9 million is unassigned. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance (\$7.9 million) represents 16.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 67.0% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$4.6 million. The increase was due to an increase in licenses and permits revenue of \$690,000 due to building permits for two multi-family residential projects and a number of non-residential projects. An additional \$1.1 million was received as a result of a lawsuit settlement from the Resource Recovery Board. Total expenditures decreased in the general fund due to various vacant budgeted positions and cost control measures by the City during the year. In addition, due to the decrease in expenditures, the City did not need to use the \$1.1 million from fund balance that was budgeted to balance the fiscal year 2015 budget. The total effect is an increase to fund balance of \$4.6 million.

The following *Margate Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA)* funds were reported as major funds: Capital Improvement Fund, Loan Proceeds fund, and the Agency Trust fund. The Agency Trust fund had a zero fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year end which was the result of a decrease of \$548,000. This was the result of a transfer of funds to the CRA Capital Improvement Fund at year end as required by Florida Statutes. The Capital Improvement Fund had a total fund balance of \$8.9 million at the end of the current fiscal year, all of which is restricted for future redevelopment projects. The increase in the fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund of \$1.4 million during the current fiscal year was due to the transfer in of funds from the Agency fund and the delay of certain budgeted capital projects. The Loan Proceeds fund had a \$5.9 million fund balance at fiscal year-end, all of which is restricted for future development projects. The fund balance of the Loan Proceeds fund decreased by \$1.1 million during the year due to capital projects initiated during the year. The CRA has selected a development partner to carry out the City's and CRA's goal of creating an active and walkable entertainment, recreation, and commercial district, known as the City Center project. The CRA is currently in the process of negotiating an agreement for the development of this 36 acre project.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds are presented in more detail in the fund statements but represent the same activities reflected in the business-type activities. Proprietary funds also include internal service funds.

The unrestricted net position of the Water and Wastewater Utilities Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$36.2 million and \$544,000 in the Stormwater Utility Fund. The Water and Wastewater Utilities fund experienced a \$7.6 million increase in net position, while the Stormwater Utility Fund reported a \$69,200 increase in net position. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

At the end of fiscal year 2015 the City's self-insurance fund, the *General Insurance Fund*, had assets of \$4.6 million and liabilities of approximately \$2.7 million of which approximately \$2.6 million represented estimated claims payable. Ending fund balance was \$1.8 million. This is a decrease of \$935,000 from the prior year mainly due to a decrease in revenues.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year, there was no significant amendment to the budget for revenues, with an overall decrease in budgeted revenues of approximately \$32,000, mainly in miscellaneous revenue. Overall expenditures including transfers out, decreased approximately \$260,000 with the main movement between the general government and transfers out for \$1.1 million to the Impact Fees fund and streetlights to the Road fund. Budget amendments were also completed in the General Fund between departments to cover accrued leave payouts, wage increases, overtime, and related fringe benefits. This budget amendment had no impact on the total General Fund budget.

Final budget compared to actual results General Fund revenues in total exceeded the final budget in all major revenue categories with the exception of property taxes. The final budget to actual revenues resulted in an increase of approximately \$4.2 million. This was primarily due to increased licenses and permits (\$1.2 million) from the addition of several new apartment complexes, businesses, etc. being constructed throughout the City; miscellaneous revenue from a lawsuit settlement (\$1.1 million); and increased demand for charges for services (\$844,000).

Total General Fund expenditures were less than final budgeted by \$2.4 million. The majority of this favorable budget was recognized in the various operating cost line item expenditures throughout the General Fund due mainly from vacant budgeted positions and cost control measures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

The following revenues were greater than expected including franchise fees (\$386,000), charges for services (\$844,000), intergovernmental revenues (\$199,000), licenses and permits (\$1.2 million), and miscellaneous (\$1.3 million). In addition, expenditures decreased due to numerous transitions of personnel (retirements of veteran employees, hiring of new staff members, and vacant positions during the hiring process).

	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
Property taxes \$	13,400,000	\$	13,400,000	\$	13,375,604
Permits, fees, and other taxes	11,613,000		11,613,000		13,333,030
Intergovernmental	5,467,188		5,474,928		5,674,169
Charges for services	15,320,041		15,320,041		16,164,814
Other	1,825,300		1,785,300		3,234,911
		•		_	_
Total revenues	47,625,529		47,593,269	_	51,782,528
Total expenditures	52,876,959		51,496,234	_	49,103,006
Figure (deficiency) of recognition					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(5.054.400)		(0.000.005)		0.070.500
(over) under expenditures	(5,251,430)		(3,902,965)	_	2,679,522
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1,746,162		2,996,335		2,996,335
Transfers out	-		(1,120,633)		(1,120,633)
		•		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,746,162		1,875,702		1,875,702
				_	
Net change in fund balances \$	(3,505,268)	\$	(2,027,263)	\$	4,555,224

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015, amounts to \$137.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water/wastewater system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, intangibles, construction in progress, and roads.

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

(in thousand dollars)

			rnmen tivities			Busine Ac	ess-Ty tivities			٦	Γotal	
	_	2015	_	2014		2015	_	2014		2015	_	2014
Land	\$	28,648	\$	28,263	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,648	\$	28,263
Infrastructure		41,880		44,678		38,114		36,437		79,994		81,115
Buildings		10,644		10,224		4,977		5,963		15,621		16,187
Machinery and equipmer	nt	3,663		3,892		1,159		1,394		4,822		5,286
Improvements other												
than buildings		2,466		2,631		-		-		2,466		2,631
Intangibles		1,362		1,150		-		-		1,362		1,150
Construction in progress	· _	243	_	38	_	4,489	_	2,959	_	4,732	_	2,997
Total	\$_	88,906	\$	90,876	\$_	48,739	\$	46,753	\$_	137,645	\$	137,629

In the governmental funds, major additions included vehicles, radios, software, sidewalk/playground equipment, and police investigative/evidence lockers. In the business-type funds, major additions included infrastructure, pickup trucks, compactor, and a locator to assist utility technicians in detecting underground water and sewer lines.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note II D on pages 51 through 53 of this report.

Debt Administration. At the end of the fiscal year, the City had \$24.1 million in general obligation bonds, \$11.1 million in community redevelopment bonds and \$5.2 million in revenue bonds outstanding, as well as \$506,000 outstanding in capital leases for a total outstanding debt of \$40.9 million.

Outstanding Debt (in thousand dollars)

		Gover Act	nmer ivities		Busine Act	ss-Ty ivities			Т	otal	
	_	2015	_	2014	 2015	_	2014	_	2015	_	2014
General obligation bonds Community redevelopment bond	\$	24,119 11.142	\$	25,167 12,662	\$ -	\$	-	\$	24,119 11.142	\$	25,167 12,662
Water and sew er revenue bonds Capital leases		506		625	5,155 -		6,075		5,155 506		6,075 625
Total	\$	35,767	\$	38,454	\$ 5,155	\$	6,075	\$	40,922	\$	44,529

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007 and the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 have an insurance rating of A2 from Moody's Investor Services. Other bonds have not been rated. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note II E on pages 54 through 59 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2015

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The following factors affected the development of the Fiscal Year 2015/2016 budget. The local economy continues to show positive signs. Property values continue to stabilize and slowly increase; however, they still remain below the level they were at right before the economic downturn. In conjunction with an improving economy and increasing property values, there was a decrease in the number of new foreclosures.

According to the Broward County Property Appraiser's Office, the City's taxable value of \$2.1 billion for FY 2015 is an increase of 6.9% from FY 2014. However, the City's taxable value is still 33.1% below where it was in FY 2008. In addition, the City Commission voted to decrease the total millage from 7.5593 to 7.3093 mills for FY 2015. Property taxes for the City only make up about a quarter of the total General Fund revenues, therefore, the increase in property tax revenue has less of an impact than it would in a city that has a larger share of their General Fund revenues comprised of property taxes. Property tax revenue in the General Fund increased \$376,000 or 3% from 2014.

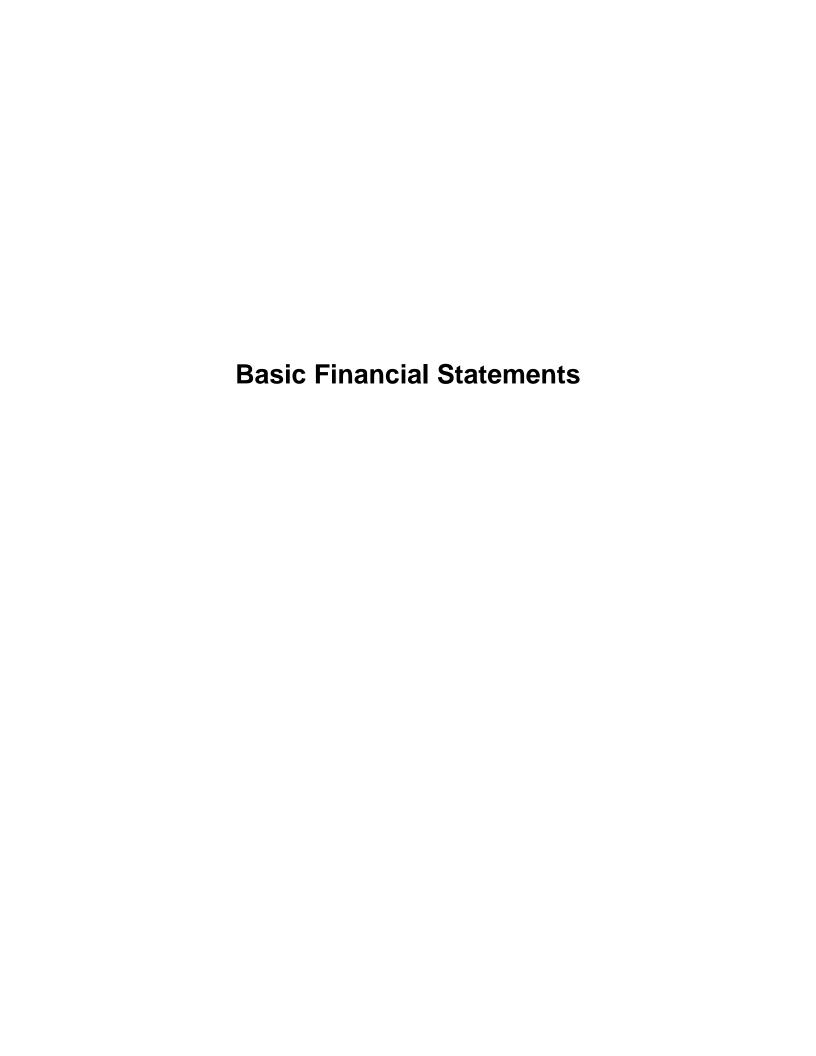
The downturn of the housing market in combination with the passing of Amendment 1 in 2008 has continued to affect the revenues of the City's General Fund.

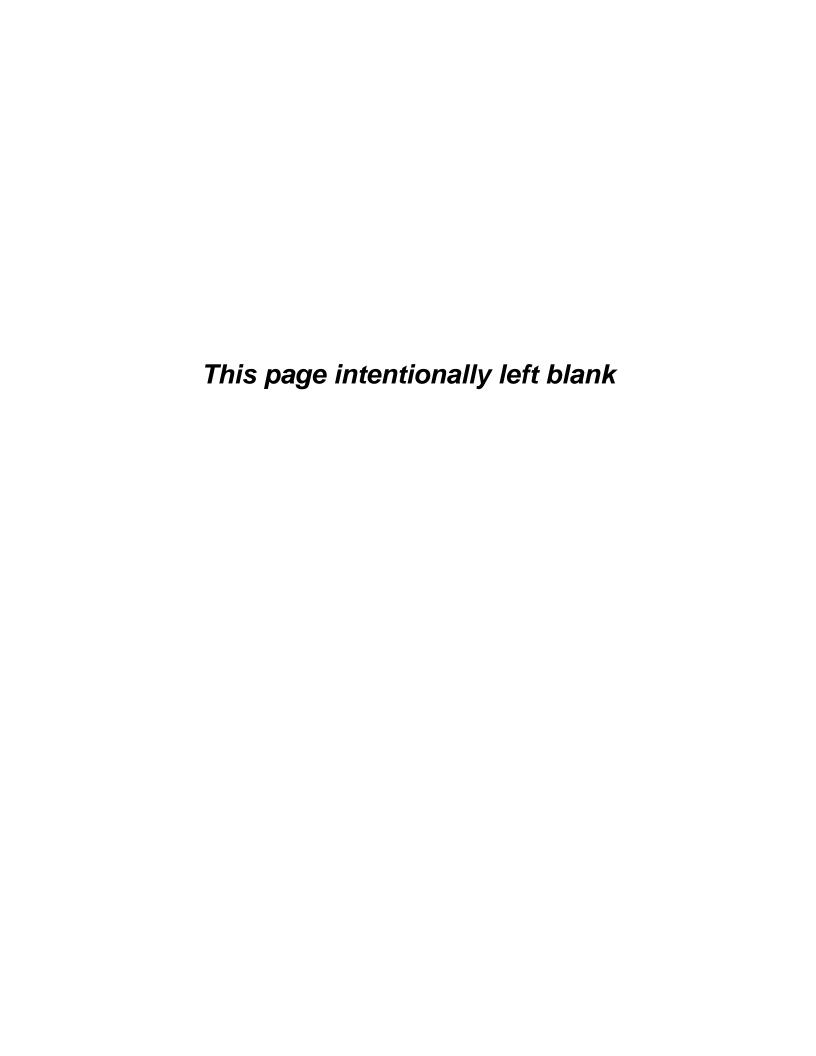
The City monitors Florida Legislature initiatives that may impact the City, such as changes to communications and sales taxes.

Water and wastewater rates did not increase in fiscal year 2015; however, an independent rate study was completed during the year and rate increases will be effective beginning October 1, 2015. Stormwater rates also did not increase in fiscal year 2015, but a rate study was completed during the year and stormwater rate increases are effective beginning January 1, 2016.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Margate's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Margate, 5790 Margate Boulevard, Margate, Florida 33063.





CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Primary Government Business-										
	Governmental	Type									
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>								
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,469,094	\$ 9,992,276	\$ 39,461,370								
Investments	34,424,684	32,159,421	66,584,105								
Accounts receivable - net	3,214,304	3,669,479	6,883,783								
Inventory Prepayments	76,373	468,913 15,455	468,913 91,828								
Restricted assets	10,515	15,455	31,020								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,497,927	1,497,927								
Capital assets:											
Land	28,648,295	-	28,648,295								
Infrastructure	88,963,441	93,048,644	182,012,085								
Buildings Machinery and actions and	16,302,748	24,787,509	41,090,257								
Machinery and equipment Improvements other than buildings	15,467,045 7,553,703	6,128,032	21,595,077 7,553,703								
Intangibles	1,361,417		1,361,417								
Construction in progress	243,392	4,488,917	4,732,309								
Total capital assets	158,540,041	128,453,102	286,993,143								
Less accumulated depreciation	(69,634,125)	(79,714,620)	(149,348,745)								
Total capital assets, net	88,905,916	48,738,482	137,644,398								
Total assets	156,090,371	96,541,953	252,632,324								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Pension related deferred outflows	5,586,530	484,035	6,070,565								
Deferred charges on refunding	197,148	188,211	385,359								
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,783,678	672,246	6,455,924								
<u>LIABILITIES</u>											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,891,858	1,960,336	4,852,194								
Customer deposits	49,447	1,503,462	1,552,909								
Unearned revenues	539,942	-	539,942								
Accrued interest payable	361,248	-	361,248								
Net pension liability	30,848,727	2,672,840	33,521,567								
Noncurrent liabilities:	2 604 602	000 445	4 602 017								
Due within one year Due in more than one year	3,604,602 58,563,870	998,415 8,175,332	4,603,017 66,739,202								
Total liabilities	96,859,694	15,310,385	112,170,079								
i diai nabindes	90,039,094	13,310,363	112,170,079								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Pension related deferred inflows	9,832,401	<u>851,914</u>	10,684,315								
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,832,401	851,914	10,684,315								
NET POSITION											
Net investments in capital assets	60,387,578	43,771,693	104,159,271								
Restricted for: Renewal and replacement	_	500,000	500,000								
Debt service	1,014,927	300,000	1,014,927								
Culture and recreation	1,217,547	-	1,217,547								
Physical and economic redevelopment	120,851	-	120,851								
Public Safety	3,005,836	-	3,005,836								
Highway and streets	5,389,060	-	5,389,060								
Streetlights	258,681	-	258,681								
Community redevelopment Unrestricted	14,922,201	- 26 700 207	14,922,201								
Total net position	(31,134,727) \$ 55,181,954	36,780,207 \$ 81,051,900	5,645,480 \$ 136,233,854								
ι σιαι πει ρυσιμοπ	ψ 55,101,954	Ψ 01,001,300	ψ 130,233,034								

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

					Cha	nges in Net Posit	ion
		P	rogram Revenue	es	Pr	imary Governmer	nt
	•		Operating	Capital		Business-	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contribution	Contribution	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Functions/programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 10,237,660			\$ -	\$ (9,937,963)	\$ -	+ (-,,
Public safety	33,491,912	19,009,361	149,210	-	(14,333,341)	-	(14,333,341)
Economic and physical environment	2,332,157	606,746	821,950	-	(903,461)	-	(903,461)
Culture and recreation	5,136,787	620,378	896,009	-	(3,620,400)	-	(3,620,400)
Public works	7,099,119	26,793	-	-	(7,072,326)	-	(7,072,326)
Interest expense	1,537,960				(1,537,960)		(1,537,960)
Total governmental activities	59,835,595	20,375,957	2,054,187		(37,405,451)	-	(37,405,451)
Business-type activities:							
Water and wastewater	17,201,687	23,119,770	-	3,574,749	-	9,492,832	9,492,832
Stormwater utility	1,094,793	1,249,029			<u> </u>	154,236	154,236
Total business activities	18,296,480	24,368,799		3,574,749		9,647,068	9,647,068
Total primary government	\$ 78,132,075	\$ 44,744,756	\$ 2,054,187	\$ 3,574,749	(37,405,451)	9,647,068	(27,758,383)
	0						
	General revenues:						
	Taxes: Property taxes				15,587,799		15,587,799
	Franchise taxes	c			4,181,165	-	4,181,165
	Utility service to				6,583,890		6,583,890
	Sales taxes	axes			5,109,632	_	5,109,632
	Gas taxes				1,493,761	_	1,493,761
	Tax incrementa	al revenue			4,180,496	_	4,180,496
		al not restricted to s	specific program		176,397	_	176,397
	Investment incom		- F		221,859	227,561	449,420
	Miscellaneous				3,049,471	-	3,049,471
	Gain on disposal	of capital assets			69,179	33,468	102,647
	Transfers	•			2,276,162	(2,276,162)	· -
	Total general	I revenues and tran	sfers		42,929,811	(2,015,133)	40,914,678
	Change in				5,524,360	7,631,935	13,156,295
	Net position, Oct	ober 1, as restated			49,657,594	73,419,965	123,077,559
	Net position, Sep	stember 30			\$ 55,181,954	\$ 81,051,900	\$ 136,233,854
	iver position, sep	ACTINGT OU			Ψ 33,101,334	Ψ 01,001,300	Ψ 100,200,004

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			Major G	ovor	nmental Funds						
ASSETS	General Fund		ate Community development gency Trust Fund	Rec	largate Community	Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Loan Proceeds <u>Fund</u>	Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Go	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,816,716	\$	1,745,164	\$	8,720,675	\$ 7,051,442	\$	5,602,301	\$	24,936,298	
Investments	28,488,177		-		-	-		5,936,507		34,424,684	
Accounts receivable - net	2,469,904		2,140		369,094	-		334,928		3,176,066	
Prepayments and other assets	21,019		-		-	-		48,137		69,156	
Due from other funds	2,848,095 \$ 35,643,911	\$	1,747,304	œ.	9,089,769	\$ 7,051,442	<u>e</u>	13,586 11,935,459	Φ.	2,861,681	
Total assets	\$ 35,643,911	\$	1,747,304	\$	9,089,769	\$ 7,051,442	\$	11,935,459	\$	65,467,885	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,518,700	\$	91,948	\$	73,936		\$	103,641	\$	2,794,478	
Due to other funds	13,586		1,548,423		21,569	1,117,252		160,851		2,861,681	
Unearned revenue	214,205		57,486		-	-		268,251		539,942	
Tenant deposits			49,447		-			<u> </u>		49,447	
Total liabilities	2,746,491		1,747,304		95,505	1,123,505	_	532,743		6,245,548	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:											
Prepayments and other assets	21,019		-		-	=		48,137		69,156	
Restricted for:											
Public safety	-		-		-	-		1,904,798		1,904,798	
Transportation	-		-		-	-		5,389,060		5,389,060	
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	-		1,078,566		1,078,566	
Debt service	-		-		-	-		1,014,927		1,014,927	
Economic development	400.004		-		-	-		120,851		120,851	
Tree preservation	138,981		-		-	-		-		138,981	
Building department Redevelopment projects	1,101,038		-		8.994.264	5.927.937		-		1,101,038 14.922,201	
Street Lights	-		-		0,994,204	5,927,937		258.681		258.681	
Committed for:	-		-					230,001		230,001	
Citizen project initiatives	1,060,302		_		_	_				1,060,302	
Assigned for:	1,000,302		_		_	_		_		1,000,302	
Subsequent year appropriation	3.949.691		_		_	_				3.949.691	
Health insurance	2,500,000		_		_	_				2.500.000	
Future employee payouts	2,000,000		-		_	_		_		2,000,000	
Emergency preparedness/response	2,825,000		-		_	_		_		2,825,000	
Computer equipment	1,000,000		_		_	-		_		1,000,000	
OPEB	1,825,000		-			-		-		1,825,000	
Capital projects - parks and recreation	2,000,000		-		-	-		-		2.000.000	
Capital projects - other	5,000,000		-		-	-		1,587,696		6,587,696	
Vehicle replacement	1,500,000		-		-	-		-		1,500,000	
Others	19,995		-		-	-		-		19,995	
Unassigned	7,956,394				<u>-</u>			<u> </u>		7,956,394	
Total fund balances	32,897,420				8,994,264	5,927,937		11,402,716		59,222,337	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 35,643,911	\$	1,747,304	\$	9,089,769	\$ 7,051,442	\$	11,935,459	\$	65,467,885	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Fund balances - total government funds (Page 27)

\$ 59,222,337

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	158,540,041

Less: accumulated depreciation (69,634,125) 88,905,916

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Governmental bonds payable (35,260,519)
Capital leases (506,409)

Compensated absences (8,707,812) (44,474,740)

Deferred charge on refunding not reported in governmental funds, to be amortized

as interest expense over the life of the loan. 197,148

Bond interest payable not reported in the governmental funds (361,248)

Net OPEB obligation attributable to retiree benefits financed from governmental fund types

(15,059,921)

Certain pension-related amounts, such as net pension liability and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability (30,848,727)

Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 5,586,530

Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (9,832,401) (35,094,598)

Internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the

statement of net position. 1,847,060

Net position of governmental activities (Page 25) \$ 55,181,954

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Maior Go	overnmental Funds					
	General <u>Fund</u>		3,		Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Margate Community Redevelopment Agend Loan Proceeds <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total Sovernmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Taxes:										
Property	\$	13.375.604	¢		\$ -	\$	_	\$ 2,212,195	Ф	15.587.799
Franchise	φ	4,181,165	Ψ		φ - -	Ψ	-	φ 2,212,195	Ψ	4.181.165
Utility service		6.583.890		_	_		_	_		6,583,890
Tax incremental		-	4	4,180,496	_		_	_		4,180,496
Licenses and permits		2.567.975		-,100,100	_		_	_		2,567,975
Intergovernmental		5,674,169		_	_		_	3.129.371		8.803.540
Interest income		183,896		4,071	16.643	3.80	8	13.441		221.859
Charges for services		16,164,814		-	-	-,	-	357,161		16,521,975
Rental income		-, - ,-		606,746	-		-	-		606,746
Fines and forfeitures		678,511		· -	-		-	183,802		862,313
Miscellaneous		2,372,504		58,634	-		-	534,897		2,966,035
Total revenues		51,782,528		4,849,947	16,643	3,80	8(6,430,867		63,083,793
Expenditures: Current:										
General government		9,025,906		874,363	-		-	-		9,900,269
Public safety		33,148,836		-	-		-	514,003		33,662,839
Economic and physical environment		-		900,250	292,549		-	739,177		1,931,976
Culture and recreation		3,406,038		-	-		-	959,523		4,365,561
Public works		3,387,678		-	-		-	1,110,197		4,497,875
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		119,037		-	-		-	2,567,878		2,686,915
Interest and other		15,511		-	-		-	1,545,674		1,561,185
Capital outlay		<u> </u>				1,123,50	_	800,407		1,923,912
Total expenditures	_	49,103,006		1,774,613	292,549	1,123,50)5	8,236,859		60,530,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,679,522	;	3,075,334	(275,906)	(1,119,69	97)	(1,805,992)		2,553,261
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		2.996.335		_	1,711,429		_	3.650.558		8.358.322
Transfers out		(1,120,633)	(3,623,732)			_	(1,337,795)		(6,082,160)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,875,702		3,623,732)	1,711,429		-	2,312,763	_	2,276,162
Net change in fund balances		4,555,224		(548,398)	1,435,523	(1,119,69	97)	506,771		4,829,423
Fund balance at beginning of year		28,342,196		548,398	7,558,741	7,047,63	34	10,895,945		54,392,914
Fund balance at end of year	\$	32,897,420	\$		\$ 8,994,264	\$ 5,927,93	37	\$ 11,402,716	\$	59,222,337
								-		

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Page 26) are different because:

of activities (Page 26) are different because.		
Net change in fund balances - total government funds (Page 29)		\$ 4,829,423
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets Less: current year provision for depreciation		2,589,105 (4,559,316)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds financial statements and thus contribute to the net change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayments of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Principal repayments		
General Obligation Bonds Community Redevelopment Bonds Capital Leases	1,048,531 1,519,347 119,037	2,686,915
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued compensated absences Decrease in accrued interest payable on bonds Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs Change in net pension liability and other related deferral amounts	(394,060) 35,842 (12,618) 3,138,893	2,768,057
Contributions to the retiree benefits do not use current financial resources and are not recorded in full as expenditures in the governmental funds, however these disbursements increase the net OPEB obligation in the statement of activities.		(1,854,699)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities in the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		 (935,125)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Page 26)		\$ 5,524,360

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Pusiness to	ma	aativitiaa Enta	-nri	o Eundo		vernmental <u>Activities</u> Internal
		Major Fund Water and Wastewater	No	activities Enter onmajor Fund Stormwater Utility	rpris	<u>se runas</u>	Se	vice Fund - General nsurance
<u>ASSETS</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>		<u>Fund</u>
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	9,130,667 32,159,421	\$	861,609	\$	9,992,276 32,159,421	\$	4,532,796
Accounts receivable, net		3,561,515		107,964		3,669,479		38,238
Inventories		468,913		-		468,913		-
Prepayments	_	15,455	_	-	_	15,455		7,217
Total unrestricted current assets	_	45,335,971	_	969,573	_	46,305,544		4,578,251
Restricted assets:		1 407 007				4 407 007		
Cash and cash equivalents	_	1,497,927	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,497,927		
Total current assets		46,833,898		969,573		47,803,471		4,578,251
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets:								
Infrastructure		90,102,702		2,945,942		93,048,644		-
Buildings Machinery and equipment		24,787,509 4,767,996		1,360,036		24,787,509 6,128,032		-
Construction in progress		4,488,917		-		4,488,917		-
Total capital assets		124,147,124		4,305,978		128,453,102		_
Less accumulated depreciation		(78,693,321)		(1,021,299)		(79,714,620)		
Total capital assets, net		45,453,803		3,284,679		48,738,482		<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets		45,453,803		3,284,679		48,738,482		
Total assets	_	92,287,701		4,254,252		96,541,953		4,578,251
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related deferred outflows		449,303		34,732		484,035		_
Deferred charges on refunding		188,211		-		188,211		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	637,514		34,732		672,246	_	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Current liabilities : Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,931,447		28,889		1,960,336		97,380
Customer deposits		5,535		20,009		5,535		97,360
Estimated insurance claims payable		-		-		-		559,686
Compensated absences payable		48,415		-		48,415		-
Bonds payable		950,000		-		950,000		-
Payable from restricted assets:		1 407 007				4 407 007		
Customer deposits Total current liabilities	_	1,497,927 4,433,324	_	28,889	_	1,497,927 4,462,213		657,066
Total current liabilities		4,433,324		20,009		4,402,213		657,066
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Net OPEB obligation		2,379,187		-		2,379,187		
Estimated insurance claims payable		1 442 045		470 220		4 504 445		2,074,125
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability		1,412,815 2,481,050		178,330 191,790		1,591,145 2,672,840		-
Bonds payable		4,205,000		-		4,205,000		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,478,052		370,120		10,848,172		2,074,125
Total liabilities		14,911,376	_	399,009	_	15,310,385		2,731,191
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related deferred inflows		790,785		61,129		851,914		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	790,785	_	61,129		851,914		_
NET POSITION								
Net investments in capital assets		40,487,014		3,284,679		43,771,693		-
Restricted for renewal and replacement		500,000		-		500,000		-
Unrestricted		36,236,040		544,167	_	36,780,207		1,847,060
Total net position	\$	77,223,054	\$	3,828,846	\$	81,051,900	\$	1,847,060

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	1	Business-tyr Major Fund Water and Vastewater Utilities	No	ctivities - Ente nmajor Fund Stormwater Utility <u>Fund</u>	<u>erpr</u>	ise Funds Total	Se	vernmental <u>Activities</u> Internal rvice Fund - General urance Fund
Operating revenues: Charges for services								
Residential	\$	10,778,467	\$	522,465	\$	11,300,932	\$	_
Commercial and multiple	Ψ	11,809,626	Ψ	726,564	Ψ	12,536,190	Ψ	_
Costs billed to other funds		-		-		-		1,000,000
Other services		531,677		<u>-</u>		531,677		112,395
Total operating revenues		23,119,770		1,249,029		24,368,799		1,112,395
Operating and administrative expenses:								
Costs of sales, maintenance, and services		12,037,181		927,188		12,964,369		751,066
Depreciation and amortization		3,435,949		147,605		3,583,554		-
Administrative		1,462,680		20,000		1,482,680		197,364
Claims expense								1,107,346
Total operating and administrative expenses		16,935,810		1,094,793		18,030,603		2,055,776
Operating income (loss)		6,183,960		154,236		6,338,196		(943,381)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental Interest income Gain on disposal of capital assets		100,000 227,561 33,468				100,000 227,561 33,468		- 8,256 -
Net realized and unrealized loss on investments		(22,177)		_		(22,177)		_
Interest expense		(243,700)		_		(243,700)		_
Total nonoperating expenses		95,152		-		95,152	-	8,256
Income before transfers and contributions		6,279,112		154,236		6,433,348		(935,125)
Contributions and transfers: Capital contributions - connection charges Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out Total contibutions and transfers		666,115 2,808,634 330,000 (2,521,162) 1,283,587		- - - (85,000) (85,000)		666,115 2,808,634 330,000 (2,606,162) 1,198,587		- - - -
Change in net position		7,562,699		69,236		7,631,935		(935,125)
Total net position, October 1, as restated		69,660,355		3,759,610		73,419,965		2,782,185
Total net position, September 30	\$	77,223,054	\$	3,828,846	\$	81,051,900	\$	1,847,060

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	-	<u>Business-tyr</u> Major Fund Water and Vastewater <u>Fund</u>	No	<u>ctivities - Ente</u> n <u>-Major Fund</u> Stormwater Utility <u>Fund</u>	erpri	ise Funds <u>Total</u>	Se	overnmental Activities Internal rvice Fund - General nsurance Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers, users and other	\$	22,917,066	Φ.	1,244,648	Φ.	24,161,714	¢	1,074,157
Payments for interfund services used	Ψ	(1,462,680)		(20,000)		(1,482,680)	Ψ	2,322,636
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(6,425,744)		(497,847)		(6,923,591)		(1,866,088)
Payments to employees		(6,432,119)		(503,822)		(6,935,941)		-
Receipts from interfund services used		(8,604,097)		967,435	_	(7,636,662)		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(7,574)		1,190,414		1,182,840		1,530,705
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfer from other funds		330,000		-		330,000		-
Transfer to other funds		(2,521,162)		(85,000)	_	(2,606,162)		<u>-</u>
Net cash (used in) noncapital financing activities		(2,191,162)	_	(85,000)	_	(2,276,162)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Grant		100,000		-		100,000		-
Capital contributions Capital contributions - connection charges		666,114		-		666,114		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		2,808,634 (5,301,300)		(243,805)		2,808,634 (5,545,105)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		33,468		(240,000)		33.468		_
Principal paid on capital debt		(920,000)		-		(920,000)		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(243,350)				(243,350)		
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(2,856,434)		(243,805)		(3,100,239)		
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		(22,177)		-		(22,177)		-
Purchase of investment		(21,001,741)		-		(21,001,741)		-
Interest received		227,561		-		227,561		8,256
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(20,796,357)				(20,796,357)	_	8,256
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(25,851,527)		861,609		(24,989,918)		1,538,961
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		36,480,121				36,480,121		2,993,835
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	10,628,594	\$	861,609	\$	11,490,203	\$	4,532,796
Pooled cash and cash equivalents per								
statement of net assets:								
Unrestricted	\$	9,130,667	\$	861,609	\$	9,992,276	\$	4,532,796
Restricted	<u></u>	1,497,927	Φ.	-	Φ.	1,497,927	Φ.	4 500 700
Total, September 30	\$	10,628,594	\$	861,609	\$	11,490,203	\$	4,532,796
Reconciliation of operating income to net								
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	•	0.400.000	•	454.000	•	0.000.400	Φ.	(0.40,004)
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,183,960	\$	154,236	\$	6,338,196	\$	(943,381)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Pension expense		(252,449)		(19,515)		(271,964)		-
Depreciation and amortization		3,435,949		147,605		3,583,554		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(252 142)		(4 201)		(257 522)		(20 220)
(Increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (Increase) in due from other funds		(253,142) 49,484		(4,381) 1,248,270		(257,523) 1,297,754		(38,238) 2,520,000
(Increase) in prepayments		(15,455)		1,240,270		(15,455)		(7,217)
(Increase) in inventories		(9,639)		-		(9,639)		(,=)
Increase in accounts payable		(922,626)		(15,952)		(938,578)		(459)
Increase in due to other funds		(8,653,581)		(280,835)		(8,934,416)		-
Increase in compensated absences		115,661		48,046		163,707		-
Increase in net OPEB obligation Increase in customer deposits		263,826 50,438		(87,060)		176,766 50,438		-
·		(6,191,534)		1 026 170		(5,155,356)		2 474 006
Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$		•	1,036,178	Φ		•	2,474,086 1,530,705
iver cash provided by (used iii) operating activities	Φ	(7,574)	\$	1,190,414	\$	1,182,840	\$	1,530,705
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Decrease in fair value of investments	\$	(22,177)	\$		\$	(22,177)	\$	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PERFORMANCE BOND AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 212,642
Total assets	<u>\$ 212,642</u>
Liabilities	
Performance bonds payable	\$ 212,642
Total liabilities	\$ 212,642

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Margate, (the "City"), in Broward County, was created as a municipal corporation by Chapter 30962, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1955, to be known as the Town of Margate. On June 22, 1961, the Town of Margate was incorporated as a City, and is governed by its present Charter dated March 15, 1979. It is located in the western portion of Broward County, Florida and has a population of approximately 55,800 living within an area of approximately 9 square miles. The City operates under the commission/city manager form of government. It provides the following services: general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture and recreation. The City also operates two enterprise funds which provide water/wastewater services and stormwater services. In addition, an internal service fund is maintained for insurance.

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's financial statements. In November 2010, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued Statement No. 61, which modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. For organizations that previously were required to be included as component units by meeting the fiscal dependency criterion, a financial benefit or burden relationship also would need to be present between the primary government and that organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. For component units that currently are blended based on the "substantively the same governing body" criterion, it additionally requires that (1) the primary government and the component unit have a financial benefit or burden relationship or (2) management (below the level of the elected officials) of the primary government have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit. The Statement provides that a component unit should be included in the reporting entity financial statements using the blending method in any of these circumstances: (a) the component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government and (1) there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit or (2) management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit; (b) the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it; or (c) the component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government. Based on these requirements, the City maintains two blended component units.

Blended component units. The Margate Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") was established by the City of Margate, Florida (the "City") under authority granted by Florida Statute 163, Section III. The City determined that the CRA was necessary in order to establish the means by which debilitating blight can be arrested and erased and in order to proceed with a redevelopment and revitalization plan for the redevelopment area. The purpose was to deter blight and deterioration; protect and enhance property values; encourage and foster revitalization and economic growth; and to improve the quality of life for residents working or living within or adjacent to the redevelopment area. The CRA is a legally separate entity established by ordinance number 96-15 of the City of Margate Commission on October 2, 1996. It is governed by a Board of Commissioners (the "Board"), which is composed of five members appointed by the Commission of the City of Margate, Florida. The Board exercises all powers granted to the Agency pursuant to Chapter 163, Section III of the Florida Statutes. Currently, the CRA Board is composed of the Margate City Commission. In November 2014, the CRA Board approved an agreement with Redevelopment Management Associates, LLC for the daily administration, management, and consulting services for the Margate Community Redevelopment Agency. As a tax increment district, the CRA receives operating revenues from taxing jurisdictions within Broward County. Funds are also provided by fees collected, interest income, and the unexpended fund balance from the previous year.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The CRA includes the following Community Redevelopment Agency funds: Agency Trust Special Revenue Fund, Sinking Fund Debt Service Fund, Escrow Account Debt Service Fund, Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund, and Loan Proceeds Capital Projects Fund.

The Northwest Focal Point Senior Center, the ("Center"), is a special district located in Margate, providing services to the elderly residing within the City, as well as Broward County. The Center funds its operations through grants from various governmental and charitable agencies, as well as inkind services from the City. On August 19, 2009, the City of Margate passed Ordinance 2009-11 making the Center a dependent special district and a separate governmental body from the City of Margate. The Board of Commissioners is composed of the elected officials of the City. The City provides various support services to the Center for a nominal fee and subsidizes some of the Center's program costs. In addition, the Center subleases the building where it is located from the Areawide Council on Aging of Broward County, Inc., the ("Council") for \$1 per year under a 99-year lease term. The Council rents the building from the City under the same terms and conditions. The City's elected officials are financially accountable for the Center since they have the power to approve, disapprove or modify contracts with the Center's various grantors. In April 2014, the Board, through resolution, delegated to the City of Margate City Manager the hiring and all employment related matters as to the Project Director and day-to-day oversight of the Project Director and operations of the Center. Additionally, the City advances the Center its operating funds which are repaid when reimbursement is received from grantors. The Center is reported as a nonmajor special revenue fund using the blended method.

Separate financial statements are not required or prepared for the Center (a blended component unit). Financial statement information related to this entity is included as a separate column in the financial statements reported for the City. A separate financial statement is prepared for the CRA, as well as, included in the financial statement information reported for the City. This separately issued financial statement may be obtained from the Executive Director of Margate CRA, 5790 Margate Boulevard, Margate, Florida 33063.

The City of Margate Recreation Foundation (the "Foundation") was created in June 2010 under the laws of the State of Florida for the purpose of soliciting funds from private citizens and enterprises to finance specific City programs and/or City capital projects, as determined by the Board of Directors. The Foundation is a separate legal entity and is governed by the Board of Directors, which is composed of five voting members appointed by the Commission of the City of Margate, Florida. Currently, the members of the City Commission serve as the Foundation's Board. The Foundation is considered a component unit and has not been included in the financial statements of the City, since the financial activities of the Foundation as of, and for the year ended September 30, 2015, are not considered material to the financial statements of the City.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. GASB is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

Effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2015, the City implemented three new GASB statements of financial accounting standards.

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, was issued in June 2012. The Statement improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions. The provisions for this Statement are effective beginning with fiscal year ending September 30, 2015. The required disclosures have been included in this report as disclosure in note III-A and required a prior period adjustment as disclosed in note III-I.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operation, was issued in January 2012. The Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The provisions for this Statement are effective beginning with fiscal year September 30, 2015. Statement No. 69 had no impact on the City's financial statements.

Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, was issued in November 2013. The Statement relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The provisions for this Statement are to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68 and are effective beginning with fiscal year ending September 30, 2015. The required disclosures have been included in this report as disclosure in note III-A and required a prior period adjustment as disclosed in note III-I.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted – The City's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements.

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, was issued in February 2015. The Statement addresses accounting/financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements, as well as provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2016.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, was issued in June 2015. The Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The provisions for this Statement are to be applied for fiscal year ending September 30, 2016 – except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68, which are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, was issued in June 2015. The Statement improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, was issued in June 2015. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by entities. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, was issued in June 2015. The Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) hierarchy consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2016.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, was issued in August 2015. This Statement provides disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Fiduciary funds have been excluded from this presentation since these resources are not available for general government funding purposes. These statements report on the government as a whole and provide a consolidated financial picture of the government. As part of the consolidation process, interfund activities are eliminated to avoid distorted financial results. The amounts reported as internal balances represent the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of given functions or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those expenses that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation is provided which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the governmental fund financial statements to the governmental activities of the government-wide presentations.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus is used to describe types of transactions and events reported in a fund's operating statement. Basis of accounting is when revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis is also related to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Measurable is the amount of the transaction that can be determined and available is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgment, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, utility taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts. These accounts consist of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, fund equities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting is used to demonstrate legal compliance and to assist financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Generally accepted accounting principles establish minimum criteria to determine major funds. These criteria consist of a percentage of the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, revenues, and expenditures/expenses of the applicable fund category and the governmental and enterprise funds combined. Nonmajor funds are presented in the single column in the respective fund statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the main operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in a separate fund, due to legal or other requirements. Revenue is derived primarily from property taxes, utility taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental, and charges for services. General operating expenditures, fixed charges, and capital outlay costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Trust Special Revenue Fund accounts for the redevelopment of certain designated areas.

The Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund accounts for the capital projects of the Agency and redevelopment of the designated redevelopment areas.

The Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Loan Proceeds Capital Projects Fund accounts for the capital projects financed by loan proceeds of the Agency for the financing and redevelopment of the designated redevelopment areas.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Wastewater Fund accounts for the operation of the City's water and wastewater system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types, which are a summary of all the nonmajor governmental funds.

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources legally restricted for the financing of particular activities or projects.

The *Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

In addition, the City maintains the following fiduciary and nonmajor proprietary funds:

The Agency Fund accounts for performance bond monies deposited by certain vendors and individuals which the City holds in an agency capacity. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of net income. Agency Funds use the accrual basis of accounting. The City's Performance Bond Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of cash performance bonds required in connection with regulatory activities.

The Stormwater Utility Fund accounts for the operation of the City's stormwater management utility which includes collection, disposal and treatment of stormwater.

The *Internal Service General Insurance Fund* accounts for the financing of the general insurance coverage provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of return on investment and cost allocation between the Water and Wastewater Fund and the General Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for those sectors.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* in the government-wide financial statements include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other items not classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating revenues and expenses* from nonoperating items. *Operating revenues and expenses* generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses that do not meet this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is used first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is used last.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents and investments:

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three (3) months or less from the date of acquisition, Florida's State Board of Administration's (SBA) Florida PRIME Investment Pool, money market, and equity in the City's pooled cash.

State statutes require all deposits of the City, including demand deposit accounts, time deposit

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

accounts and money market accounts be held in institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified depositories" and accordingly, are covered by a collateral pool as required by that statute.

Pooled cash is an investment tool employed by the City that maximizes earning potential by investing large amounts of idle cash for short periods of time. It is available for use by all funds with the exception of cash and investments required to be segregated due to legal restrictions or bond covenants. Income earned from the pooling of investments is allocated to the respective funds. Each fund's equity in the City's pooled cash is considered to be a cash equivalent since the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, all deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer of other banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

The City invests surplus funds in a variety of investment vehicles including the Florida PRIME, an external investment pool. The City owns shares of the pool and not the underlying securities. SBA administers the fund and provides regulatory oversight. Florida Prime is governed by Chapters 215 and 218, Florida Statutes, and SBA Rules, Chapter 19-7, Florida Administrative Code. These rules provide guidance and establish policies/general operating procedures for administration of the pool.

The Florida PRIME has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirement for a 2a-7 like fund. A 2a-7 like external investment pool is one that is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with SEC rule 2a-7, which governs the operation of SEC regulated money market funds. The City's investment in the Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares. The Florida PRIME is rated by Standard and Poor's and has a current rating of AAAm. The investments in Florida PRIME are not insured by FDIC or any other governmental agency.

Investments are reported at fair value (quoted market price or the best available estimate thereof). However, money market investments, including short term, highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, are reported at amortized cost. Income from investments held by the individual funds is recorded in the respective fund as it is earned. All other investments owned by the City are accounted for in the City's investment pool. Income earned from this pool is allocated to the respective funds.

2. Receivables and payables:

During the course of operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to provide goods or render services. Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the fiscal year end are referred to as "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds". Any residual outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities at year end are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

All trade and other receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Long-term receivables are analyzed for their collectability based on the terms and conditions of the agreements. In addition to those receivables specifically identified as uncollectible, a general allowance is calculated based on the City's historic bad-debt experience.

3. Inventory and prepaid items:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased (purchase method).

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items in the governmental fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted assets:

Assets of the City are reported as restricted due to requirements of externally imposed constraints or by legislation. Certain assets of the governmental funds have been classified as restricted because their use is restricted by a loan agreement for the City's debt service requirements. However, the City does not currently have any assets meeting this definition in the governmental funds. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds include funds restricted for customer deposits.

5. Capital assets:

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, intangibles, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Assets	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	20 - 40
Buildings	40 - 50
Machinery and equipment	4 - 15
Improvements other than buildings	6 - 20

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Contributions of funds from federal, state, or local services for the purpose of purchasing property, plant, and equipment, as well as connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system are recorded as capital contributions on the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charges on refunding and the pension related deferred outflows reported in the government-wide statement of net position and in the statement of fund net position – proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflow of resources relating to pensions includes contributions made to the pension subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of net pension liability, changes in assumptions or inputs, or net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Pension related deferred inflows include changes in assumptions or inputs or net difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

7. Compensated absences:

It is the City's policy to permit eligible employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from City service if certain criteria are met. The accumulated compensated absences and associated employee-related costs are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following fiscal year. Expenditures for accumulated compensated absences have been reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences for governmental funds represent a reconciling item between the funds and government-wide presentations. In the proprietary fund financial statements, vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, both current and non-current, is recorded as an expense and liability of the relevant proprietary fund as the benefits accrue to employees.

8. Unearned revenue:

Unearned revenue represents resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

9. Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Property taxes:

The State of Florida permits the City to levy property taxes up to 10 mills of assessed property valuation for the General Fund except for special benefits and debt service obligations which may be issued with the approval of those taxpayers subject to ad valorem taxes. The operating millage rate levied by the City and budgeted for the 2014-2015 fiscal year was 6.2761 mills and the debt service millage was 1.0332 mills. On January 29, 2008, the Florida electorate approved an amendment to the Florida Constitution relative to property taxation. This amendment (referred to as Amendment 1) was placed on the ballot by the Florida Legislature at a special session held during 2007 and became effective October 1, 2008. Amendment 1 increased the current \$ 25,000 homestead exemption by an additional \$ 25,000 (by exempting the assessed value between \$ 50,000 and \$ 75,000), except for school district taxes. Amendment 1 also provided "portability", allowing property owners to transfer up to \$500,000 of the "Save Our Homes" benefits to their next homestead when they move. "Save Our Homes" became effective in 1995 and limits (caps) the annual increase in assessed value for homesteaded property to three percent (3%) or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less. In addition, Amendment 1 also provided a \$ 25,000 exemption for tangible personal property and a ten percent (10%) cap on increases in the annual assessment of non-homesteaded properties. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2015 were approximately 95.8% of the total tax levy, net of discounts allowed.

Property taxes based on assessed values at January 1 are levied on November 1 of each year. A four percent discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one percentage point each month thereafter. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of each year and tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes and assessments are auctioned beginning June 1 of each year.

Property tax revenue is recorded when it becomes available. Available means due and collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

The City Commission establishes the tax levy of the City. The adoption of the final millage rate for fiscal year 2014-2015 occurred on September 17, 2014. Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, special district and school board property taxes are provided by Broward County's Property Appraiser and Tax Collector, who are elected County officials.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

The property tax calendar for the revenues billed and received for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 is shown as follows:

Lien date – January 1, 2014
Levy date, tax bills mailed – November 1, 2014
Last date for 4% discount on taxes paid – November 30, 2014
Last date for 3% discount on taxes paid – December 31, 2014
Last date for 2% discount on taxes paid – January 31, 2015
Last date for 1% discount on taxes paid – February 28, 2015
Final due date of payment of taxes – March 31, 2015
First date for auctioning tax certificates on delinquent accounts – June 1, 2015

11. Net position/fund balance:

Net position is the result of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as (a) net investments in capital assets, (b) restricted, or (c) unrestricted. The first category represents net investments in capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets excluding unexpended debt proceeds. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirements of debt covenants and other externally imposed constraints or by legislation in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the two other components.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report five categories of fund balances: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are amounts constrained for specific purposes by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors), law, or enabling legislation legally enforceable by external parties. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Commission (highest level of decision making authority) through an ordinance or resolution are classified as committed fund balances. The limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until similar action is taken (adoption of another ordinance or resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. Assigned fund balances are amounts without formal constraints, but are intended to be used for specific purposes. This intent can be expressed by the City Commission or through the Commission delegating this responsibility to City management. authority of the City Manager to make these designations is provided for through resolution and fund balance policy. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned fund balance is limited to negative residual fund balance.

12. Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments are reflected in the accompanying statements of net position, balance sheet – governmental funds, statement of fund net position – proprietary funds, and statement of fiduciary net position, in the following accounts.

Cash and cash equivalents (Including performance bonds) \$ Investments

\$ 41,171,939 <u>66,584,105</u> \$ 107,756,044

Deposits

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$41,171,939 including petty cash funds and cash on hand totaling \$18,820 as of September 30, 2015. Deposits whose balances exceed the limits of federal depository insurance are collateralized pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act which sets forth the investment objectives and parameters for the management of public funds for the City.

Custodian Credit Risk. Custodian credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's deposits are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the multiple financial institution collateral pool pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposit Act". Under this Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a fair value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, multiplied by the depository's collateral pledging level.

The City has \$6,000,061 invested in the State Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool as of September 30, 2015. The fair value of the Florida PRIME is the same as the book value of the pool shares.

Investments

The City adopted a formal investment policy in December 2014 in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes (Local Government Investment Policies). It was designed to safeguard the City's funds, ensure the availability of operating and capital funds when needed, and provide for an investment return competitive with comparable funds and financial market indices. Authorized investments include Florida PRIME, United States Government Securities, United States Government Agencies, Federal Instrumentalities, Interest Bearing Time Deposit of Savings Accounts, Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes, Bankers' Acceptances, State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, Money Market Mutual Funds, and Intergovernmental Investment Pools.

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City's investment policy stipulates the following maximum portfolio percentages:

	Maximum %	Maximum %	Maximum %
Authorized	Portfolio	Individual	Individual
Investments	Composition	Issuers	Sectors
Florida Local Government Surplus			
Trust Fund	25%	N/A	N/A
U.S. Government Securities	100%	N/A	N/A
U.S. Government Agencies	50%	10%	N/A
U.S. Sponsored Agencies	80%	25%	N/A
Interest Bearing Time Deposit	10%	10%	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	20%	5%	N/A
Commercial Paper	25%	2%	10%
Corporate Notes	25%	2%	10%
Asset Backed Securities	10%	2%	5%
Bankers' Acceptances	15%	5%	N/A
State/Local Government Taxable/Tax			
Exempt General Obligation Bonds	25%	N/A	N/A
State/Local Government Taxable/Tax			
Exempt Revenue/Excise Bonds	10%	N/A	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	35%	15%	N/A
Intergovernmental Investment Pools	25%	N/A	N/A

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City manages its exposure to decline in fair value by limiting its investment portfolio with maturities of less than five year.

The City employs several investment duration and investment management strategies to minimize the City's portfolio interest rate risk. The City maintains sixty days or more of liquidity in short term securities with maturity and diversification limitations to further minimize changes in market price, as interest rates changes.

The weighted average days to maturity for the SBA Florida PRIME at September 30, 2015 was 29 days.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of City funds as of September 30, 2015.

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

	Fair	Less	
Investment Type	Value	Than 1	1 to 5
U.S. Agency Notes	\$ 5,404,604	\$ 1,717,904	\$ 3,686,700
U.S. Treasury Notes	20,235,511	8,756,910	11,478,601
U.S. Sponsored Agencies	3,802,789	1,015,096	2,787,693
Commercial Paper	1,489,764	1,489,764	-
Corporate Notes	11,680,376	2,690,883	8,989,493
Asset Backed Securities	 4,459,922	<u>-</u>	 4,459,922
	\$ 47,072,966	\$ 15,670,557	\$ 31,402,409

Credit risk. The City's investment policy limits investments to the safest types of securities. Investment transactions shall seek to keep capital losses at a minimum and to attain this objective, diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. City monies that are invested in U.S. Government obligations are considered to have no credit risk

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. All City investments are being held by a third party commercial trust bank and are fully insured and collateralized under the name of the City or its agent.

The following table discloses Standard and Poor's credit ratings by investment type for each of the City's fixed income securities.

	Fair	Percentage
	Value	of Portfolio
U.S. government guaranteed	\$ 20,235,511	42.99%
AAA	3,579,288	7.60%
AA+	8,984,761	19.09%
AA-	1,175,784	2.50%
AA	475,401	1.01%
A-1+	1,015,096	2.16%
A-1	1,489,764	3.16%
A+	1,055,108	2.24%
A-	2,196,907	4.67%
A	4,759,736	10.11%
NR	2,105,610	4.47%
Total credit risk debt securities	\$ 26,837,455	57.01%
Total fixed income securities	\$ 47,072,966	100.00%

B. Receivables

Receivables as of September 30, 2015 for the City's individual funds in the aggregate, including the allowances for uncollectible receivables are as follows:

		Margate	Margate			
		Community	Community			
		Redevelopment	Redevelopment	Water and	Nonmajor	
	General	Agency	Agency Capital	Wastewater	and other	
	Fund	Fund	Improvement Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Intergovernmental	\$ 484,057	\$ -	\$ 369,094	\$ -	\$313,909	\$1,167,060
Accounts	160,105	-	-	3,472,512	107,964	3,740,581
Taxes	1,282,966	-	-	3,346	-	1,286,312
Others	3,607,266	2,140		95,657	59,257	3,764,320
Gross Receivables	5,534,394	2,140	369,094	3,571,515	481,130	9,958,273
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(3,064,490)			(10,000)		(2.074.400)
unconectibles	(3,064,490)	-	-	(10,000)		(3,074,490)
Net total receivables	\$2,469,904	\$ 2,140	\$ 369,094	\$3,561,515	\$481,130	\$6,883,783

During fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, the City wrote off an uncollectible receivable in the amount of \$466,935 for funds advanced paid by the City for Alzheimer's Family Center the ("Center"), a nonprofit entity located in the City. An agreement for settlement of all claims was entered into in September 2015. The agreement consisted of the write-off of the unpaid monies and the Center agreeing to sell to the City of Margate Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a dependent district of the City, their property (land and building). The Agreement for Settlement also included a three month lease back from the CRA to the Center until the Center could be re-located. The CRA paid \$312,062 for a building and land appraised at \$492,000. Upon the sunsetting of the CRA in 2026, the building and land reverts back to the City of Margate.

C. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances at September 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Due to/from other funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 160,851
	Margate Community Redevelopment	
	Agency Fund	1,548,423
	Margate Community Redevelopment	
	Agency Capital Improvement Fund	21,569
	Margate Community Redevelopment	
	Agency Loan Proceeds Fund	1,117,252
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	13,586
Total		\$2,861,681

C. Interfund Balances and Transfers (Continued)

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payment between funds are made.

						•	Transfers In:					
•				Margate								
			С	ommunity								
			Red	development					W	ater and		
			Age	ency Capital			Nonmajor		W	astewater		
	General		lm	provement			Governmental			Utilities		
	Fund			Fund			Funds			Fund		Total
Transfers Out:											•	
General Fund	\$ -		\$	-		\$	790,633	С	\$	330,000	а	\$ 1,120,633
Margate Community												
Redevelopment Agency	-			1,711,429	b		1,912,303	а		-		3,623,732
Trust Fund												
Nonmajor												
Governmental Funds	390,173	a,c		-			947,622	c,d		-		1,337,795
Water and Wastewater												
Service Funds	2,521,162	е		-			-			-		2,521,162
Nonmajor Enterprise												
Funds	85,000	е		-			-			-		85,000
Total	\$ 2,996,335		\$	1,711,429		\$	3,650,558		\$	330,000		\$ 8,688,322

Reasons for these transfers are set forth below:

- a) Debt obligation
- b) Annual sweep between funds
- c) Re-structuring of funds

- d) Capital improvements
- e) Return on investment and cost allocation

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 28,262,637	\$ 385,658	\$ -	\$ 28,648,295
Intangibles	1,150,097	211,320	-	1,361,417
Construction in progress	38,152	205,240		243,392
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	29,450,886	802,218		30,253,104
Capital assets, being				
depreciated:				
Infrastructure	88,963,441	-	-	88,963,441
Buildings	15,564,900	737,848	-	16,302,748
Machinery and equipment Improvements other than	21,070,753	946,383	(6,550,091)	15,467,045
buildings	7,451,047	102,656		7,553,703
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	133,050,141	1,786,887	(6,550,091)	128,286,937
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(44,285,439)	(2,798,176)	-	(47,083,615)
Buildings	(5,340,549)	(317,870)	-	(5,658,419)
Machinery and equipment Improvements other than	(17,179,324)	(1,174,715)	6,550,091	(11,803,948)
buildings	(4,819,588)	(268,555)		(5,088,143)
Total accumulated depreciation	(71,624,900)	(4,559,316)	6,550,091	(69,634,125)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	61,425,241	(2,772,429)		58,652,812
Governmental activities	Ф 00 070 407	Φ (4.070.044)	Φ.	Ф 00 005 040
capital assets, net	\$ 90,876,127	<u>\$ (1,970,211)</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 88,905,916

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being					
depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 2,959,384	\$ 1,529,533	\$ -	\$ 4,488,917	
Capital assets, being					
depreciated:					
Infrastructure	89,522,609	3,526,035	-	93,048,644	
Buildings	24,572,822	214,687	-	24,787,509	
Machinery and equipment	6,958,545	263,411	(1,093,924)	6,128,032	
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	121,053,976	4,004,133	(1,093,924)	123,964,185	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(53,086,044)	(1,848,343)	-	(54,934,387)	
Buildings	(18,609,676)	(1,201,115)	-	(19,810,791)	
Machinery and equipment	(5,565,088)	(496,804)	1,092,450	(4,969,442)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(77,260,808)	(3,546,262)	1,092,450	(79,714,620)	
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	43,793,168	457,871	(1,474)	44,249,565	
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 46,752,552	\$ 1,987,404	<u>\$ (1,474)</u>	\$ 48,738,482	

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Provision for depreciation was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	191,411
Public safety		1,064,605
Public works		2,374,339
Economic and physical environment		541,143
Culture and recreation	_	387,818
Total depreciation expense -		
governmental activities	\$	4,559,316
Business-type activities:		
Water and Wastewater Services Fund	\$	3,398,657
Stormwater		147,605
Total depreciation expense -		
business-type activities	\$	3,546,262

Construction Commitments

The City has the following active construction commitments with contractors at September 30, 2015:

Dunings	C.	ant to date	Remaining	
Project	Spent-to-date		Commitment	
Wastewater Treatment Plant Steel Clarifier	\$	26,579	\$	253,213
Replacement of OSHG System		296,960		170,140
Pressure Main Repair		71,901		7,989
Sodium Hypochlorite Installation		316,555		30,390
Catalyst System Installation		66,378		7,375
Force Main 18th Street		273,945		163,553
Coconut Creek Median		77,948		303,953
Total	\$	1,130,266	\$	936,613

E. Long-term Debt

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds

\$4,611,287 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2004 – In May 2004, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004. The bond was issued to provide resources to purchase United States Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$4,640,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1995. The bond will mature on July 1, 2016 with principal payments beginning July 2004. The 2004 Series bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.662% payable in January and July. The bonds will be repaid from property taxes earmarked for debt service. The bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to their maturity without a premium charge.

\$ 438,739

\$27,070,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007 - In July 2007, the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007. The bond was issued to finance various projects consisting of repavement, repair and installation of streets, sidewalks and bridges within the City. The bond issue contained \$16,880,000 serial bonds and \$10,190,000 term bonds. The bond will mature on July 1, 2037 with principal payments beginning July 2010. The serial bonds bear a variable interest rate ranging from 4.000% to 4.625% while term bonds bear a fixed interest rate of 4.750%. The bonds will be payable from ad valorem taxes assessed, levied and collected without limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the corporate limits of the City. The serial bonds maturing on July 1, 2016 and thereafter are subject to redemption at the option of the City on or after July 1, 2015 in whole at any time or in part from time-to-time. The term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption beginning in 2031.

23,680,000

\$ 24,118.739

The annual debt service requirements until maturity for the General Obligation Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Series 2	<u>004</u>	<u>Ser</u>	<u>ies 2007</u>	
Year Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 438,739	\$ 16,065	\$ 655,000	\$ 1,091,475	\$ 2,201,279
2017	-	-	680,000	1,064,456	1,744,456
2018	-	-	710,000	1,036,406	1,746,406
2019	-	-	740,000	1,006,231	1,746,231
2020	-	-	770,000	973,856	1,743,856
2021-2025	-	-	4,415,000	4,316,456	8,731,456
2026-2030	-	-	5,520,000	3,209,150	8,729,150
2031-2035	-	-	6,935,000	1,792,175	8,727,175
2036-2037			3,255,000	233,700	3,488,700
	<u>\$ 438,739</u>	<u>\$ 16,065</u>	\$ 23,680,000	<u>\$ 14,723,905</u>	<u>\$ 38,858,709</u>

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bonds

\$12,010,560 Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012A (Taxable) - In December 2012, the Margate CRA entered into a Margate Community Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012A Loan Agreement with a local bank to refinance the outstanding balance of the Series 2006 Community Redevelopment Revolving Line of Credit Agreement and reduce the interest rate on such debt. The Series 2012A is secured by a loan agreement which bears an interest rate of 3.470%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. The Series 2012A is payable in January and July of each year through 2022 with the first principal payment due January 2013. The loan is secured by the Margate CRA's tax incremental revenues. The Series 2012A will be special obligations of the Agency and will not constitute a general debt, liability, or obligation of the Agency or the State of Florida or any political subdivision thereof within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision. The bonds shall not constitute a lien upon any property of the Agency except the Pledged Revenues. The bonds may be prepaid by the Agency in whole or in part on any date on or after December 13, 2014 with no prepayment penalty.

\$8,632,636

\$3,548,737 Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012B -December 2012, the Margate CRA entered into a Margate Community Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012B Loan Agreement with a local bank to refinance the outstanding balance of the Series 2006 Community Redevelopment Bonds and reduce the interest rate on such debt. The Series 2012B is secured by a loan agreement which bears an interest rate of 2.270%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. The Series 2012B is payable in January and July of each year through 2022 with the first principal payment due January 2013. The loan is secured by the Margate CRA's tax incremental revenues. The Series 2012B will be special obligations of the Agency and will not constitute a general debt, liability, or obligation of the Agency or the State of Florida or any political subdivision thereof within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision. The bonds shall not constitute a lien upon any property of the Agency except the Pledged Revenues. The bonds may be prepaid by the Agency in whole or in part on any date on or after December 13, 2014 with no prepayment penalty.

2,509,144

\$ 11,141,780

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements until maturity for Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012 outstanding at September 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Series 2	<u> 1012A</u>	Series		
Year Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2022	\$ 1,205,741 1,247,943 1,291,622 1,336,830 1,383,621 2,166,879	\$ 289,178 246,977 203,297 158,089 111,298 75,618	\$ 362,472 370,746 379,210 387,867 396,722 612,127	\$ 54,912 46,637 38,174 29,517 20,662 13,948	\$ 1,912,303 1,912,303 1,912,303 1,912,303 1,912,303 2,868,572
	\$ 8,632,636	\$ 1,084,457	\$ 2,509,144	\$ 203,850	\$ 12,430,087

Business-type Activities

Revenue Bonds

\$11,925,000 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2007 - In May, 2007, the City issued Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2007. The bond was issued to advance refund 1999 bonds and provide resources to purchase United States Treasury obligations that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt payments of the \$11,895,000 Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 1999. The bonds will mature on October 1, 2020 with principal payments beginning October 2007. The 2007 Series bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.000% payable in April and October each fiscal year. The bonds will be repaid from pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses. The 1999 Revenue Bonds were issued for the expansion and required upgrading of the City's water and wastewater system, including the replacement of the emergency generator system, expansion of the administration building, and the purchase of various items of heavy equipment. The 2007 Bonds are not subject to optional or mandatory redemption prior to maturity.

\$ 5,155,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the outstanding Revenue Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Series 2007					
_	September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
	2016	\$	950,000	\$	206,200	\$	1,156,200
	2017		990,000		168,200		1,158,200
	2018		1,030,000		128,600		1,158,600
	2019		1,070,000		87,400		1,157,400
	2020		1,115,000		44,600		1,159,600
		\$	5,155,000	\$	635,000	\$	5,790,000

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Debt Coverage – Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds

The trust indentures establish a rate covenant of 1.15 to 1. The rate coverage for the year ended September 30, 2015 was 8.49 to 1. The maximum annual debt service was \$1,159,600 at September 30, 2015.

Additionally, the trust indentures require the City to maintain a sinking fund reserve account equal to maximum annual debt service, or provide the bondholders with an insurance policy guaranteeing the equivalent dollar amount. The City has purchased such insurance policies, replacing the requirement to maintain a fully-funded sinking fund reserve account.

The bond coverage computation follows:

Operating income	\$ 6,183,960
Additions:	
Interest income which qualifies as operating	227 504
revenue for coverage purposes	227,561
Provision for depreciation and amortization	3,435,949
Total additions	<u>3,663,510</u>
Subtractions:	
Nonqualifying revenues:	
Meter fees	<u>945</u>
Income available for debt service	\$ 9,846,525
Maximum annual debt service	<u>\$ 1,159,600</u>
Coverage	8.49:1
Coverage required by bond indentures	<u> 1.15:1</u>

Bonds Authorized, but un-issued

In February 2009, the City passed an ordinance authorizing the issuance of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 in the aggregate principal not to exceed \$12,190,000 to finance all or a portion of the cost of constructing, acquiring and equipping certain improvements to the water and sewer system of the City. The bonds are in parity with the Outstanding Series 2007 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds. As of September 30, 2015, the City has not issued the 2009 Series of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds.

<u>Arbitrage</u>

The City has performed the required arbitrage liability computation in accordance with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) arbitrage regulations. As of September 30, 2015, there are no rebatable arbitrage liabilities for the outstanding bond issues.

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

, ,	Balance			Balance	
	October 1,			September 30,	Due within
	2014	Additions	Deletions	2015	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable and capital lease					
General Obligation, Series 2004	\$ 862,270	\$ -	\$ (423,531)	\$ 438,739	\$ 438,739
General Obligation, Series 2007	24,305,000	-	(625,000)	23,680,000	655,000
CRA Redevelopment Refunding			, , ,		,
Revenue Bond, Series 2012A	9,797,602	-	(1,164,966)	8,632,636	1,205,741
CRA Redevelopment Refunding			, , , ,		, ,
Revenue Bond, Series 2012B	2,863,525	_	(354,381)	2,509,144	362,472
Capital Lease	625,446	_	(119,037)	506,409	121,989
Subtotal	38,453,843	-	(2,686,915)	35,766,928	2,783,941
	· · · · · ·			· · ·	·
Other long-term liabilities	0.242.752	2 200 572	(2.000.542)	0.707.040	200.075
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	8,313,752 19,694,692	3,200,572 11,154,035	(2,806,512)	8,707,812 30,848,727	260,975
Claims and judgments	2,633,811	1,109,562	(1,109,562)	2,633,811	559,686
Net OPEB Obligation	13,205,222	2,778,272	(923,573)	15,059,921	-
Subtotal	43,847,477	18,242,441	(4,839,647)	57,250,271	820,661
					,
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 82,301,320	\$ 18,242,441	\$ (7,526,562)	\$ 93,017,199	\$3,604,602
Business-type Activities					
Revenue Bond, Series 2007	\$ 6,075,000	\$ -	\$ (920,000)	\$ 5,155,000	\$ 950,000
Other long-term liabilities					
Compensated absences payable	1,475,853	592,757	(429,050)	1,639,560	48,415
Net pension liability	1,706,416	966,424	-	2,672,840	-
Net OPEB obligation	2,202,421	401,673	(224,907)	2,379,187	
Subtotal	5,384,690	1,960,854	(653,957)	6,691,587	48,415
Business-type activity					
Long-term liabilities	11,459,690	1,960,854	(1,573,957)	11,846,587	998,415
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 93,761,010	\$ 20,203,295	\$ (9,100,519)	\$ 104,863,786	\$4,603,017
-					

In governmental activities, compensated absences and net OPEB obligation are generally liquidated by the general fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences and net OPEB obligation are generally liquidated by either the appropriate fund of water/wastewater or stormwater. Claims and judgements are generally liquidated by the Internal Service General Insurance Fund.

Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged future water and wastewater customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the aggregate amount of \$11.9 million in water and sewer revenue bonds issued in 2007. Proceeds from these bonds provided financing for the refunding of previously issued revenue bonds. The bonds are payable solely from water and wastewater customer net revenues and are payable through 2020. At fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the maximum annual debt service is at 12% of the net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is approximately \$5.79 million. Principal and interest paid and total customer net revenues for the current year were \$1,163,000 and \$9,846,525, respectively.

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Also, the City has pledged a portion of the future tax incremental revenues collected by the Margate Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) to repay the \$15.6 million redevelopment revenue refunding bonds entered into in December 2012 to refund the 2006 Series bonds which was used to finance the acquisition of various properties for redevelopment purposes. The long-term debts are payable solely from the tax incremental revenues and are payable through 2022. At September 30, 2015, the maximum annual debt service is at 46% of the tax incremental revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on these long-term debts is approximately \$12.4 million. Principal and interest paid and tax incremental revenues for the current year were \$1,912,303 and \$4,180,496, respectively.

F. Capital Lease

In November 2012, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of public safety vehicles valued in the aggregate amount of approximately \$860,000. The vehicles have six (6) years estimated useful life. In fiscal year 2015, approximately \$143,313 was included in depreciation expense. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2015, were as follows:

∕ear ending September 30,	
2016	\$ 134,548
2017	134,548
2018	134,548
2019	 134,548
Total minimum lease payment	538,192
Less: amount representing interest	 (31,783)
Present value of minimum lease	
Payment	\$ 506,409

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Florida Retirement System

Employees of the City who are employed in a full-time or part-time regularly established position participate in the statewide Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS offers members a choice between the Pension Plan (multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan) and the Investment Plan (defined contribution plan). The City previously made an irrevocable election to participate in the FRS, a state-administered retirement system. All rates, benefits and amendments are established by the State of Florida through its legislative body.

The FRS has various classes of memberships. City employees fall under four of the classes, which are as follows:

Special Risk Class – All certified law enforcement officers, certified firefighters/paramedics and certified firefighters/EMTs of the City are covered by this class.

Senior Management Service Class – The City Manager and certain senior management employees (department directors) are included in this class.

Regular Class – This class covers all City employees who do not qualify for membership in the special risk or the senior management service classes.

Elected Officers' Class – City Commissioners are covered under this class.

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Plan Description

Membership in the FRS is required for all full-time and part-time employees working in regularly established positions for state agencies, county governments, district school boards, state universities, and state community colleges; or cities, independent special districts, metropolitan planning districts, and public charter schools that make an irrevocable election to participate. Most Pension Plan members (including renewed members), and State Community College Optional Retirement Program participants may elect to participate in the FRS Investment Plan. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan members who retired and chose to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) are not eligible to become members of the FRS Investment Plan

Type of Benefit

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under sections 121.053 and 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a nonintegrated defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by municipalities, special districts, charter schools, and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can included Medicare.

Average Final Compensation (AFC)

For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation (AFC) is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, AFC is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment.

Vesting

The system provides for vesting of benefits, regardless of membership class, after six years of creditable service for members who are enrolled on or after July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2011 and eight years of creditable service for members who are enrolled on or after July 1, 2011. Vesting for the FRS Investment Plan occurs when an employee completes one year of service in the FRS Investment Plan.

Service Retirement

Normal retirement age in the regular, senior management service and elected officers' classes is 62 for members enrolled before July 1, 2011 and 65 for members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011. In the special risk service class, normal retirement age is 55 for members enrolled before July 1, 2011 and 60 for members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011. If a member is vested but has not reached normal retirement age, early retirement can be taken. The amount of the retirement benefit will be reduced 5% for each year prior to normal retirement.

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation and service credit. The system also provides for death and disability benefits.

State law provides for all eligible FRS members to elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). The DROP allows an employee to retire and defer their monthly retirement benefit to an interest-bearing account, for up to a maximum of sixty months, and to continue employment with the City. When the DROP period ends, the employee must terminate employment. At that time, the employee will receive payment of the accumulated DROP benefits, and direct receipt, thereafter, of the FRS monthly retirement benefit.

Funding Policy

Contributions to the FRS are made by the City as a percentage of covered payrolls. Effective July 1, 2012, state law instituted a requirement that employees in all classes make a contribution to the FRS of 3.00% of their covered payroll, in addition to the employer's contribution. The required contribution rates in effect at year end for the City were 7.26% for regular class employees, 21.43% for senior management service class employees, 22.04% for special risk class employees, and 42.27% for elected officers' class. Additionally, the City is required to contribute 12.88% for all DROP participants. These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions and the 1.26 percent contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy and the fee of 0.04 percent for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans.

The contribution requirements of covered payroll and actual contributions made for fiscal year 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
Contributions requirements: Employer Employee	\$ 5,121,887 <u>921,776</u> \$ 6,043,663	\$ 4,794,850 908,508 \$ 5,703,358	\$ 4,034,044 <u>916,086</u> \$ 4,950,130
Contributions made (100%)	\$ 6,043,663	\$ 5,703,358	\$ 4,950,130
Total covered payroll	\$ 34,229,976	\$ 33,593,442	\$ 34,378,623
Percent of contributions to total covered payroll	17.66%	16.98%	14.40%

The FRS issues a comprehensive annual financial report including a statement of financial condition, historical and statistical information and an actuarial report. A copy can be obtained from the State of Florida, Division of Retirement at:

Department of Management Services
Division of Retirement
Bureau of Research and Member Communications
P.O. Box 9000
Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000
850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers for each defined benefit plan for the measurement date of June 30, 2015, are shown below (in thousands):

	FRS	HIS
Total Pension Liability (A)	\$ 161,370,735	\$ 10,249,201
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	(148,454,394)	(50,774)
Net Pension Liability (A-B)	\$ 12,916,341	\$ 10,198,427
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability (B/A)	92%	0.50%

The total pension liability for each plan was determined by the Plans' actuary and reported in the Plans' valuations dated July 1, 2015. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the Plan. Each Plans' fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Update procedures were not used.

The City reported a liability of \$33,521,567 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The detail of proportion shares are as follows:

FRS Pension Plan:

				Employer	
		Employer		Proportionate Share	Employer
	Proportion at	Contribution for	Proportion at	of Net Pension	Proportionate Share
Employer Contribution for	Prior	Pension Plan	Pension Plan Current Liability/		of Net Pension
Pension Plan Funding for	Measurement	Funding for Current	Measurement	Prior Measurement	Liability/Asset at
Prior Period	Date	Period	Date	Date	Measurement Date
\$ 3,866,427	0.176514976%	\$ 4,186,317	0.171705136%	\$ 10,770,009	\$ 22,178,021

FRS Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program:

\$ 389,493	0.113698628%		5.184 0.111228388%	\$	10,631,099	\$	11,343,546
Prior Period	Prior Period Date		Period Date		Date		surement Date
Pension Plan Funding for	Measurement	Funding for Cu	nding for Current Measurement Prior Measurement		Liab	ility/Asset at	
Employer Contribution for	Prior	Pension Pla	an Current	Liab	oility/Asset at	of N	Net Pension
	Proportion at	Contribution	for Proportion at	of l	Net Pension	Propo	rtionate Share
		Employer		Propo	ortionate Share	ı	Employer
					Employer		

Employer

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Basis of Allocation

The employer's proportionate share reported in the pension allocation schedules was calculated using accrued retirement contributions for employers that were members of the FRS and HIS during fiscal years 2013/2014 and 2014/2015. Although GASB 68 encourages the use of the employers' projected long-term contribution effort to the retirement plan, allocating on the basis of historical employer contributions is acceptable. The aggregate employer contribution amounts for each fiscal year agree to the employer contribution amounts reported in the system's CAFR for that fiscal year.

The proportion calculated based on contributions for each of the fiscal years presented in the pension allocation schedules was applied to the net pension liability and other pension amounts applicable to that fiscal year to determine each employer's proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and associated pension expense. For the purposes of the pension allocation schedules, pension amounts are allocated to reporting employers. The pension amounts of participating employers whose payrolls are reported and contributions are remitted by another entity are included in the reporting employer's amounts and will be allocated to the participating employer by the reporting employer.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS Pension Plan has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for this program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.65%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.80% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2015:

HIS: The total pension liability is calculated on a single equivalent discount rate as required by GASB Statement No. 67. The discount rate used was updated from 4.29% to 3.80% reflecting the change during the fiscal year in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Bond municipal bond index. That index was originally approved for use in HIS GASB 67 calculation by the 2014 Actuarial Assumption Conference.

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equivalent to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The discount rates used at the two dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond rate.

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July based on their June benefit amount (excluding the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy benefit). For retirees who have been retired for less than 12 months on July 1, the first COLA increase is prorated. The COLA applies to all continuing monthly retirement benefits paid under the FRS Pension Plan (i.e., normal and early service retirement benefits and benefits accruing in participant accounts under the DROP, disability retirement benefits, and survivor benefits). The COLA for retirements or DROP participation effective before Aug. 1, 2011, is 3 percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after Aug. 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Each Pension Plan member with an effective retirement date of Aug. 1, 2011, or after will have an individual COLA factor for retirement. FRS Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a COLA after retirement.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2015, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which provides consulting for the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

			Compound	
	Target	Annual	Annual	
	Allocation	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	(1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1%	3.2%	3.1%	1.7%
Fixed income	18%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%
Global equity	53%	8.5%	7.2%	17.7%
Real estate (property)	10%	6.8%	6.2%	12.0%
Private equity	6%	11.9%	8.2%	30.0%
Strategic investments	12%	6.7%	6.1%	11.4%
Assumed Inflation - Mean	1	2.6%		1.9%

^{1 -} As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the collective net pension liability of the participating employers if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2015.

	FRS					
	1%			Current		1%
	Decrease Discount Rate			Increase		
	6.65% 7.65%		8.65%			
Total pension liability	\$	312,372,088	\$	277,081,840	\$	247,714,558
Less: Fiduciary net position		254,903,819		254,903,819		254,903,819
Net pension liability	\$	57,468,269	\$	22,178,021	\$	(7,189,261)

	HIS					
	1%		Current			1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate			Increase
	2.80%		3.80%			4.80%
Total pension liability	\$	12,981,918	\$	11,400,021	\$	10,080,957
Less: Fiduciary net position		56,475		56,475		56,475
Net pension liability	\$	12,925,443	\$	11,343,546	\$	10,024,482

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- 2. Changes of assumptions or other inputs amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- 3. Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

4. Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments – amortized over five years contributions to the pension plans from employers are not included in collective pension expense.

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2015, was 6.3 years for FRS and 7.2 years for HIS. The pension expense recognized during the year by the City amounted to \$5,905,467.

The components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources schedules for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, are presented below for each plan.

FRS Pension Plan

FNS FEISIOII FIAII							
Changes in:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total			
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,211,458	\$ -	\$	1,211,458			
Assumptions/inputs	1,472,030	-		1,472,030			
Projected/Actual earnings	-	(5,295,740)		(5,295,740)			
Experience expected/actual	2,341,342	(525,995)		1,815,347			
Changes in proportion, NPL	-	(4,150,705)		(4,150,705)			
	\$ 5,024,830	\$ (9,972,440)	\$	(4,947,610)			
HIS Prog	ram						
	Deferred	Deferred					
	Outflows of	Inflows of					
Changes in:	Resources	Resources		Total			
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$ 152,256	\$ -	\$	152,256			
Assumptions/inputs	892,441	-		892,441			
Projected/Actual earnings	1,038	5,103		6,141			
Changes in proportion, NPL	-	(716,978)		(716,978)			
	\$ 1,045,735	\$ (711,875)	\$	333,860			

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2015. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Reporting			
Period			
Ending June			
30,	FRS Expense	HIS	S Expense
2016	\$ (4,693,699)	\$	(409,303)
2017	(1,754,452)		155,417
2018	(1,754,452)		155,417
2019	2,614,699		154,169
2020	507,765		153,570
Thereafter	132,529		124,590
Total	\$ (4,947,610)	\$	333,860

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

The required contribution rates in effect at year end were:

	Employee Contribution <u>Rate</u>	Employer Contribution <u>Rate</u>	Total Contribution <u>Rate</u>
Special Risk Class	3%	22.04%	25.04%
Senior Management Service Class	3%	21.43%	24.43%
Regular Class	3%	7.26%	10.26%
Elected Officer's Class	3%	42.27%	45.27%
DROP from FRS	-	12.88%	12.88%

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illness of and injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City has established one internal service fund, the General Insurance Fund, which provides funds for expenses incurred in the insurance programs of workers' compensation and other claims. The City purchases commercial insurance for employee health care coverage, general liability, property, boiler and machinery, public officials' liability, police professional liability, law enforcement officer and firefighter insurance, and accidental death and dismemberment.

The General Insurance fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund in which assets are set aside for claim settlements. All self-funded insurance program premiums are charged to the General Fund, the Stormwater fund and Water/Wastewater Funds, as applicable. The total charge allocated to each fund is determined by trending actual claims experience. Funding for expenses incurred from unexpected and unusual claims are accounted for through a reserve established for such purposes.

The City recorded an estimated liability for indemnity of workers' compensation claims and general insurance claims against the City. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claims adjustment expense) and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported, based on historical experience. Claims liabilities include specific, incremental claim adjustment expenses, allocated loss adjustment expenses, and are reduced for estimated recoveries on unsettled claims such as salvage or subrogation.

The following represents the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the City from October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2015:

	City General Insurance
	Program Fund
Liability balance, October 1, 2013	\$ 442,500
Claims and changes in estimates	3,247,543
Claim payments	(1,056,232)
Liability balances, September 30, 2014	2,633,811
Claims and changes in estimates	1,107,346
Claim payments	(1,107,346)
Liability balances, September 30, 2015	<u>\$ 2,633,811</u>
Claims and judgments due within one year	<u>\$ 559,686</u>
Assets available to pay claims at September 30, 2015	\$ 1,847,060

B. Risk Management (Continued)

The City has not had a significant reduction in insurance coverage. For each of the past three years, major categories of risk, and settled claims have not exceeded the City's retention and excess coverage in force.

C. Contingencies

The City is currently the defendant in a number of litigation issues and claims that arose in the normal course of operations. City management intends to defend such matters. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of these claims and issues will not have a material effect on the activities or net position of the City. As disclosed in the schedule of findings and questioned costs under item 2015-001, the City appears to be in non-compliance with certain requirements under the housing grant agreements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

D. Other Post-employment Benefits

The City offers to retiring employees a one-time opportunity to participate in the City's employee group health and life insurance program pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes. This required participation for retirees and their eligible dependents in the health and life insurance program and other coverage listed in the statute of the City is at a premium cost to the retiree that is no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. A retiring member who rejects this initial opportunity to continue to participate in the health and life insurance program will not be entitled to another opportunity to renew participation at any time in the future. The coverage provided under this program is supplemental and/or secondary to coverage under any and all other health insurance plans or programs that are provided to or carried by the retiring member from any other source. As of September 30, 2015, there were 77 participants receiving these post-employment benefits. The City has no formal plan and it does not issue separate financial statements for its post-employment health and life insurance benefit program.

Based on GASB issuance of Statements No. 43 and 45 which set forth the guidelines and future implementation timetable for reporting and disclosure of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), the City had an actuary calculate future funding requirements during fiscal year 2015. The actuary's estimate, using the projected unit credit cost method, included other actuarial assumptions as classified below.

Funding Policy

The City currently pays for post employment healthcare and life insurance benefits program on a payas-you go basis. As of September 30, 2015, the City has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the post employment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB requirements. The contribution requirements are provided for in the collective bargaining agreements negotiated with various unions representing the employees. The monthly health insurance contribution rate for retirees for fiscal year 2015 ranged from \$491 to \$618 for single coverage and from \$635 to \$650 for family coverage. Life insurance coverage for retiree and spouse is 100% retiree paid.

D. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's annual OPEB cost, the estimated amount contributed to the plan, and the changes in the City's estimated net OPEB obligation for the year ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 3,223,258
Interest on net OPEB obligation	462,229
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(592,602)
Annual OPEB cost	3,092,885
Estimated employer contribution	(1,061,420)
Change in net OPEB obligation	2,031,465
Estimated net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	<u>15,407,643</u>
Estimated net OPEB obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 17,439,108</u>

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net obligation for fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 and two preceding years are presented below:

Fiscal <u>Year Ended</u>	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contribution	% of Estimated OPEB Cost Contributed	Estimated Net OPEB Obligation
2013	\$ 3,286,761	\$ 1,025,885	31%	\$ 13,051,657
2014	3,446,552	1,090,566	32%	15,407,643
2015	3,092,885	1,061,420	34%	17,439,108

Methods and Assumptions

Funded status and funding progress:

For the actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$37,695,721, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$37,695,721. The funded ratio, which is the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability, is 0%. The covered payroll (annual payroll for active participating employees) was \$29,486,716 for that period, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 127.84%. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

D. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Amounts determined regarding the funding status of benefits and the annual required contributions of the City are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with this perspective, actuarial valuations will use actuarial methods and assumptions that include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Following are the actuarial methods and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the annual required contributions for the current year:

Measurement date: October 1, 2014
Actuarial cost method: Entry age

Amortization method: Level percent, closed

Remaining amortization period: 26 years
Asset valuation method: Unfunded
Investment rate of return: 3.0%

Projected salary increases: 4.5% - 8.73%

Payroll growth rate: 3% Inflation rate: 2.3%

Healthcare cost trend rate: 7.1% first year; (6.4)% second year; 6.5% third

year; 4.66% ultimate per capita cost trend; 26 years until ultimate trend; trend rates expected to reach ultimate level of 4.66% in 2040.

E. Interlocal agreement

In 1999, the City entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Coconut Creek to provide emergency medical and fire protection services. Such agreement was renewed during fiscal year 2011, with an expiration date of September 30, 2014. It was amended in September 2014 with a one year extension. In September 2015, the contract was amended for a second time and was extended for one additional year until September 30, 2016. In accordance with the terms of the contract, the City of Margate received \$7.4 million in fiscal year 2015, with such amount to be \$8,123,500 for fiscal year 2016. If the City receives grant funding for FY 2016 for Fire-Rescue personnel, one-half of the amount of the grant proceeds received by the City for FY 2016 will be deducted from the above contract amount.

F. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees an optional deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan available to all full-time employees permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City has no liability or fiduciary responsibility for the Plan; therefore, it is not included in the City's financial statements.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by vendors in the next year were as follows:

Governmental Funds		
General Fund	\$	336,110
Margate Community Redevelopment		117,276
Margate Community Redevelopment Capital Improvement		342,438
Nonmajor Funds		285,045
	1,	080,869
Business-Type Funds		
Water and Wastewater	1,	801,589
Nonmajor Funds		49,167
	1,	850,756
Total	\$2,	931,625

H. Operating Lease

The Margate CRA currently has various lease arrangements for two shopping complexes it owns located along Margate Boulevard. The properties have aggregate costs of approximately \$3.1 million and \$4.3 million in land and building, respectively. The buildings have a total carrying value of \$3.5 million at September 30, 2015. Depreciation expense for the year was approximately \$85,520. Total rental revenues from these properties during the fiscal year amounted to \$606,746.

I. Restated Net Position / Fund Balance

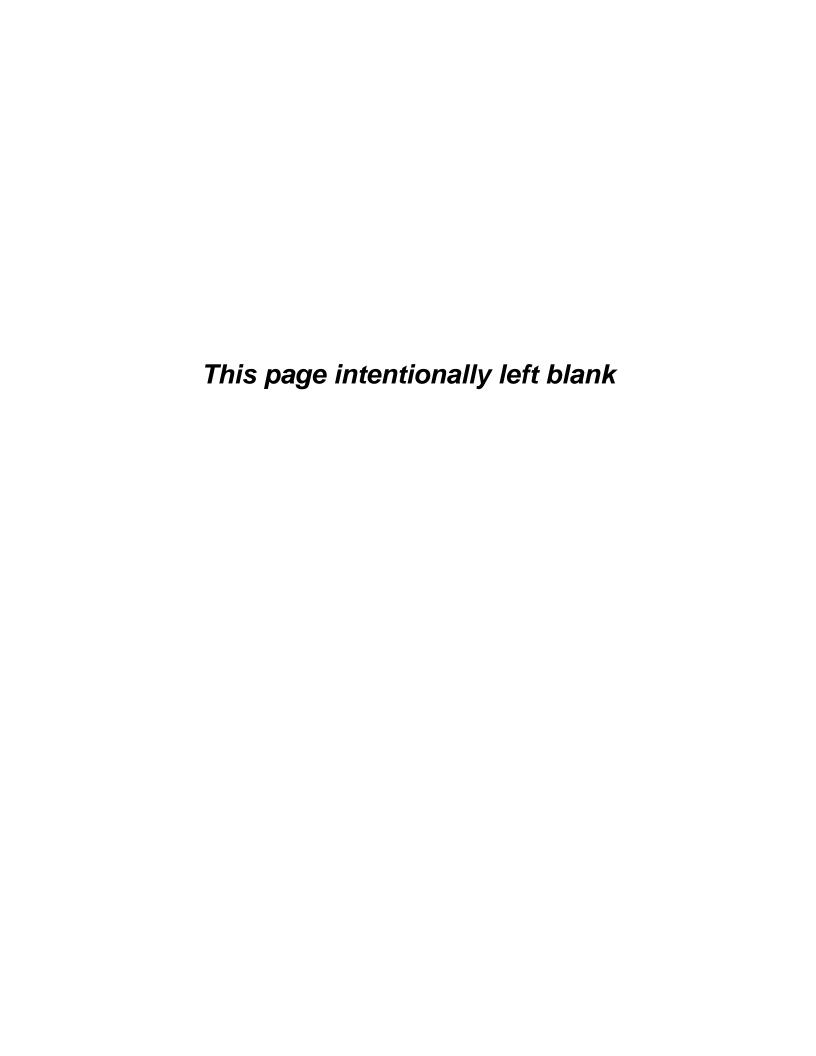
The following discloses the restatements of the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Utility and Stormwater funds as of the beginning of the fiscal year:

Gover	ernment-wide financial statements				
	Gov	vernmental	Business-	-	
	<u>a</u>	<u>activities</u>	type activitie	<u>es</u>	
Net position, September 30, 2014, as previously reported Reclassification of net pension liability		37,891,085 38,233,491)	\$76,732,64 (3,312,68		
Net position, September 30, 2014, as restated	\$ 4	49,657,594	\$73,419,96	35	
		nterprise fund ater and	d statements	<u> </u>	
	W		d statements Stormwate	_	
	W	ater and		er	
Net position, September 30, 2014, as previously reported Reclassification of net pension liability	W: W:	astewater	Stormwate	er <u>d</u> 1	

J. Date of Management review

The City's management has evaluated subsequent events through April 18, 2016, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

Required Supplementary Information



CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				riance with			
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Ac</u>	tual Amounts	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes:	•		•		•		•	(0.4.000)
-1 - 2	\$	13,400,000	\$	13,400,000	\$	13,375,604	\$	(24,396)
Franchise fees		3,795,000		3,795,000		4,181,165		386,165
Utility service taxes		6,450,000		6,450,000		6,583,890		133,890
Licenses and permits		1,368,000		1,368,000		2,567,975		1,199,975
Intergovernmental revenues		5,467,188		5,474,928		5,674,169		199,241
Investment income		160,000		160,000		183,896		23,896
Charges for services		15,320,041		15,320,041		16,164,814		844,773
Fines and forfeitures		518,000		518,000		678,511		160,511
Miscellaneous		1,147,300		1,107,300		2,372,504		1,265,204
Total revenues		47,625,529		47,593,269		51,782,528		4,189,259
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								
City commission		419,234		379,772		339,426		40,346
City manager		667,077		549,447		490,432		59,015
Finance		2,052,362		1,172,988		1,098,315		74,673
Non-departmental		5,485,755		5,355,736		4,186,029		1,169,707
Human resources		649,702		547,235		545,081		2,154
Economic development		622,719		628,351		628,251		100
City clerk		723,951		702,289		702,170		119
City attorney		390,218		306,859		286,903		19,956
Information technology		807,255		765,785		749,299		16,486
Total general government		11,818,273		10,408,462		9,025,906		1,382,556
Public safety:								
Police		16,455,069		16,450,867		16,392,398		58,469
Fire		15,897,833		15,939,495		15,649,529		289,966
Building		1,297,769		1,297,769		1,241,457		56,312
Total public safety		33,650,671		33,688,131		33,283,384		404,747
Culture and recreation:								
Administration		378,574		409,972		409,930		42
Special activities		452,690		437,027		324,157		112,870
Parks and grounds		2,149,168		2,152,181		1,997,839		154,342
		708,224		710,974		674,112		36,862
Aquatics			_		_			
Total culture and recreation	_	3,688,656	_	3,710,154	_	3,406,038		304,116

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND (continued) FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
Public works:				
Administration	708,452	766,452	755,588	10,864
Buildings	1,314,096	1,317,905	1,290,317	27,588
City garage	1,696,811	1,605,130	1,341,773	263,357
Total public works	3,719,359	3,689,487	3,387,678	301,809
Total expenditures	52,876,959	51,496,234	49,103,006	2,393,228
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,251,430)	(3,902,965)	2,679,522	6,582,487
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,746,162	2,996,335	2,996,335	-
Transfers out		(1,120,633)	(1,120,633)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,746,162	1,875,702	1,875,702	
Net change in fund balance	(3,505,268)	(2,027,263)	4,555,224	6,582,487
Fund balances, October 1	28,342,196	28,342,196	28,342,196	
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 24,836,928	\$ 26,314,933	\$ 32,897,420	\$ 6,582,487

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MARGATE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Fi	inal Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	ance with al Budget
Revenues:						
Tax incremental	\$ 4,267,217	\$	4,267,217	\$	4,180,496	\$ (86,721)
Interest income	28,000		28,000		4,071	(23,929)
Rental income	669,600		669,600		606,746	(62,854)
Miscellaneous	 10,000		10,000		58,634	 48,634
Total revenues	 4,974,817	_	4,974,817	_	4,849,947	 (124,870)
Expenditures:						
General government	1,188,005		1,325,285		874,363	450,922
Economic and physical environment	 1,224,608	_	1,087,328		900,250	 187,078
Total expenditures	 2,412,613		2,412,613		1,774,613	 638,000
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,562,204		2,562,204		3,075,334	513,130
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	 (2,562,204)	_	(3,623,732)	_	(3,623,732)	
Net change in fund balance	-		(1,061,528)		(548,398)	513,130
Fund balance at beginning of year	 548,398		548,398		548,398	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 548,398	\$	(513,130)	\$	_	\$ 513,130

See the accompanying Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules.

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. Budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

- 1. Prior to August 15 of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City Commission holds budget workshops and two public hearings to solicit comments and suggestions from the citizens.
- 2. Prior to October 1, a final budget is legally adopted by City Ordinance. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager may approve transfers of appropriations within a department; transfers of appropriations between departments or funds, however, require approval of the City Commission. Accordingly, the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level, except for the Margate CRA and Northwest Focal Point Senior Center where budgetary control is at the Agency level.
- Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year
 end are reported as a component of either assigned or restricted fund balance and do not constitute
 expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the
 subsequent fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va of As	arial lue ssets /A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll
10/1/2010 10/1/2012	\$	-	\$ 34,674,392 37,158,655	\$ 34,674,392 37,158,655	0% 0%	N/A \$ 28,131,491	N/A 132.09%
10/1/2014		-	37,695,721	37,695,721	0%	\$ 29,486,716	127.84%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2010	\$ 3,655,240	18%
2011	3,161,662	20%
2012	3,161,662	22%
2013	3,348,423	31%
2014	3,521,133	31%
2015	3,223,258	33%

Note: GASB 45 was implemented in fiscal year 2009 and actuarial valuation is performed biennially.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF MARGATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS)

		2015		
Florida Retirement System Plan:	FRS		HIS	
Total pension liability	\$ 161,370,735,088	9	10,249,201,2	90
Plan fiduciary net position	(148,454,393,902)		(50,774,3	15)
Net pension liability	\$ 12,916,341,186	9	10,198,426,9	75
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92%		0.50	0%
City of Margate, Florida:				
Share of net pension liability as a percentage	0.171705136%		0.11122838	8%
Share of net pension liability as an amount	\$ 22,178,021	\$	11,343,5	46
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 34,229,976	\$	34,229,9	76
City's share net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	65%		3:	3%

Notes to Schedule:

Assumptions:

- 1. The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.
- 2. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%.
- 3. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%.
- 4. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.65%.
- 5. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.
- 6. The municipal bond rate (the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Bond Municipal Bond Index) was used to determine total pension liability for HIS is 4.29%.

Benefit Types:

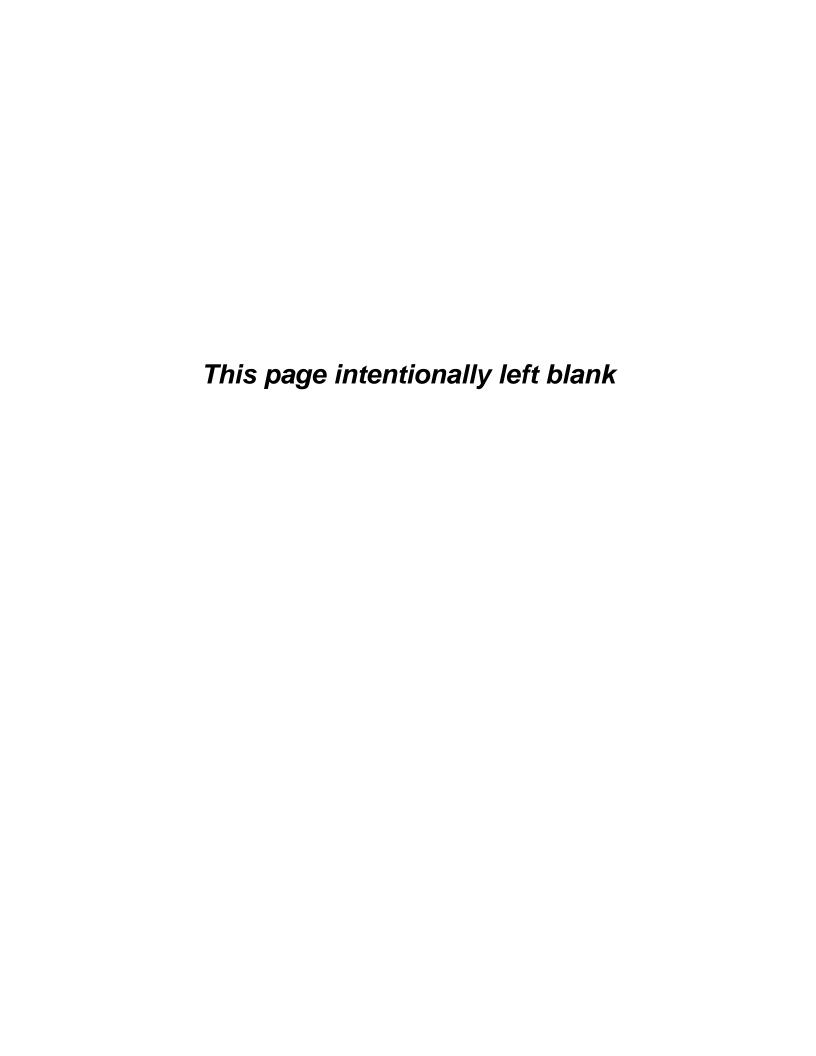
- 1. FRS Pension Plan's retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options.
- 2. HIS Program is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS Payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

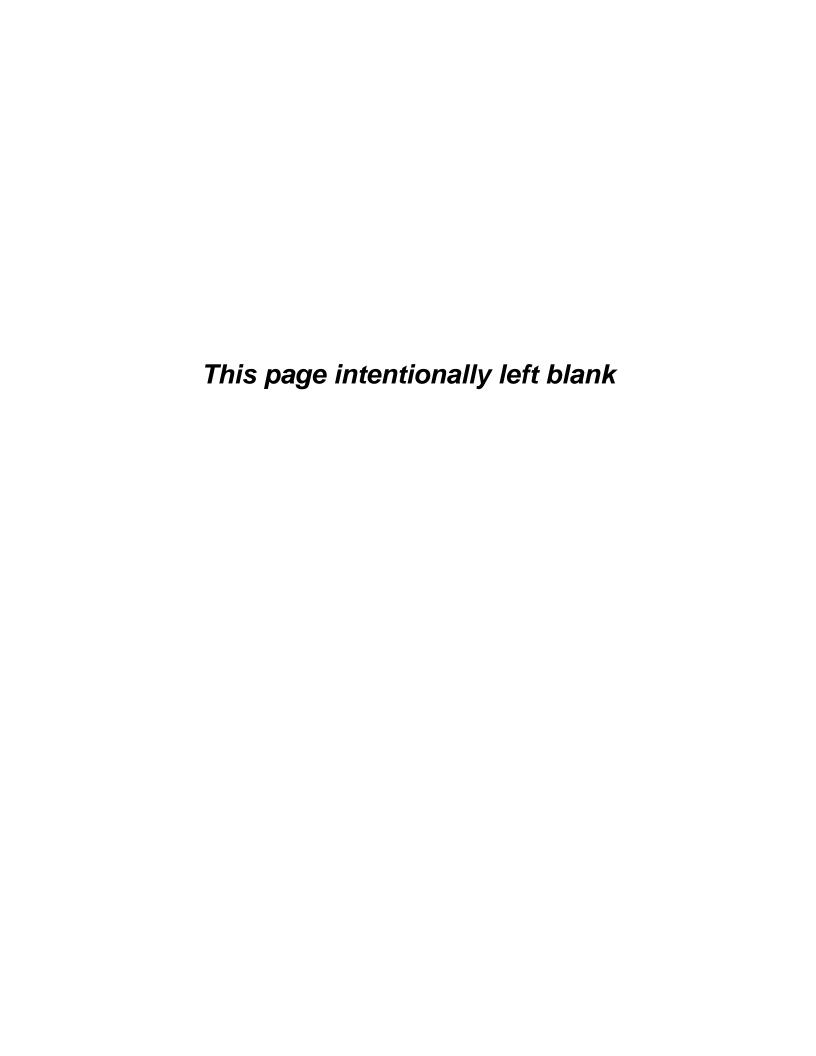
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2015 \$ 6,043,663 6,043,663
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$34,229,976 18%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources legally restricted for the financing of particular activities or projects.

Road Fund - To account for the receipt and disbursement of the City's portion of the state revenue sharing of the gasoline tax and local option gas tax.

Impact Fees Fund - To account for public safety projects. Revenues are derived from impact fees collected during the building permit process.

Special Activities Fund - To account for funds related to recreational activities.

Police Officers Training Fund - To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds derived from court costs assessed for the purpose of law enforcement education expenditures.

Confiscated Properties Fund - To account for revenues generated by Police Department confiscations and investigative reimbursements.

State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Fund - To account for State funds received from the Florida Housing Finance Agency. These funds are used for minor home repair, weatherization, roof replacement program, emergency repair program, home buyer assistance and administration.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund - To account for Federal funds received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. These funds are used for home repairs, home ownership assistance, park rehabilitation, landscaping of blighted areas, commercial revitalization, and administration.

Recreation Trust Fund - To account for the revenues generated from cell phone towers. The funds are used for the development and improvement of recreation facilities.

Northwest Focal Point Senior Center Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the special district that provides services to the elderly.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Sinking Fund - To account for the accumulation of monies in a Sinking Fund for the repayment of 2012 Community Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bonds.

Margate Community Redevelopment Agency Escrow Account Fund - To account for the accumulation of monies for the repayment of 2012 Community Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Bonds.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Debt Service Fund - To account for and report financial resources that are restricted for principal and interest on general long-term debt, for the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007 and the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay including acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

General Capital Projects Fund - To account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by enterprise operations and road bond construction fund.

FIDUCIARY FUND

PERFORMANCE BOND AGENCY FUND

The City's Performance Agency Bond Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of cash performance bonds required in connection with regulatory activities.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			546 5 5 1		Capital Projects	
<u>ASSETS</u>	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Margate Community Redevelopment Agency -Sinking <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service Funds Margate Community Redevelopment Agency -Escrow Account Fund	General Obligation Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Fund General Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable - net Prepaids Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 2,975,844 5,936,507 334,722 48,137 13,586 \$ 9,308,796	\$ - - - - - - - \$	\$ 958,656 - - - - - \$ 958,656	\$ 56,065 - 206 - \$ 56,271	\$ 1,611,736 - - - - \$ 1,611,736	\$ 5,602,301 5,936,507 334,928 48,137 13,586 \$ 11,935,459
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds Unearned revenues Total liabilities	\$ 79,601 160,851 268,251 508,703	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 24,040	\$ 103,641 160,851 268,251 532,743
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable: Prepaids and other assets Restricted for:	48,137	-	-	-	-	48,137
Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation	1,904,798 5,389,060 1,078,566	-	- - -	- - -	-	1,904,798 5,389,060 1,078,566
Debt service Economic development Street Lights	- 120,851 258,681	-	958,656 -	56,271 -		1,014,927 120,851 258,681
Capital projects Total fund balances Total liabilities and	8,800,093		958,656	56,271	1,587,696 1,587,696	1,587,696 11,402,716
fund balances	\$ 9,308,796	\$ -	\$ 958,656	\$ 56,271	\$ 1,611,736	\$ 11,935,459

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			Capital Projects Fund			
	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Margate Community Redevelopment Agency -Sinking <u>Fund</u>	Margate Community Redevelopment Agency -Escrow Account <u>Fund</u>	General Obligation Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	General Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,212,195	\$ -	\$ 2,212,195
Intergovernmental	3,071,202	-	-	-	58,169	3,129,371
Interest income	10,948	-	2,493	-	-	13,441
Charges for services	357,161	-	-	-	-	357,161
Fines and forfeitures	183,802	-	-	-	-	183,802
Miscellaneous	534,897	_ _	<u>-</u>			534,897
Total revenues	4,158,010	<u>-</u>	2,493	2,212,195	58,169	6,430,867
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public safety	514,003	-	-	-	-	514,003
Economic and physical environment	739,177	-	-	-	-	739,177
Culture and recreation	959,523	-	-	-	-	959,523
Public works	1,110,197	-	-	-	-	1,110,197
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	1,519,347	-	1,048,531	-	2,567,878
Interest and other	-	392,956	-	1,152,718	-	1,545,674
Capital outlay					800,407	800,407
Total expenditures	3,322,900	1,912,303	<u> </u>	2,201,249	800,407	8,236,859
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	007.440	(4.040.000)	0.400	40.040	(7.40.000)	(4.00=.000)
over (under) expenditures	835,110	(1,912,303)	2,493	10,946	(742,238)	(1,805,992)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	1,331,255	1,912,303	-	-	407,000	3,650,558
Transfers out	(1,246,787)	-	-	-	(91,008)	(1,337,795)
Total other financing sources (uses)	84,468	1,912,303		<u> </u>	315,992	2,312,763
Net change in fund balances	919,578	-	2,493	10,946	(426,246)	506,771
Fund balances - beginning	7,880,515		956,163	45,325	2,013,942	10,895,945
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,800,093	\$ -	\$ 958,656	\$ 56,271	\$ 1,587,696	\$ 11,402,716

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>		Road <u>Fund</u>	lm	npact Fees <u>Fund</u>		Special Activities <u>Fund</u>		Police Officers Training <u>Fund</u>		Confiscated Properties <u>Fund</u>		State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Fund	0	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) <u>Fund</u>	ı	Recreation Trust <u>Fund</u>		thwest Focal oint Senior Center <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	354,700	\$	904,313	\$	-	\$	81,484	\$		\$	278,498	\$	151,038	\$	437,362	\$	533,301	\$	2,975,844
Investments		5,258,422		-		-		-		678,085		-		-		-		-		5,936,507
Accounts receivable - net		84,956		-		-		-		-		-		116,991		-		132,775		334,722
Prepaids Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		13,586		-		-		-		48,137		48,137 13,586
Total assets	\$	5,698,078	\$	904,313	\$		\$	81,484	\$		\$	278,498	\$	268,029	\$	437,362	\$	714,213	\$	9,308,796
Total assets	Φ	5,696,076	Φ	904,313	Φ		Φ	01,404	Φ	920,019	Φ	270,490	Φ	200,029	Φ	437,302	Φ	714,213	Φ	9,300,790
<u>LIABILITIES</u>																				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	50,337	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,151	\$	40	\$	201	\$	-	\$	24,872	\$	79,601
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		3,667		-		157,184		-		-		160,851
Unearned revenues				<u> </u>	_		_		_			268,251		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				268,251
Total liabilities		50,337		<u>-</u>		-	_	<u> </u>	_	7,818	_	268,291	_	157,385		<u>-</u>		24,872		508,703
FUND BALANCES																				
Nonspendable:																				
Prepaids and other assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		48,137		48,137
Restricted for: Public safety		_		904,313		_		81,484		919,001		_		_				_		1,904,798
Transportation		5,389,060		-		_		01,404		313,001		_		_		_		_		5,389,060
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		_		-		437,362		641,204		1,078,566
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-		10,207		110,644		-		- , -		120,851
Streetlights		258,681																		258,681
Total fund balances		5,647,741		904,313		-		81,484		919,001		10,207		110,644		437,362		689,341		8,800,093
Total liabilities and									_											
fund balances	\$	5,698,078	\$	904,313	\$		\$	81,484	\$	926,819	\$	278,498	\$	268,029	\$	437,362	\$	714,213	\$	9,308,796

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Road <u>Fund</u>	lm	npact Fees <u>Fund</u>		Special Activities <u>Fund</u>		Police Officers Training <u>Fund</u>		Confiscated Properties <u>Fund</u>		State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) <u>Fund</u>	D	Community evelopment Block Grant (CDBG) <u>Fund</u>	ı	Recreation Trust <u>Fund</u>	Fo	lorthwest ocal Point nior Center <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES:																			
Intergovernmental	\$	1,530,969	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,872	\$	782,181	\$	-	\$	755,180	\$ 3,071,202
Interest income		2,900		714		-		-		7,334		-		-		-		-	10,948
Charges for services		-		326,413		-		-		.		-		-		-		30,748	357,161
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		8,055		175,747		-		-		-		-	183,802
Miscellaneous					_		_		_	15,916	_		_		_	308,174		210,807	 534,897
Total revenues	_	1,533,869		327,127		<u>-</u>	_	8,055		198,997		2,872		782,181		308,174		996,735	4,158,010
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public safety Economic and physical environment		-		-		-		23,600		490,403		- 92,645		- 646,532		-		-	514,003 739,177
Culture and recreation		_		_		_		_		_		02,010				_		959,523	959,523
Public works		1,110,197		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		-	1,110,197
Total expenditures	_	1,110,197	_				_	23,600	_	490,403	_	92,645	_	646,532				959,523	 3,322,900
Total experiationes	_	1,110,137	_		_		_	25,000	_	430,403	_	32,043	_	040,002				333,323	 3,322,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		423,672		327,127				(15,545)	_	(291,406)	_	(89,773)	_	135,649	_	308,174		37,212	 835,110
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):																			
Transfers in		242,266		577,186		-		-		511,803		-		-		.		-	1,331,255
Transfers out					_	(383,165)	_		_	(456,622)	_		_		_	(407,000)			 (1,246,787)
Total other financing sources (uses)		242,266		577,186	_	(383,165)	_	<u>-</u>		55,181	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>		(407,000)		<u> </u>	 84,468
Net change in fund balances		665,938		904,313		(383,165)		(15,545)		(236,225)		(89,773)		135,649		(98,826)		37,212	919,578
Fund balances - beginning		4,981,803			_	383,165	_	97,029		1,155,226	_	99,980		(25,005)		536,188		652,129	7,880,515
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,647,741	\$	904,313	\$		\$	81,484	\$	919,001	\$	10,207	\$	110,644	\$	437,362	\$	689,341	\$ 8,800,093

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ROAD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		al Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	riance with nal Budget
Revenues:	_		•		
Intergovernmental	\$	1,477,208	\$	1,530,969	\$ 53,761
Interest income		1,500		2,900	1,400
Total revenues		1,478,708		1,533,869	 55,161
Expenditures:					
Public works		1,520,465		1,110,197	 410,268
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(41,757)		423,672	(465,429)
Other financing sources: Transfers in		242,266		242,266	
Net change in fund balance		200,509		665,938	(465,429)
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,981,803		4,981,803	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,182,312	\$	5,647,741	\$ (465,429)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - IMPACT FEES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
Interest income	\$ 1,000	\$ 714	. ,
Charges for services	20,000	326,413	306,413
Total revenues	21,000	327,127	306,127
Expenditures:			
Public safety	21,000		21,000
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	327,127	327,127
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	577,186	577,186	
Net change in fund balance	577,186	904,313	327,127
Fund balance at beginning of year			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 577,186	\$ 904,313	\$ 327,127

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SPECIAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance wit <u>Final Budge</u>	
Other financing uses: Transfers out	\$	(383,165)	\$	(383,165)	\$	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(383,165)		(383,165)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		383,165	_	383,165		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - POLICE OFFICER TRAINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		nce with I Budget
Revenues:					
Fines and foreitures	\$	-	\$ 8,055	\$	8,055
Interest income		100	 	-	(100)
Total revenues		100	8,055		7,955
Expenditures:					
Public safety		25,100	 23,600		1,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(25,000)	(15,545)		9,455
Fund balance at beginning of year		97,029	97,029		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	72,029	\$ 81,484	\$	9,455

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONFISCATED PROPERTIES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		ance with al Budget
Revenues:	-		-			•
Interest income	\$	1,500	\$	7,334	\$	5,834
Fines and forfeitures		-		175,747		175,747
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		15,916		15,916
Total revenues		1,500		198,997		197,497
Expenditures:						
Public safety		599,288		490,403		108,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(597,788)		(291,406)		306,382
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		511,803		511,803		_
Transfers out		(456,622)		(456,622)		_
Transiers out		(430,022)	-	(430,022)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		55,181		55,181		
Net change in fund balance		(542,607)		(236,225)		306,382
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,155,226		1,155,226		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	612,619	\$	919,001	\$	306,382

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP (SHIP) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 268,251	\$ 2,872	\$ (265,379)
Expenditures: Economic and physical environment	381,473	92,645	288,828
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(113,222)	(89,773)	23,449
Fund balance at beginning of year	99,980	99,980	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (13,242)	\$ 10,207	\$ 23,449

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 712,337	\$ 782,181	\$ 69,844
Expenditures: Economic and physical environment	1,057,104	646,532	410,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(344,767)	135,649	480,416
Fund balance at beginning of year	(25,005)	(25,005)	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (369,772)	\$ 110,644	\$ 480,416

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - RECREATION TRUST SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			_
Interest income	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000)
Miscellaneous	357,500	308,174	(49,326)
Total revenues	358,500	308,174	(50,326)
Expenditures:			
Culture and recreation	1,500	_	1,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	357,000	308,174	(48,826)
Other financing uses: Transfers out	(407,000)	(407,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(50,000)	(98,826)	(48,826)
Fund balance at beginning of year	536,188	536,188	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 486,188	\$ 437,362	\$ (48,826)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - NORTHWEST FOCAL POINT SENIOR CENTER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual Amounts	Variance wit <u>Final Budge</u>	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 752,709	\$,	\$	2,471
Charges for services	-		30,748		30,748
Miscellaneous	 177,569		210,807		33,238
Total revenues	 930,278		996,735		66,457
Expenditures:					
Culture and recreation	 986,251		959,523		26,728
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(55,973)		37,212		93,185
Fund balance at beginning of year	 652,129		652,129		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 596,156	\$	689,341	\$	93,185

DEBT SERVICE FUND - MARGATE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY - SINKING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>			Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures: Debt service:					
Principal retirement Interest and other	\$	1,519,347 392,956	\$	1,519,347 392,956	\$ -
Total expenditures		1,912,303		1,912,303	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,912,303)		(1,912,303)	-
Other financing sources: Transfers in		1,912,303		1,912,303	
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year					
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>

DEBT SERVICE FUND - MARGATE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY - ESCROW SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Davienusa		Budgeted mounts	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with <u>Final Budget</u>	
Revenues: Interest income	\$		\$ 2,493	\$	2,493
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-	2,493		2,493
Fund balance at beginning of year		956,163	 956,163		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	956,163	\$ 958,656	\$	2,493

DEBT SERVICE FUND - GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Property taxes	\$ 2,202,266	\$ 2,212,195	\$ 9,929	
Property taxes	φ 2,202,200	φ 2,212,195	<u>ψ 9,929</u>	
Expenditures:				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,048,531	1,048,531	-	
Interest and other	1,153,735	1,152,718	1,017	
Total expenditures	2,202,266	2,201,249	1,017	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	10,946	10,946	
Fund balance at beginning of year	45,325	45,325		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 45,325	\$ 56,271	\$ 10,946	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		 iance with al Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	75,000	\$	58,169	\$ (16,831)
Expenditures:		_		_	
Capital outlay		1,547,350		800,407	 746,943
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,472,350)		(742,238)	(730,112)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		407,000		407,000	-
Transfers out		(91,008)		(91,008)	
Total other financing sources		315,992		315,992	
Net change in fund balance		(1,156,358)		(426,246)	730,112
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,013,942		2,013,942	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	857,584	\$	1,587,696	\$ 730,112

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - MARGATE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Interest income	\$ -	\$ 16,643	\$ 16,643
Expenditures: Economic and physical environment	8,208,741	292,549	7,916,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,208,741)	(275,906)	7,932,835
Other financing sources: Transfers in	1,711,429	1,711,429	
Net change in fund balance	(6,497,312)	1,435,523	7,932,835
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,558,741	7,558,741	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,061,429	\$ 8,994,264	\$ 7,932,835

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - MARGATE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY LOAN PROCEEDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

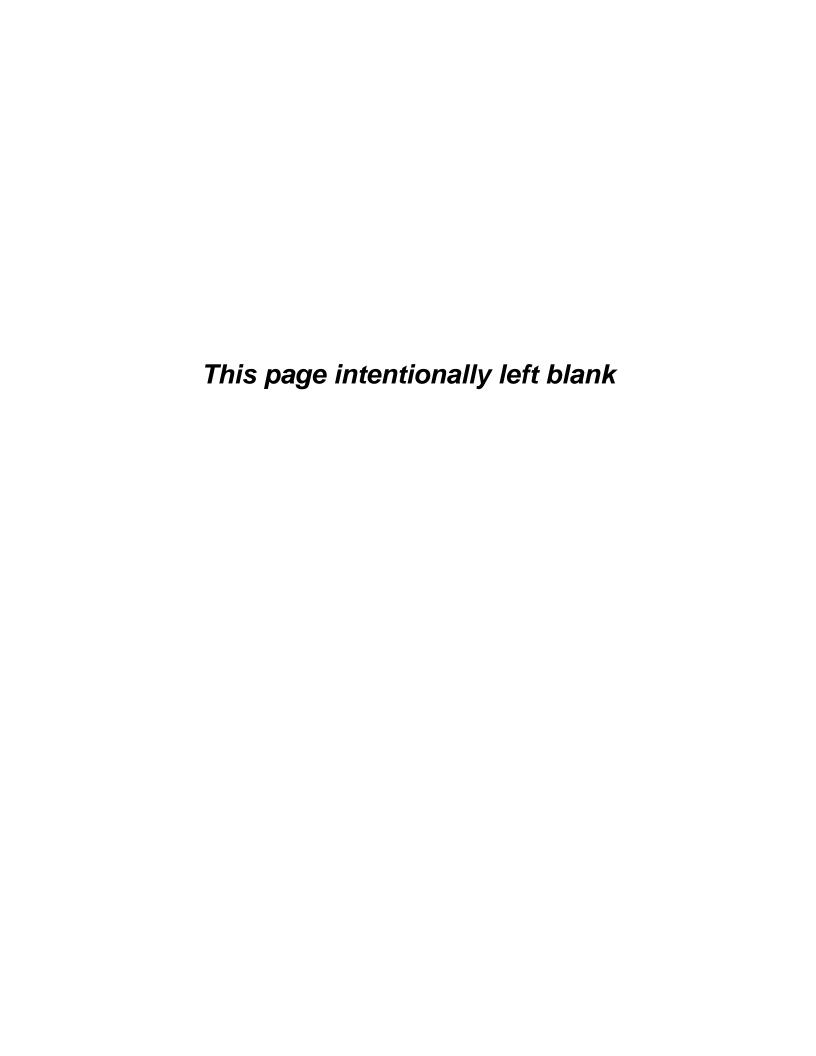
_	l Budgeted mounts	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues: Interest income	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 3,808	\$	3,808	
Expenditures: Capital Outlay	 7,046,450	 1,123,505		(5,922,945)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,046,450)	(1,119,697)		5,926,753	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 7,047,634	 7,047,634			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,184	\$ 5,927,937	\$	5,926,753	

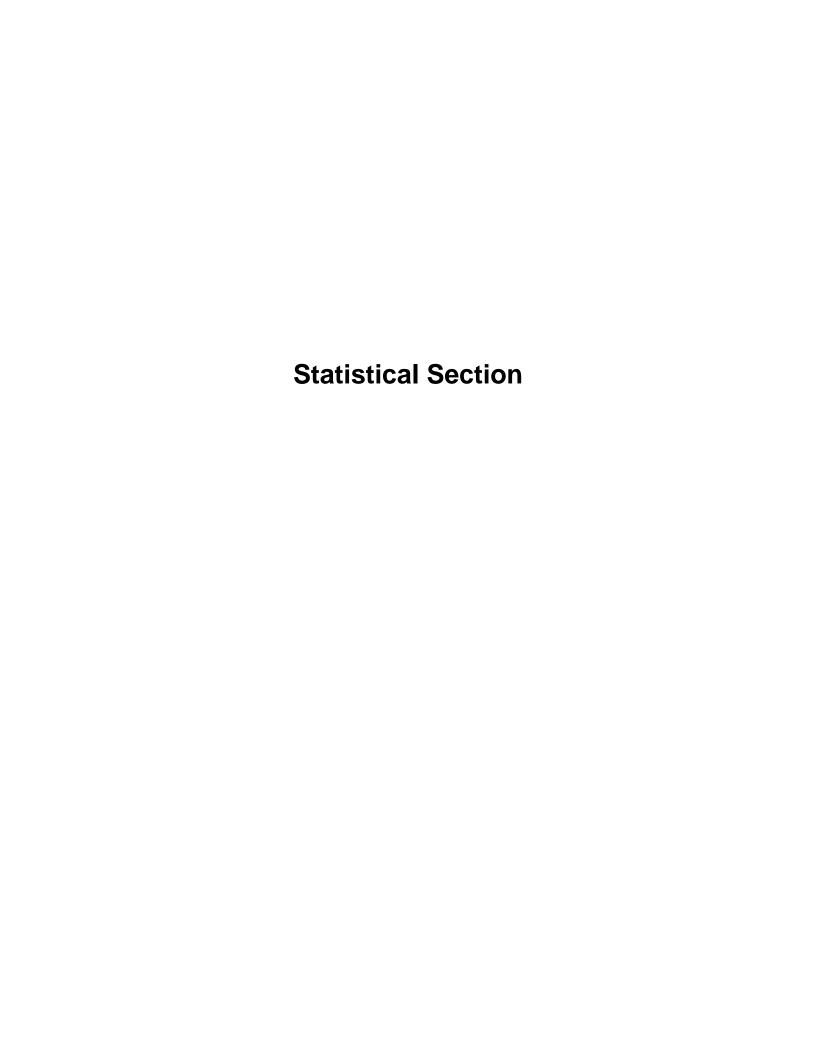
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES PERFORMANCE BOND AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

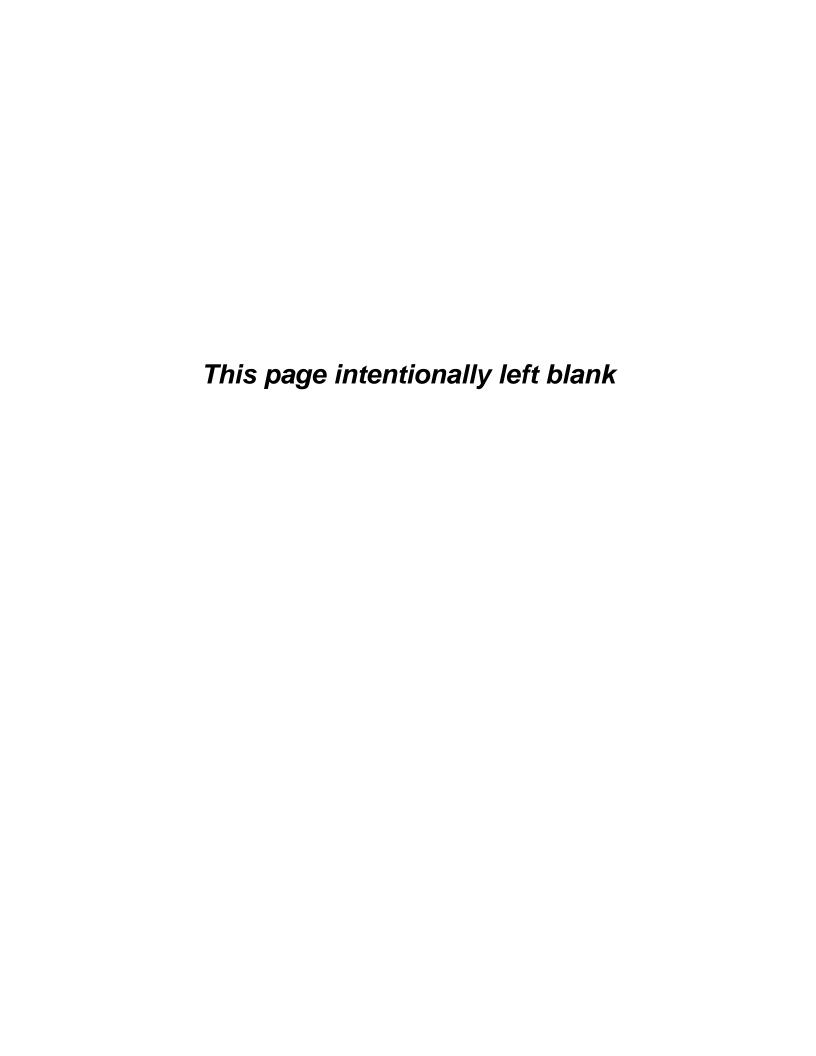
	(Balance October 1,			Se	Balance eptember 30,
Appata		2014		2015		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	316,783	\$ 88,008	\$ 192,149	\$	212,642
Total assets	\$	316,783	\$ 88,008	\$ 192,149	\$	212,642
Liabilities						
Performance bonds payable	\$	316,783	\$ 88,008	\$ 192,149	\$	212,642
Total liabilities	\$	316,783	\$ 88,008	\$ 192,149	\$	212,642

WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND
DEBT SERVICE - 2007 WATER AND SEWER REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Year Ending <u>September 30</u>	incipal Due October 1	erest Due ctober 1	Int	erest Due <u>April 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 950,000	\$ 103,100	\$	103,100	\$ 1,156,200
2017	990,000	84,100		84,100	1,158,200
2018	1,030,000	64,300		64,300	1,158,600
2019	1,070,000	43,700		43,700	1,157,400
2020	 1,115,000	 22,300		22,300	1,159,600
	\$ 5,155,000	\$ 317,500	\$	317,500	\$ 5,790,000







STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Content	Page
Financial Trends	. ago
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's s financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	101-106
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	107-110
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	111-114
Demographic and Economical Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	115-116
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	117-119

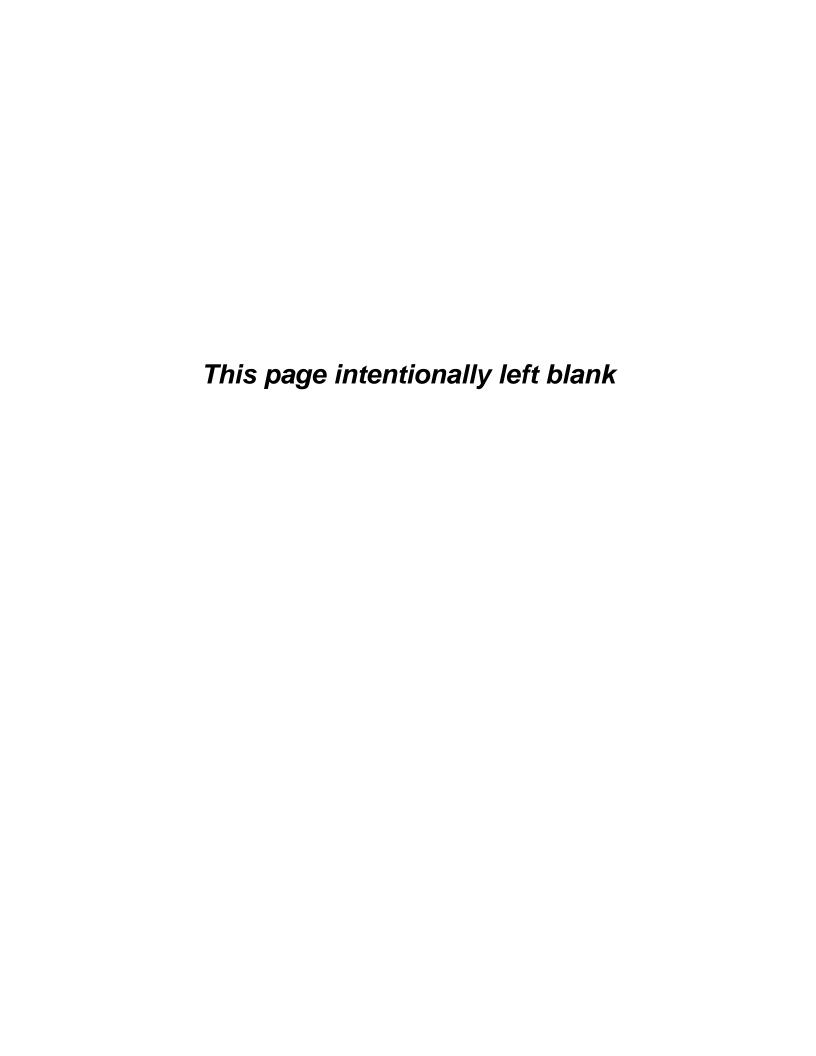


TABLE 1 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	ıl Ye	ear				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>		<u>2011 *</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Governmental activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 51,105,678	\$ 57,746,883	\$ 63,555,399	\$ 63,469,602	\$ 60,748,215	\$	59,236,569	\$ 60,008,760	\$ 57,513,624	\$ 59,679,684	\$ 60,387,578
Restricted	9,665,533	6,576,125	10,537,977	9,771,015	10,899,393		9,840,289	9,793,414	24,103,414	25,349,566	25,929,103
Unrestricted	9,757,788	9,105,738	5,840,625	8,442,805	16,900,014		19,724,171	22,746,251	11,472,320	2,861,835	(31,134,727)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 70,528,999	\$ 73,428,746	\$ 79,934,001	\$ 81,683,422	\$ 88,547,622	\$	88,801,029	\$ 92,548,425	\$ 93,089,358	\$ 87,891,085	\$ 55,181,954
Business-type activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 31,692,750	\$ 34,436,581	\$ 37,244,297	\$ 39,888,342	\$ 40,996,634	\$	41,905,219	\$ 42,398,535	\$ 41,685,485	\$ 40,903,406	\$ 43,771,693
Restricted	8,995,506	9,211,605	8,682,305	8,188,313	500,000		500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Unrestricted	 15,686,004	14,234,286	11,636,867	11,725,181	19,965,778		22,591,075	26,673,721	 31,493,783	35,329,241	36,780,207
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 56,374,260	\$ 57,882,472	\$ 57,563,469	\$ 59,801,836	\$ 61,462,412	\$	64,996,294	\$ 69,572,256	\$ 73,679,268	\$ 76,732,647	\$ 81,051,900
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 82,798,428	\$ 92,183,464	\$ 100,799,696	\$ 103,357,944	\$ 101,744,849	\$	101,141,788	\$ 102,407,295	\$ 99,199,109	\$ 100,583,090	104,159,271
Restricted	18,661,039	15,787,730	19,220,282	17,959,328	11,399,393		10,340,289	10,293,414	24,603,414	25,849,566	26,429,103
Unrestricted	 25,443,792	23,340,024	17,477,492	20,167,986	36,865,792		42,315,246	49,419,972	 42,966,103	 38,191,076	 5,645,480
Total primary government net position	\$ 126,903,259	\$ 131,311,218	\$ 137,497,470	\$ 141,485,258	\$ 150,010,034	\$	153,797,323	\$ 162,120,681	\$ 166,768,626	\$ 164,623,732	\$ 136,233,854

^{*} Governmental activities were re-stated for fiscal year 2011 by a decrease in expenditures in the amount of \$1,006,741 for interest on long-term debt.

TABLE 2 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Page 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1900						Fisca	ıl Year				
Concernate derivities:		<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011 *</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Concernate derivities:	Expenses										
Separate	•										
Public safety 30,83,2588 35,00,6864 30,00,043 35,590,215 35,400,818 34,40,006, 304,24,000 35,80,8028 37,503,750 33,401,912 50,000,001 34,440,255 34,440,255 34,40,255 34,40,272 37,854,373 34,813,13 32,505,597 34,60,376 34,813,141 51,38,787 75,743,046 36,60,336 36,003,303 36,403,30		\$ 8.821.141	\$ 10.268.652	\$ 9.634.020	\$ 9.685.303	\$ 9.892.537	\$ 8.082.190	\$ 9.422.672	\$ 9.242.469	\$ 11.010.723	\$ 10.237.660
Public work 1,440,255 1,50,314 4,767,27 4,077,221 3,785,437 3,641,131 3,265,597 4,160,376 4,981,314 5,136,767 1,991,119 1,99	•	30,832,588	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	34,906,406	34,524,960	35,380,426	37,593,750	33,491,912
Public works 15,607.10 751.607 751.408 6,862.30 731.152 8,171.33 6,409.20 731.143 1,089.175 709.119 1,089.119 1,	Economic and physical development	1,129,413	2,939,372	4,157,341	5,005,091	3,475,742	2,592,179	2,442,984	3,550,866	2,623,786	2,332,157
Marcias on long-term debt 161.468 986.035 1834.783 1.780.246 2.611.907 1.637.523 1.992.924 1.730.543 1.651.830 1.557.806 1.651.830 1.557.806 1.651.830 1.557.806 1.651.830 1.557.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.651.830 1.657.806 1.657	Culture and recreation	4,440,255	5,160,341	4,767,627	4,077,221	3,785,437	3,641,131	3,256,597	4,160,376	4,981,341	5,136,787
Program Revenues	Public works	15,607,104	7,513,607	7,574,304	6,682,336	7,321,527	8,171,353	6,409,320	7,311,453	10,981,715	7,099,119
Business-type activities: State and wastewater State and waste	Interest on long-term debt	161,468	966,035	1,834,783	1,780,246	2,611,907	1,637,523	1,992,924	1,730,543	1,651,830	1,537,960
Maler and wastewater 15,734,765 16,167,225 16,865,327 17,866,733 17,866,819 17,267,605 17,441,105 16,730,06 18,693,94 10,035,051 10,031,0	Total governmental activities	60,991,969	61,954,871	62,977,118	62,829,412	62,547,968	59,030,782	58,049,457	61,376,133	68,843,145	59,835,595
Program Revenues	Business-type activities:										
Total pusiness-type activities 16,474,636 16,760,993 17,787,289 18,783,638 18,884,141 18,351,136 18,497,376 19,756,297 19,729,902 18,296,480	Water and wastewater	15,734,765	16,167,225	16,895,327	17,896,733	17,865,819	17,267,605	17,544,105	18,673,006	18,693,949	17,201,687
Program Revenues Str. St	Stormwater utility	739,871	593,768	891,962	886,905	1,018,322	1,083,531	953,271	1,083,291	1,035,953	1,094,793
Program Revenues Sovernmental activities	Total business-type activities	16,474,636	16,760,993	17,787,289	18,783,638	18,884,141	18,351,136	18,497,376	19,756,297	19,729,902	18,296,480
Covernmental activities:	Total expenses	\$ 77,466,605	\$ 78,715,864	\$ 80,764,407	\$ 81,613,050	\$ 81,432,109	\$ 77,381,918	\$ 76,546,833	\$ 81,132,430	\$ 88,573,047	\$ 78,132,075
Charges for services: General government General go	Program Revenues										
Seminar Semi	Governmental activities:										
Public safety 13,262,595 12,254,959 18,343,939 14,290,780 15,023,681 15,150,035 18,385,589 18,383,201 18,469,440 19,009,361 Economic and physical environment I3,466 17,477 15,4747 11,476 12,475,476 14,471,475,477 14,475,477 14,475,477 14,475,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477 14,477,477,477,477,477,477,477,477,477,4	Charges for services:										
Economic and physical environment	<u> </u>	+ .,,	. , ,	. , ,					. ,	. ,	
Culture and recreation Public works 11,466 12,277 12,505 45,120 459,054 475,564 455,773 452,487 511,007 620,378 Public works 11,466 12,277 12,505 40,176 87,866 - 2 27,863 23,209 26,793 26,793 20,614 12,010,100 12,010 11,010,100 11,		13,262,595	12,254,959				15,150,035	18,385,589			, ,
Public works 11,466 12,270 12,505 40,176 87,866 - - - 27,863 23,209 26,793 Operating grants and contributions 11,304,046 4,422,611 4,101,252 3,935,458 3,087,643 2,611,494 2,495,450 3,095,508 2,158,337 2,054,187 Total governmental activities 27,181,315 19,301,024 24,780,818 19,467,122 19,412,346 19,363,227 22,794,116 23,376,880 22,616,747 22,430,144 Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and wastewater 17,502,217 16,701,899 15,776,859 19,448,397 20,659,032 21,862,498 22,313,454 22,693,640 22,732,250 23,119,770 Stormwater utility 922,657 1,695,707 923,869 1,156,091 1,231,258 1,252,815 1,253,182 1,249,716 1,248,354 1,249,029 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - - - 104,263 12,722 1					,		-	-	,	,	
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 11,304,046 20,000 20,000		,	,				475,564	455,773			
Capital grants and contributions 180,000 20,000 215,748 526,111		,	,	,	,	,	-	-	,	,	,
Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and wastewater Stormwater utility Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total program revenues \$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc		, ,		4,101,252	3,935,458	3,087,643		, ,	3,095,508		2,054,187
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and wastewater Stormwater utility Stormwater utility Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total program revenues \$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	. •		,	- 24 700 040	10 467 400	- 10 412 246		,	- 22 276 990		- 20 420 444
Charges for services: Water and wastewater Water and wastewater Stormwater utility Stormwater utility Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities \$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	Total governmental activities	27,181,315	19,301,024	24,780,818	19,467,122	19,412,346	19,363,227	22,794,116	23,376,880	22,616,747	22,430,144
Water and wastewater Stormwater utility 17,502,217 16,701,899 15,776,859 19,448,397 20,659,032 21,862,498 22,313,454 22,693,640 22,732,250 23,119,770 Stormwater utility 922,657 1,695,707 923,869 1,156,091 1,231,258 1,252,815 1,253,182 1,249,716 1,248,354 1,249,029 Operating grants and contributions -<	Business-type activities:										
Stormwater utility 922,657 1,695,707 923,869 1,156,091 1,231,258 1,252,815 1,253,182 1,249,716 1,248,354 1,249,029 Operating grants and contributions - <											
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities 18,424,874 18,397,606 16,700,728 20,604,488 21,890,290 23,354,922 24,541,609 25,261,285 24,299,534 27,943,548 Total program revenues \$45,606,189 \$37,698,630 \$41,481,546 \$40,071,610 \$41,302,636 \$42,718,149 \$47,335,725 \$48,638,165 \$46,916,281 \$50,373,692 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$(33,810,654) \$(42,653,847) \$(38,196,300) \$(43,362,290) \$(43,135,622) \$(39,667,555) \$(35,255,341) \$(37,999,253) \$(46,226,398) \$(37,405,451) Business-type activities \$1,950,238 \$1,636,613 \$(1,086,561) \$1,820,850 \$3,006,149 \$5,003,786 \$6,044,233 \$5,504,988 \$4,569,632 \$9,647,068}			, ,								
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities 18,424,874 18,397,606 16,700,728 20,604,488 21,890,290 23,354,922 24,541,609 25,261,285 24,299,534 27,943,548	,	922,657	1,695,707	923,869	1,156,091	1,231,258		, ,	1,249,716	1,248,354	1,249,029
Total program revenues 18,424,874 18,397,606 16,700,728 20,604,488 21,890,290 23,354,922 24,541,609 25,261,285 24,299,534 27,943,548 27,943,548 Total program revenues \$45,606,189 \$ 37,698,630 \$ 41,481,546 \$ 40,071,610 \$ 41,302,636 \$ 42,718,149 \$ 47,335,725 \$ 48,638,165 \$ 46,916,281 \$ 50,373,692 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$(33,810,654) \$(42,653,847) \$(38,196,300) \$(43,362,290) \$(43,135,622) \$(39,667,555) \$(35,255,341) \$(37,999,253) \$(46,226,398) \$(37,405,451) \$ Business-type activities 1,950,238 1,636,613 (1,086,561) 1,820,850 3,006,149 5,003,786 6,044,233 5,504,988 4,569,632 9,647,068		-	-	-	-	-	,	,	-		-
Total program revenues \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			-	-	-	-					
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (33,810,654) \$ (42,653,847) \$ (38,196,300) \$ (43,362,290) \$ (43,135,622) \$ (39,667,555) \$ (35,255,341) \$ (37,999,253) \$ (46,226,398) \$ (37,405,451) \$ Business-type activities 1,950,238 1,636,613 (1,086,561) 1,820,850 3,006,149 5,003,786 6,044,233 5,504,988 4,569,632 9,647,068	Total business-type activities	18,424,874	18,397,606	16,700,728	20,604,488	21,890,290	23,354,922	24,541,609	25,261,285	24,299,534	27,943,548
Governmental activities \$ (33,810,654) \$ (42,653,847) \$ (38,196,300) \$ (43,362,290) \$ (43,135,622) \$ (39,667,555) \$ (35,255,341) \$ (37,999,253) \$ (46,226,398) \$ (37,405,451) \$ Business-type activities \$ 1,950,238 1,636,613 (1,086,561) 1,820,850 3,006,149 5,003,786 6,044,233 5,504,988 4,569,632 9,647,068	Total program revenues	\$ 45,606,189	\$ 37,698,630	\$ 41,481,546	\$ 40,071,610	\$ 41,302,636	\$ 42,718,149	\$ 47,335,725	\$ 48,638,165	\$ 46,916,281	\$ 50,373,692
Governmental activities \$ (33,810,654) \$ (42,653,847) \$ (38,196,300) \$ (43,362,290) \$ (43,135,622) \$ (39,667,555) \$ (35,255,341) \$ (37,999,253) \$ (46,226,398) \$ (37,405,451) \$ Business-type activities \$ 1,950,238 1,636,613 (1,086,561) 1,820,850 3,006,149 5,003,786 6,044,233 5,504,988 4,569,632 9,647,068	Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Business-type activities 1,950,238 1,636,613 (1,086,561) 1,820,850 3,006,149 5,003,786 6,044,233 5,504,988 4,569,632 9,647,068	` ' '	\$ (33.810 654)	\$ (42.653.847)	\$ (38.196.300)	\$ (43.362.290)	\$ (43.135.622)	\$ (39.667.555)	\$ (35.255.341)	\$ (37.999.253)	\$ (46.226.398)	\$ (37,405,451)
	**										

^{*} Governmental activities were re-stated for fiscal year 2011 by a decrease in expenditures in the amount of \$1,006,741 for interest on long-term debt.

TABLE 2 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011 *</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 16.504.867	\$ 19,330,205	\$ 18,369,864	\$ 19,917,843	\$ 19,822,680	\$ 15,816,304	\$ 15,360,612	\$ 14,920,830	\$ 15,211,654	\$ 15,587,799
Franchise taxes	4,143,247	4,212,632	4,164,306	4,163,741	3,945,916	3,901,966	3,845,702	3,799,673	4,062,878	4,181,165
Utility service taxes	6,288,254	6,133,115	6,080,705	6,413,933	6,398,925	6,307,503	6,311,257	6,541,179	6,573,918	6,583,890
Sales tax	6,775,333	4,758,170	4,473,092	3,996,063	3,836,884	3,997,337	4,155,678	4,446,926	4,817,410	5,109,632
Gas taxes	1,961,837	1,527,310	1,482,316	1,435,609	1,394,143	1,406,512	1,385,513	1,385,386	1,450,728	1,493,761
Tax incremental revenue	4,011,541	5,202,314	5,949,939	6,430,395	6,164,507	4,266,914	3,686,138	3,604,128	4,326,277	4,180,496
Intergovernmental not restricted to specific program	456,536	246,850	247,201	162,534	138,318	148,025	232,758	134,625	174,228	176,397
Investment income	1,077,643	2,024,156	2,010,753	591,770	462,470	224,645	341,950	(116,184)	152,571	221,859
Miscellaneous	1,262,329	1,055,464	1,877,484	1,840,809	1,772,299	2,105,331	1,902,327	2,022,200	1,893,816	3,049,471
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	85,238	45,895	159,014	-	-	32,564	54,385	-	69,179
Transfers	(61,000)	978,140	-	-	1,744,150	1,746,425	1,748,238	1,747,038	1,746,163	2,276,162
Total general revenue and transfers	42,420,587	45,553,594	44,701,555	45,111,711	45,680,292	39,920,962	39,002,737	38,540,186	40,409,643	42,929,811
Business-type activities:										
Intergovernmental not restricted to specific program	_	_	100,000	_	_	_				
Investment income	489,576	836,168	658,652	413,199	398,577	239,740	213,458	284,897	259,292	227,561
Miscellaneous	3,518	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	13,571	8,906	4,318	-	36,781	66,509	64,165	29,944	33,468
Transfers	61,000	(978,140)	-	-	(1,744,150)	(1,746,425)	(1,748,238)	(1,747,038)	(1,746,163)	(2,276,162)
Total business-type activities	554,094	(128,401)	767,558	417,517	(1,345,573)	(1,469,904)	(1,468,271)	(1,397,976)	(1,456,927)	(2,015,133)
Total primary government	\$ 42,974,681	\$ 45 425 193	\$ 45 469 113	\$ 45 529 228	\$ 44,334,719	\$ 38 451 058	\$ 37 534 466	\$ 37,142,210	\$ 38 952 716	\$ 40 914 678
. otal pilinally goronimon	ψ 1 <u>2,01 1,001</u>	ψ 10, 120, 100	ψ 10,100,710	Ψ 10,020,220	ψ 11,001,110	+ 30, 101,000	ψ 37,00 i, r00	Ψ 37,11 <u>2,210</u>	ψ 30,00 <u>2,110</u>	ψ,σ.ι ι,σ.ι σ
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 6,711,985	\$ 2,899,747	\$ 6,505,255	\$ 1,749,421	\$ 2,544,670	\$ 253,407	\$ 3,747,396	\$ 540,933	\$ (5,816,755)	\$ 5,524,360
Business-type activities	2,504,332	1,508,212	(319,003)	2,238,367	1,660,576	3,533,882	4,575,962	4,107,012	3,112,705	7,631,935
Total change in net position	\$ 9.216.317		\$ 6,186,252		\$ 4.205.246	\$ 3.787.289	\$ 8,323,358	\$ 4,647,945		\$ 13,156,295
Total change in not position	Ψ 5,210,017	Ψ Τ,ΤΟΙ, 303	ψ 0,100,202	Ψ 0,501,700	Ψ 4,200,240	Ψ 0,101,203	Ψ 0,020,000	Ψ +,0+1,0+0	Ψ (2,104,000)	Ψ 10,100,200

^{*} Governmental activities were re-stated for fiscal year 2011 by a decrease in expenditures in the amount of \$1,006,741 for Interest on long-term debt.

TABLE 3

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands of dollars)

			Utility Service			Tax Incremental	
Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Franchise Tax	Tax	Sales Tax	Gas Tax	Revenue	Total
2006	16.505	4,143	6,288	4.877	1,962	4,012	37,787
2007	19,330	4,213	6,133	4,758	1,527	5,202	41,163
2008	18,370	4,164	6,081	4,473	1,482	5,950	40,520
2009	19,918	4,164	6,414	3,996	1,436	6,430	42,358
2010	19,823	3,946	6,399	3,837	1,394	6,165	41,564
2011	15,816	3,902	6,308	3,997	1,407	4,267	35,697
2012	15,361	3,846	6,311	4,156	1,386	3,686	34,745
2013	14,921	3,800	6,541	4,447	1,385	3,604	34,698
2014	15,212	4,063	6,574	4,817	1,451	4,326	36,443
2015	15,588	4,181	6,584	5,110	1,494	4,180	37,137

TABLE 4 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>
General Fund										
Reserved (1)	\$ 260,739	\$ 535,535	\$ 384,721	\$ 46,149	\$ 64,851	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved (1)	9,836,308	12,040,070	9,410,121	13,421,509	16,650,440	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,447	21,019
Restricted	=	-	-	-	-	905,230	1,024,314	1,223,945	1,498,012	1,240,019
Committed	=	-	-	-	-	311,642	108,947	313,585	-	1,060,302
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	7,829,551	7,173,003	6,913,495	19,076,067	22,619,686
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	11,222,721	14,033,380	17,263,869	7,751,670	7,956,394
Total general fund	\$10,097,047	\$12,575,605	\$ 9,794,842	\$13,467,658	\$16,715,291	\$20,269,144	\$22,339,644	\$25,714,894	\$28,342,196	\$ 32,897,420
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved (1)	\$ 319,630	\$ 489,457	\$ 9,630,093	\$ 649,361	\$ 669,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved (1), reported in:										
Special revenue funds	14,542,731	32,884,918	20,036,324	20,531,648	22,696,917	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	2,331,676	1,569,573	1,139,931	1,220,319	1,058,802	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	=	-	-	-	-	33,891	452,140	484,751	51,961	48,137
Restricted, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	21,236,254	22,114,987	22,563,427	8,401,957	8,751,956
Debt service funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,001,488	1,014,927
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	665,427	580,680	375,436	14,690,375	14,922,201
Committed, reported in:										
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	273,822	179,723	132,581	-	-
Assigned, reported in:										
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	555,598	848,904	789,576	1,929,942	1,587,696
Unassigned, reported in										
Special revenue funds	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>						(25,005)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$17,194,037	\$34,943,948	\$30,806,348	\$22,401,328	\$24,425,682	\$22,764,992	\$24,176,434	\$24,345,771	\$26,050,718	\$ 26,324,917

⁽¹⁾ Information for fiscal years 2005-2010 has not been restated for the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

For additional information on fund balance classifications, see Note 3, Fund Balance Classifications.

TABLE 5

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>			
Revenues													
Property taxes	\$ 16,504,867	\$ 19,330,205	\$ 18,369,864	\$ 19,917,843	\$ 19,822,680	\$ 15,816,304	\$ 15,360,612	\$ 14,920,830	\$ 15,211,654	\$ 15,587,799			
Franchise fees	4,143,247	4,212,632	4,164,306	4,163,741	3,945,916	3,901,966	3,845,702	3,799,673	4,062,878	4,181,165			
Utility service taxes	6,288,254	6,133,115	6,080,705	6,413,933	6,398,925	6,307,503	6,311,257	6,541,179	6,573,918	6,583,890			
Tax incremental revenues	4,011,541	5,202,314	5,949,939	6,430,395	6,164,507	4,266,914	3,686,138	3,604,128	4,326,277	4,180,496			
Licenses and permits	2,423,285	2,025,410	1,862,200	1,626,161	2,013,158	1,730,177	1,722,747	1,642,538	1,877,792	2,567,975			
Intergovernmental revenues	18,779,804	10,974,941	10,303,860	9,529,664	8,407,819	8,329,483	8,795,510	9,062,446	8,795,630	8,803,540			
Investment income (losses)	1,075,031	2,024,155	2,010,754	591,770	462,470	224,645	341,950	(116,184)	152,571	221,859			
Charges for services	10,465,668	10,693,044	12,815,976	13,251,853	13,681,562	14,259,912	16,389,096	17,150,655	16,972,896	16,521,975			
Rental income	10,465,666	10,693,044	12,013,976	13,231,033	13,001,302	495,172	526,848	542,850	568,145	606,746			
Fines and forfeitures	4 570 705	000 704	4 700 252	653.650	670.450								
Miscellaneous	1,579,785	820,791	4,700,253	653,650	679,152	595,526	1,660,712	945,328	1,049,448	862,313			
	1,059,513	1,140,699	1,923,380	1,923,962	1,772,299	1,610,158	1,408,042	2,076,585	1,689,018	2,966,035			
Total revenues	66,330,995	62,557,306	68,181,237	64,502,972	63,348,488	57,537,760	60,048,614	60,170,028	61,280,227	63,083,793			
Expenditures													
General government	8,571,266	10,355,089	9,675,177	9,265,980	9,630,576	7,768,338	8,868,487	8.864.648	9,683,148	9,900,269			
Public safety	30,253,698	32,913,726	34,801,890	32,744,809	33,750,328	34,350,220	35,252,351	35,758,857	32,536,389	33,662,839			
Economic and physical environment	1,853,969	28,828,135	6,461,806	6,391,763	5,440,320	1,502,861	1,304,565	1,487,821	2,247,114	1,931,976			
Culture and recreation	3,883,647	4,332,196	3,947,529	3,235,489	8,746,442	2,909,365	2,969,257	3,046,418	4,152,605	4,365,561			
Redevelopment projects	0,000,047 -	4,002,100	0,547,525	0,200,400	0,740,442	956.582	703.925	700,110	1,064,790	-,000,001			
Public works	15,776,635	5,324,777	6,199,981	4,746,267	4,650,345	4,555,188	4,158,225	4,411,430	4,698,554	4,497,875			
Debt service	10,770,000	0,024,777	0,100,001	4,740,207	4,000,040	4,000,100	4,100,220	4,411,400	4,000,004	4,457,075			
Principal retirement	657,596	937,804	1,175,048	1,071,985	2,310,528	2,130,207	2,224,025	2,510,383	2,600,937	2,686,915			
Interest	172,663	756,655	1,936,706	1,736,832	2,086,760	2,096,703	2,004,483	1,814,940	1,650,987	1,561,185			
Capital outlay	428,590	28,303,088	14,119,142	13,783,746	205,352	2,030,703	829,592	829,592	812,791	1,923,912			
Total expenditures	61,598,064	111,751,470	78,317,279	72,976,871	66,820,651	58,300,575	58,314,910	59,424,199	59,447,315	60,530,532			
Total experiultures	01,390,004	111,731,470	70,317,279	12,910,011	00,020,031	36,300,373	30,314,910	39,424,199	39,447,313	00,330,332			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
over Expenditures	4,732,931	(49,194,164)	(10,136,042)	(8,473,899)	(3,472,163)	(762,815)	1,733,704	745,829	1,832,912	2,553,261			
•		, , , ,	, , , ,	, , , ,	, , ,	, ,		,	, ,	, ,			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Capital leases	942,369	437,792	-	-	=	-	-	859,878	-	-			
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	40,070,000	-	-	7,000,000	-	-	15,559,414	-	-			
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,559,414)	-	-			
Discount on general obligation debt	-	(99,125)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Proceeds from insurance recoveries	=	554,988	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	1,725,300	1,284,568	1,889,330	1,492,150	2,460,660	2,231,126	3,077,044	2,312,152	20,503,194	8,358,322			
Transfers out	(1,786,300)	(306,428)	(1,889,330)	(1,492,150)	(716,510)	(484,701)	(1,328,806)	(565,114)	(18,757,031)	(6,082,160)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	881,369	41,941,795	-		8,744,150	1,746,425	1,748,238	2,606,916	1,746,163	2,276,162			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 5,614,300	\$ (7,252,369)	\$ (10,136,042)	\$ (8,473,899)	\$ 5,271,987	\$ 983,610	\$ 3,481,942	\$ 3,352,745	\$ 3,579,075	\$ 4,829,423			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (restated)	1.4%	2.1%	4.8%	4.8%	7.6%	7.6%	7.8%	7.4%	7.3%	7.3%			

TABLE 6

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Real Property

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	 Residential Property	 Commercial Property	 Industrial Property	 Other (1)	_	Less: Tax- Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	 Total Estimated Actual Market Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Market Value
2006	2005	\$ 2,189,203	\$ 392,374	\$ 93,542	\$ 159,266	\$	523,705	\$ 2,310,680	6.9503	\$ 3,599,332	64.20%
2007	2006	2,640,658	435,027	104,678	190,798		558,165	2,812,996	6.7214	4,629,740	60.76%
2008	2007	2,911,471	506,115	112,827	236,264		591,765	3,174,912	5.6997	5,145,452	61.70%
2009	2008	2,855,449	520,489	132,605	248,250		904,798	2,851,995	6.9076	4,710,762	60.54%
2010	2009	2,350,548	606,720	128,210	249,626		870,700	2,464,404	7.9335	3,723,456	66.19%
2011	2010	1,837,455	569,867	112,032	248,199		821,675	1,945,878	7.9788	2,849,840	68.28%
2012	2011	1,793,921	508,834	94,923	258,868		797,049	1,859,497	7.9892	2,775,866	66.99%
2013	2012	1,817,033	510,425	95,243	248,543		782,366	1,888,878	7.7365	2,831,583	66.71%
2014	2013	1,894,929	503,368	100,647	264,324		785,633	1,977,635	7.5593	2,984,185	66.27%
2015	2014	2,015,025	509,434	106,087	275,250		792,233	2,113,563	7.3093	3,389,842	62.35%

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Notes: Tax rates are per \$1,000 assessed value.

^{(1) &}quot;Other" value includes Agricultural, Institutional, Government, and Miscellaneous.

TABLE 7 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

City of Margate Overlapping Rates* **Broward** North County South Florida Children Broward Florida Inland Fiscal Operating **Debt Service Total Direct** School Broward **Water Management** Services Hospital Navigational Total Direct & Millage Millage Rate District District District District Overlapping Rates Year County Council 2006 6.7611 0.1892 6.9503 8.0623 6.7830 0.6970 0.4231 2.1746 0.0385 25.1288 2007 0.1603 0.6970 0.4073 0.0385 23.6307 6.5611 6.7214 7.8687 6.0661 1.8317 2008 5.5591 0.1406 5.6997 7.6484 5.2868 0.6240 0.3572 1.6255 0.0345 21.2761 22.3789 2009 6.7500 0.1576 6.9076 7.4170 5.3145 0.6240 0.3754 1.7059 0.0345 2010 7.7500 0.1835 7.9335 7.4310 5.3889 0.6240 0.4243 1.7059 0.0345 23.5421 2011 7.7500 0.2288 7.9788 7.6310 5.5530 0.6240 0.4696 1.8750 0.0345 24.1659 2012 7.7500 0.2392 7.9892 5.5530 0.4363 0.4789 0.0345 7.4180 1.8750 23.7849 2013 7.5000 0.2365 7.7365 7.4560 5.5530 0.4289 0.4902 1.8564 0.0345 23.5555 2014 7.3300 0.2293 7.5593 7.4800 5.7230 0.4110 0.4882 1.7554 0.0345 23.4514 6.2761 1.0332 7.3093 7.4380 5.7230 0.3842 0.4882 1.5939 0.0345 22.9711 2015

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser.

Notes: The city's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city's commissioners. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

^{*} Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Margate.

TABLE 8 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2015 2006

Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Ta	xable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Taxpayer		Value	Italik	A330350 Value		Value	Nank	ASSESSED VALUE
IMT Capital II Pinebrook Pointe LLC	\$	46,911,537	1	2.22%	\$	-		-
Northwest Regional Hospital Inc.		39,541,090	2	1.87%		28,981,950	2	1.18%
Morguard Blue Isle LLC		35,435,314	3	1.68%		-		-
Florida Power & Light Company		34,377,876	4	1.63%		24,895,985	5	1.01%
LSREF3 Peppertree LLC		27,984,280	5	1.32%		-		-
MHC Coral Cay Plantation LLC		27,690,000	6	1.31%		-		-
Behringer Harvard Margate LLC		23,278,127	7	1.10%		-		-
JM Auto Inc.		21,559,590	8	1.02%		27,106,300	3	1.10%
Fairfield Fairways Carolina LLC		20,750,180	9	0.98%		-		-
Lakewood Retail LLC		20,216,710	10	0.96%		-		-
Prisa Acquisition LLC		-		-		36,000,060	1	1.46%
Cingular Wireless LLC		-		-		26,197,678	4	1.06%
Snowbirdland Vistas Inc.		-		-		22,712,860	6	0.92%
Kimco Realty Corporation		-		-		22,149,210	7	0.90%
Sanctuary at Margate Investment Inc.		-		-		21,236,056	8	0.86%
Mullinax Ford South Inc.		-		-		19,740,910	9	0.80%
Cross Creek Realty Holdings LLC	-	-				19,166,680	10	0.78%
Total	\$	297,744,704		14.09%	\$	248,187,689	:	10.07%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector.

TABLE 9 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the

		<u>-</u>		Levy	_	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount*	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2006	2005	17,079	16,981	99.4%	-	16,981	99.4%	
2007	2006	19,866	19,830	99.8%	-	19,830	99.8%	
2008	2007	18,892	18,881	99.9%	-	18,881	99.9%	
2009	2008	20,687	20,472	99.0%	147	20,619	99.7%	
2010	2009	20,647	19,598	94.9%	61	19,659	95.2%	
2011	2010	16,585	15,721	94.8%	34	15,755	95.0%	
2012	2011	15,900	15,334	96.4%	(81)	15,253	95.9%	
2013	2012	15,550	14,949	96.1%	(134)	14,815	95.3%	
2014	2013	15,902	15,241	95.8%	179	15,420	97.0%	
2015	2014	16,355	15,667	95.8%	-	15,667	95.8%	

Sources: Broward County Revenue Collector (included discounts allowed).

Note: Fiscal year 2006-2009 data is incomplete and only reflect monies received from Fiscal year 2010 and later for subsequent collections.

^{*}Amounts are exclusive of discounts, interest, and penalties.

TABLE 10 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities General Community Percentage of Obligation Redevelopment Water Revenue **Total Primary Personal** Fiscal Year Bonds **Bonds Capital Leases Bonds Capital Leases** Government Income (1) Per Capita (1) \$ \$ 18,764 \$ \$ \$ 2006 3,734 \$ 1,333 \$ 23,831 2.09% 423 2007 30,489 12,921 1,227 16,616 61,253 5.33% 1,082 2008 30,168 12,669 625 15,049 58,511 5.43% 1,103 2009 29,831 152 11,959 54,348 1,021 12,406 5.03% 2010 28,975 18,084 9,405 56,464 5.21% 1,058 2011 28,079 53,549 4.21% 997 16,850 8,620 2012 27,146 15,560 7,805 50,511 3.87% 916 2013 6,960 48,015 869 26,180 14,133 742 3.91% 2014 25,167 12,661 625 6,075 44,528 3.72% 804 2015 24,119 11,142 506 5,155 40,922 3.30% 733

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data.

TABLE 11

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Assessed Value (a)	Obligation Av		Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund		Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property		Bonded Debt Per Capita (b)	
2006	2005	2,312,680 \$	3,734	\$	10	\$	3,724	0.16%	\$	66.17	
2007	2006	2,812,996	30,489		20		30,469	1.08%		538.35	
2008	2007	3,174,912	30,168		26		30,142	0.95%		568.15	
2009	2008	2,851,995	29,831		30		29,801	1.04%		560.10	
2010	2009	2,464,404	28,975		33		28,942	1.17%		542.30	
2011	2010	1,945,878	28,079		32		28,047	1.44%		522.15	
2012	2011	1,859,497	27,146		38		27,108	1.46%		491.84	
2013	2012	1,888,878	26,180		43		26,137	1.38%		473.11	
2014	2013	1,977,635	25,167		45		25,122	1.27%		453.32	
2015	2014	2,113,563	24,119		56		24,063	1.14%		430.84	

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (page) for property value data.

⁽b) Population data can be found on page 118.

TABLE 12 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(dollars in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Debt O	utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Amount Applicable to Primary Government	
Debt repaid with property taxes						
Broward County School Board	\$	1,895,528	1.50	%	\$	28,480
Broward County		256,420	1.50	%		3,853
Subtotal, overlapping debt						32,333
City of Margate direct debt						35,767
Total direct and overlapping debt				:	\$	68,100

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Broward County Revenue Collector.

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Margate. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account.

For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

TABLE 13 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

Water Revenue Bonds

Coverage-Dollars of

As Defined by Bond Indenture											Income Available for Each Dollar of
Fiscal Year	R	Revenues Expenses		Net Revenues		Income Available for Debt Service		Maximum Annual Debt Service		Maximum Annual Debt Service	
2006	\$	17,605	\$	11,561	\$	6,044	\$	6,044	\$	2,866	2.11
2007		16,939		11,982		4,957		4,957		2,851	1.74
2008		16,010		12,710		3,300		3,300		2,792	1.18
2009		19,423		13,758		5,665		5,665		2,794	2.03
2010		20,654		13,721		6,933		6,933		1,163	5.96
2011		22,031		13,156		8,875		8,875		1,163	7.63
2012		22,483		13,443		9,040		9,040		1,163	7.77
2013		22,778		14,071		8,707		8,707		1,163	7.48
2014		22,987		14,693		8,294		8,294		1,163	7.13
2015		23,346		13,500		9,846		9,846		1,160	8.49

Note:

Revenues are defined as all rates, fees, charges, assessments, or other income received by the City or accrued to the City from the operation of the Water and Wastewater System, and also includes the earning and investment income deposited in the Operations and Maintenance Fund/Revenue Fund and Sinking Fund accounts derived from the investment and re-investment of moneys on deposit.

Net revenues are defined as revenues remaining after deduction of operating expenses. For purposes of determining compliance with the rate covenant and parity bond provisions, net revenues shall not include nonpledged revenues.

Nonpledged revenues are defined as connection charges, special assessment charges, capacity reservation charges, meter fees, contributions in aid of construction and other capital contributions, and any other non-recurring charges hereafter imposed.

Operating expenses are defined as current expenses, paid or accrued, of operations, maintenance and ordinary current repairs of the Water and Wastewater System and its facilities.

TABLE 14

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year	Population(1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Broward County Unemployment Rate (4)
2006	56,273	1,142,792	20,308	4,331	3.10%
2007	56,597	1,149,372	20,308	4,093	3.80%
2008	53,053	1,077,400	20,308	4,023	6.10%
2009	53,207	1,080,528	20,308	3,893	9.80%
2010	53,369	1,083,818	20,308	3,922	10.60%
2011	53,714	1,271,303	23,668	3,920	9.30%
2012	55,116	1,304,485	23,668	4,048	7.50%
2013	55,245	1,226,936	22,209	3,759	5.60%
2014	55,417	1,197,783	21,614	3,957	5.20%
2015	55,851	1,240,283	22,207	3,165	4.90%

Sources:

- (1) University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau
- (3) School Board of Broward County, Florida
- (4) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

TABLE 15 CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2015 2006 Percentage of Total Percentage of Total **Employees** Rank **City Employment Employees** Rank **City Employment Employer** Northwest Medical Center 954 3.14% Global Response Corp 2 687 2.26% City of Margate, Florida 571 3 1.88% 450 4 JM Lexus 1.48% **Broward County Schools** 5 412 1.36% Walmart 300 6 0.99% Nationwide Relocation Services 200 0.66% 8 Penn Dutch 175 0.58% Autonation 9 0.49% 148 Publix 135 10 0.44% 13.28% 4,032 Total

Source: Broward Planning Services Division, City-wide data.com, US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Finance Department survey, and the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. Note: Information for 2006 is unavailable.

TABLE 16

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

•	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Function/Program										
General government										
City commission	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
City manager	6	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	6
Economic development	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	7	7
Finance	23	21	20	19	19	19	20	20	20	21
Human resources	8	8	8	7	7	5	6	6	6	6
City clerk	9	9	8	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
City attorney	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building	17	18	18	15	15	19	14	13	13	11
Information technology	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	5	5
Police										
Officers	120	120	120	111	111	107	107	110	111	111
Non-certified personnel	94	94	91	83	81	75	75	69	40	39
Fire										
Firefighter/Paramedics	102	104	105	104	105	108	107	107	108	108
Firefighters/EMTs	7	5	4	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Non-certified personnel	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public works										
Administration	5	5	5	5	4	3	3	3	3	4
Building	12	12	12	10	10	9	9	9	9	8
Garage	12	12	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	8
Transportation	13	13	13	12	11	0	0	0	0	0
Road	7	6	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Stormwater utility	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	10
Parks and recreation	71	77	74	59	57	53	56	46	47	55
Environmental & engineering										
Treatment	39	40	39	38	40	40	38	39	38	37
Transmission, distribution & collection	28	28	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	31
Administration & engineering	16	16	16	16	17	18	15	15	15	15
Total	614	617	608	561	559	537	536	523	498	502

Source: City's Finance Department.

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2080.

TABLE 17

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Government										
Building permits issued	5,744	7,355	4,909	4,537	4,893	3,922	3,998	4,371	4,441	4,836
Lien inquiries	1,705	1,270	1,020	2,888	2,640	1,873	2,389	2,204	1,777	2,241
Police										
Physical arrests	1,383	2,051	3,029	2,964	2,346	1,858	1,713	1,528	1,024	1,046
Parking citation	659	694	502	209	124	80	62	63	63	118
Traffic citation	8,637	8,102	12,404	8,960	8,401	5,945	5,555	5,447	4,816	5,097
Fire										
Emergency Responses	15,657	14,915	15,158	13,892	14,155	14,062	14,450	14,585	14,950	15,089
Inspections	2,697	2,814	2,368	1,075	2,239	2,137	2,488	2,877	2,849	2,782
Public works										
Total route miles - Margate mini buses	70	70	70	62	62	46	46	46	57	58
Transit passengers - Margate mini buses	153,412	188,119	159,483	140,822	117,037	109,996	67,935	60,560	66,198	62,981
Culture and Recreation										
Pool Admissions	52,831	53,387	33,132	33,309	32,508	37,230	33,345	32,052	37,795	50,958
Summer Camp Participants	341	360	238	185	167	150	191	172	179	198
Library circulation	188,502	161,741	181,200	177,164	168,725	160,098	149,464	161,766	124,833	114,456
Environmental and engineering										
Water and wastewater system										
Number of billed accounts monthly	16,611	16,657	16,738	16,776	16,781	16,770	16,775	16,771	16,779	16,811
Average number of gallons of water consumed daily										
(thousands of gallons)	8,200	7,897	7,752	7,933	7,823	7,983	7,762	6,945	7,425	6,777
Average number of gallons of wastewater treated daily										
(thousands of gallons)	7,313	7,053	6,900	7,125	6,551	6,808	6,940	6,900	6,602	6,246

Sources: Various city departments.

Notes

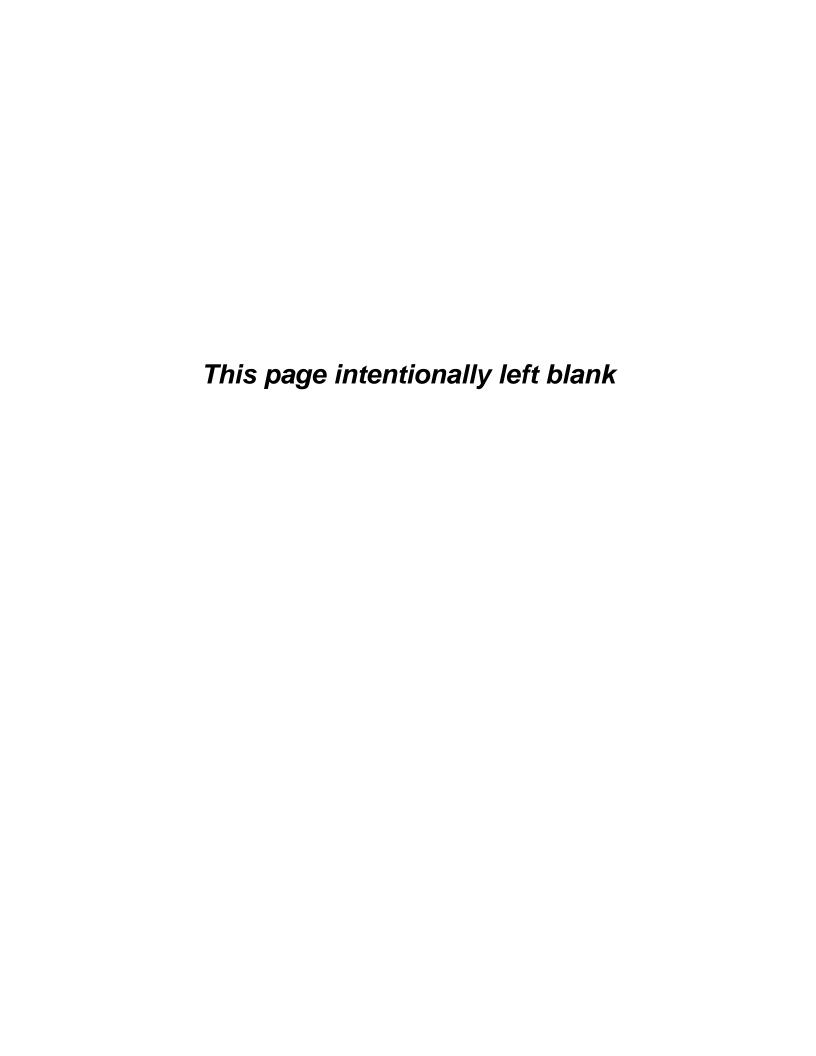
Pool admissions do not include the city's summer camp participants who use the facility during summer camp.

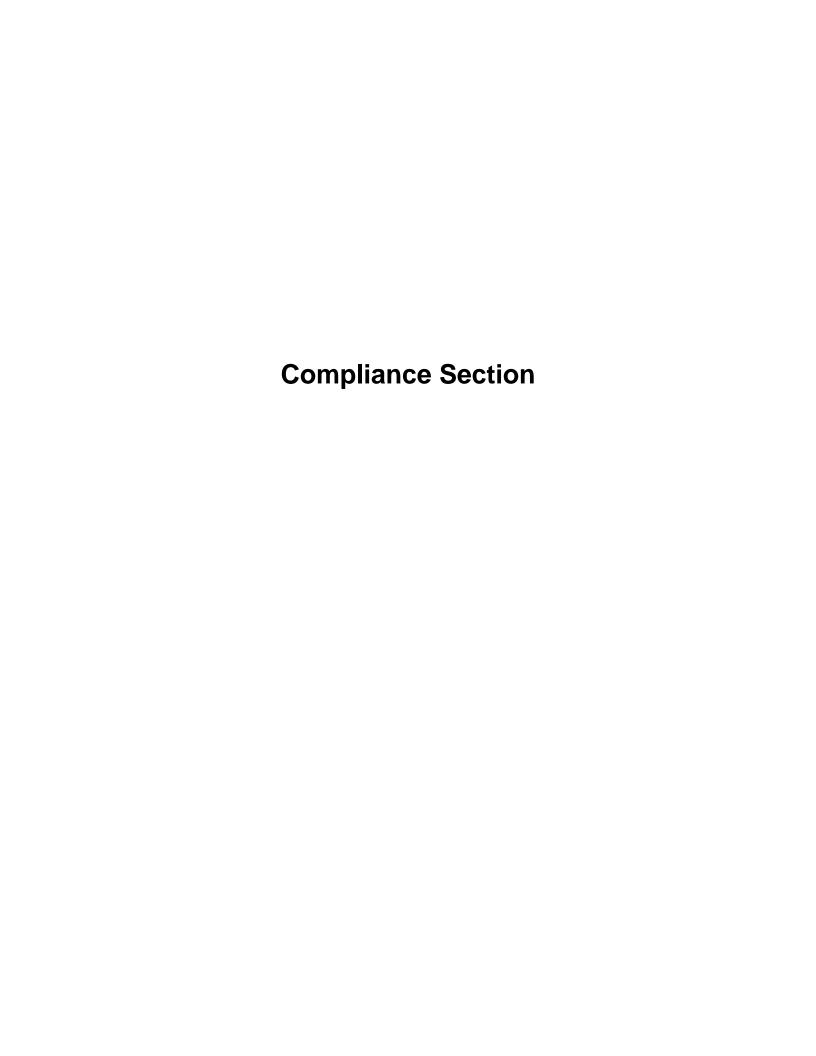
TABLE 18

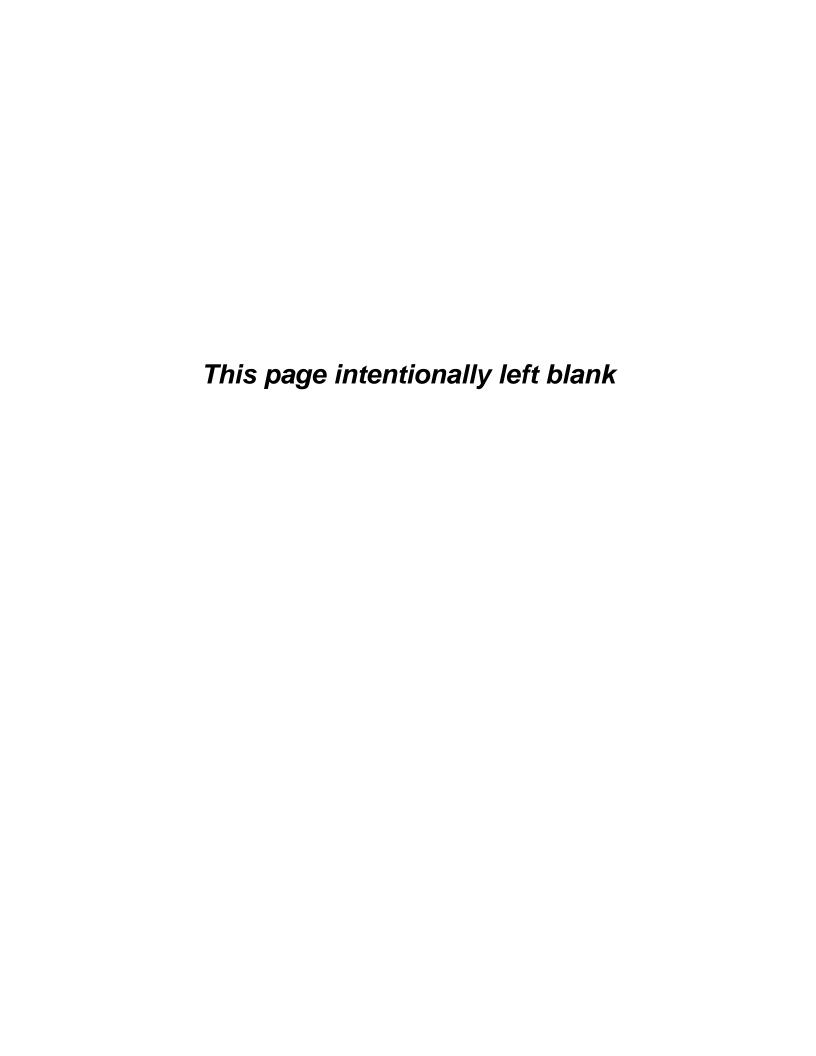
CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Government										
Number of general government buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of police patrol units (marked)	84	95	94	91	91	101	112	116	115	89
Administrative buildings - Fire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Number of fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Number of fire engines	8	8	8	8	8	8	10	10	10	7
Number of rescue transport vehicles	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7
Public works										
Public roads (miles)	110.51	110.49	110.49	110.49	110.71	110.71	110.71	110.71	110.71	110.71
City roads (miles)	100.91	100.91	100.91	100.91	101.28	101.28	101.28	101.28	101.28	101.28
Transit-minibuses	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
Culture and Recreation										
Number of parks	17	18	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	19
Park acreage	131.90	131.90	131.90	131.90	131.90	131.90	131.90	131.90	131.90	132
Conservation land use (acres)	36.88	56.31	56.31	52.24	52.24	52.24	52.24	52.24	52.24	52.24
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Environmental and engineering										
Administrative buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water and Wastewater System										
Miles of water mains	207.12	207.77	209.69	211.33	211.46	211.51	211.51	211.51	211.27	211
Miles of wastewater mains	177.26	176.29	176.29	185.07	174.68	176.42	176.42	176.42	176.68	178
Water treatment capacity per day (thousands of gallons)	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000

Sources: Various city departments.









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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Margate, Florida, (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 18, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida April 18, 2016





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MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners and City Manager City of Margate, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Margate, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 18, 2016.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 18, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



To the Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners and City Manager City of Margate, Florida Page 2

Purpose of this Letter (Continued)

GLSC & Company, PLLC

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters described in Rule 10.554(1)(i) as required by the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the basic financial statements of the City, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.
- Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

We wish to thank the City of Margate, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements and the courtesies extended to us.

Miami, Florida

April 18, 2016



LETTER TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

NONE

II. STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

NONE

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

- 1. Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters or schedule of findings and questioned costs, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to a statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations in the preceding annual financial audit report pursuant to Rule 10.554(1)(i)1. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit.
- 2. The City of Margate complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds.
- 3. There were no recommendations to improve the City's financial management, accounting procedures, and internal control for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.
- 4. There were no violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or were likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statement that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance, except for finding 2015-001.
- 5. The City of Margate, Florida was established as authorized by Chapter 30962, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1955. The City operates under a Commission / City Manager form of government. The City is financially independent as evidenced by the authority to make and approve its own budget, the power to tax, the authority to buy and sell property, and the authority to incur debt. The City has three component units (two blended and one not included since financial activities are not considered material to the financial statements of the City) which are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 6. The City of Margate did not meet one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- 7. The annual financial report filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1) (a), Florida Statutes agrees with the September 30, 2015 financial audit report.
- 8. We applied financial condition assessment procedures pursuant to Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c and Rule 10.556(8) and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Margate's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same.
- 9. Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Commission and City Manager City of Margate, Florida

We have examined the City of Margate's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida April 18, 2016



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Margate, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Managements' Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

City's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Margate, Florida Page 2

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weakness. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be significant deficiency.

City's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida April 18, 2016



CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity Federal Program		CFDA <u>Number</u>	Contract / Grant <u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant - Neighborhood		14.218	CDBG 2011-2013	\$ 339,205
Stabilization Program 1 Community Development Block Grant - Neighborhood		14.218	B-08-MN-12-0015	253,414
Stabilization Program 3	Subtotal	14.218	B-11-MN-12-0015	25,701 618,320
Pass-Through Broward County Community Development Block Grant - HOME		14.239	N/A	28,212
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				646,532
U.S. Department of Justice				
Pass-Through Broward Sheriff's Office Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance (JAG) Grant Program Assistance (JAG) Grant Program		16.738 16.738	2014-DJ-BX-0394 2013-DJ-BX-0369	5,208 10,696
Assistance (JAG) Grant Program		16.738	2013-D3-BX-0309 2012-DJ-BX-0035	1,728
	Subtotal			17,632
Pass-Through Florida Office of the Attorney General Crime Victim Assistance		16.575	V073-14155	23,427
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program		16.607	N/A	11,505
Equitable Sharing Program		16.922	N/A	470,505
Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force (OCDETF)		16.xxx	N/A	9,720
Total U.S. Department of Justice				532,789
Executive Office of the President				
Pass-Through Broward Sheriff's Office High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)		95.001	N/A	36,011
Pass-Through Monroe County Sheriff's Office High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) Total Executive Office of the President		95.001	N/A	13,810 49,821
rotal Executive Office of the Freshaert				49,021
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 1,229,142

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE A - SCOPE OF AUDIT PURSUANT TO OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Federal Awards Programs

All federal grant operations of the City of Margate, Florida, are included in the scope of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 audit (the Single Audit). The Single Audit was performed in accordance with the provisions of the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement (Revised June 2015, the "Compliance Supplement"). Compliance testing of all requirements, as described in the Compliance Supplement, was performed for the grant programs noted below. These programs represent all Federal awards and other grants with fiscal year 2015 cash and noncash expenditures in excess of \$500,000 that ensure coverage of at least 25 percent of federally granted funds. Actual coverage is approximately 89 percent of total cash and noncash federal program expenditures.

Major Federal Program Description	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Fiscal 2015 Expenditures
Community Development Block Grants/		
Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 618,320
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	\$ 470,505

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes all Federal grants to the City of Margate, Florida, that had activity during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The schedule is presented on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Contingency

The grant revenue amounts received are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditure is disallowed by the grantor agency as result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agencies would become a liability of the City. As disclosed in the schedule of findings and questioned costs under item 2015-001, the City appears to be in noncompliance with the requirements under the Housing Grant agreements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

NOTE C - AUDITS PERFORMED BY OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, a letter was provided to the City which related to the 2011 audit of the Equitable Sharing Program by the US Department of Justice (the "DOJ") regarding its share of federal forfeitures revenue. The DOJ identified several instances of noncompliance. The City management responded to the letter and corrected all findings.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, a letter was provided to the City which related to the 2011 audit of the Integrated Disbursement Information System (IDIS) by Office of the Inspector General of the U.S. Department Housing and Urban Development (the "OIG") regarding its Community Development Block Grant. The OIG identified several activities that remained open due to the City's failure to meet the national objective on its remote monitoring report dated December 17, 2013. The City management responded to the letter and agreed with three of the findings. One of the operations was subsequently closed in the IDIS. In addition, the City agreed to reimburse the Line of Credit Control System from the CDBG Line of Credit for \$29,807. As of the date of this report, the City is working to resolve pending open issues related to this letter.

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Margate, Florida.
- 2. There were no significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the basic financial statements reported in the independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. The audit did not disclose noncompliance that is material to the financial statements.
- 3. There was a significant deficiency on internal control over compliance reported in the independent auditors' report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, see 2015-001.
- 4. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal programs for the City of Margate, Florida expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 5. Audit findings relative to the major federal programs for the City of Margate, Florida are reported in Parts C. and D. of this Schedule.
- 6. The programs tested as major programs include:

	Major Federal Program Description	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>		cal 2015 enditures
	Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	Φ.	618,320
	Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	\$	470,505
7.	Dollar threshold to distinguish Type A and	Type B Programs	\$	300,000

8. The City of Margate, Florida, was determined to be a low-risk audit pursuant to OMB Circular A-133.

CITY OF MARGATE, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (Continued)

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

NONE

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS AUDIT

Department of Housing and Urban Development

FINDING 2015-001: Controls over grants

Criteria: The City should properly monitor each grant individually to ensure that corresponding compliance requirements are being met.

Condition:

During our testing of eligibility, we noted that for 2 of the 5 files selected for testing it was not clear whether applicants were being approved for CDBG, NSP, or SHIP grants. It also appeared that improvements were split among multiple grant sources. In addition, 4 of the applicants appeared to have improvements paid in excess of the approved amount based on the signed deferred loan agreement and there was no evidence that the work performed had been certified for completeness.

Effect: It appears that CDBG, NSP and SHIP grant expenditures are not being properly coded within their respective fund balances and that the grant eligibility files are not being properly maintained.

Cause: During the year, it appears that the City did not have proper controls over applicant files.

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented requiring written approval of each grant award by the grant manager and the director of the economic development department so that proper controls are implemented to ensure applicant files are complete and within the corresponding granting source requirements.

Management's response:

City management noticed inconsistencies in supporting documentation for grant awards, notified auditors, and provided the information and supporting documentation for review. The grants program is currently the subject of an active police investigation. In addition, a forensic audit will also be conducted. As of this date, final results have not been presented to City management.

D. STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS ON A MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS

- 1. No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to federal programs or state projects.
- 2. No corrective action plan is required because there were no findings required to be reported under the federal Single Audit Act.

